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Fit DUNLOP
90
THE WORLD'S MASTER TREAD
DANGER OF FINANCIAL POLICIES

TROOPS OUT IN WAR KIT

Feared Gathering of Republicans

ONLY WOMEN DEMONSTRATE

(Special to "Telegraph")

Dublin, June 21.
In view of the Free State Government's proclamation of the illegality of the Irish Republican Army, officers of that force called off the banned demonstration which had been arranged at Bodenstown Church-yard, the County Kildare burial-place of the patriot Wolfe Tone.
The Government took elaborate precautions against the holding of the demonstration and 500 Free State troops in full war kit, with armoured cars in support and aeroplanes humming high overhead, watched the cemetery night and day.
Civic Guards and police patrolled the roads in the neighbourhood and stopped and questioned all motorists, but nothing happened, except that a smaller Republican demonstration was held by the women of the district. The Civic Guards quietly dispersed it.
There were extraordinary scenes in Dublin this morning when police seized a lorry from which speakers violently attacked the Government for banning the Irish Republican Army.
The police drove the truck, and its occupants, into Dublin Castle. The men were subsequently released.
A number of arrests were made and once police fired shots to disperse a crowd. No one was injured.—*Reuter Special.*

Girl Pat's Crew Won't Be Charged

OWNERS CONTEMPLATE NO ACTION

INSURANCE COLLECTED

London, June 21.
The curious legal position of the Grimsby trawler, Girl Pat, was referred to in an interview by a director of the Company owning the little vessel.
He said the Company had decided to take no action against the crew, or any legal steps with regard to the return of the vessel. The Company might, he said, be called upon to meet the cost of stores taken aboard during the voyage, and also the expense of bringing the trawler home.
The Company has received £2,100 out of the £3,000 for which the Girl Pat was insured.—*Reuter.*
The Girl Pat left Grimsby early in April on a mysterious voyage, and after being falsely reported as having sunk with the loss of all lives, was chased by a Government motor vessel off Georgetown, being eventually caught and towed into port.

CONSOLIDATING CHINA'S DEBT

\$16,608,329 OWED TO U.S. FOR COMMODITIES

Washington, June 20.
It has been revealed that China's debt of \$16,608,329 to the United States, for cotton, wheat and flour loans, has been consolidated in the Export and Import Bank.
The debt, which was partly held by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and partly by the Grain Stabilization Corporation, represents the balance due on the original loans totalling \$20,318,211.—*United Press.*

SHARP FIGHT WITH ARABS

British Troops Lose One Killed

Planes Lend Support; Rescue Wounded

Jerusalem, June 21.
British troops, aeroplanes and police to-day fought with a large body of armed Arabs for several hours, near Tulkarem.
The Arab losses are put at two dead and an unknown number of wounded, but are probably heavier.—*Reuter.*

Serious Clash

It is now learned that the Tulkarem engagement was the most serious clash since the Palestine riots began.

It started when a convoy, en route to Tel Aviv, was ambushed at noon by some seventy Arabs, who were immediately engaged by the escort of Scots Fusiliers.
The British escort was soon reinforced by a detachment of Seaforth Highlanders, rushed up from Tulkarem. Four military aircraft also took off from that point and co-operated most successfully with the ground forces.
Their arrival proved the decisive factor in the engagement, for they split the Arabs into two sections, and speeded their flight to the hill caves to the north and south.

Wounded Rescued

Three planes were hit by bullets but were able to land and safely pick up the more serious British casualties, rushing them to hospital.

It is now ascertained that ten Arabs were killed.—*Reuter.*

Emergency Measures

Jerusalem, June 21.

Emergency regulations have been tightened up to provide life imprisonment for persons found in possession of firearms, bombs, explosives or incendiary articles.
British troops were again active during the week-end, a party of Seaforth Highlanders rounding up an armed gang of Arabs at Mount Ebal, near Nablus, who had been nightly sniping at an army camp nearby.
One Arab was seriously wounded, four were captured, and there were no British casualties.

Exile Protest

The Arab Supreme Committee has telegraphed to the Colonial Secretary protesting against the exile of Arab leaders and the demolition of Arab houses in Jaffa.

The Committee also emphatically denies that the Arab strike is financed by foreign funds.
The villagers in the district where the Jerusalem water supply pipe was blown up have been compelled to repair the damage, since police dogs trailed the vandals to a house of the village.—*Reuter.*

ENGLISHMEN MORE DARING ABROAD

SIR R. HORNE ON LAW THAT CRAMPS AMUSEMENT

Paignton, June 12.
Englishmen seemed more daring abroad than at home, said Sir Robert Horne, Chairman of the Great Western Railway, at Paignton to-day. That was probably because foreigners catered more for amusement than was the case in England. Our legislation rather cramped them in providing some of the forms of amusement Englishmen seemed to enjoy most.
Paignton, he said, was one of the towns advancing most in that direction.
Sir Robert was speaking at the opening of the cliff garden, promenade and park at Goodrington. He congratulated Paignton on saving a picturesque spot from the ravages of the sea and converting a former marsh into a beautiful park.



Above is pictured a stream-lined example of the planes which constitute Germany's new Horst Wessel squadrons, recently put into commission at Dortmund, speedy and highly efficient craft which the nation is manufacturing in defiance of post-war treaties.

AMERICAN TAX BILL PREPARED

ROOSEVELT'S NEW SCHEME EMBODIED

CORPORATIONS' BURDEN

London, June 21.
The new Tax Bill, in its final form, retains the features originally suggested by President F. D. Roosevelt and embodies the principle of the graduated tax on undistributed corporate earnings. It now awaits Presidential approval.
It includes a tax of from eight to fifteen per cent. on all corporation income, with a super-tax of from seven to twenty-seven per cent. on undistributed income.
Special provision is made for small corporations, by allowing the seven per cent. tax on undistributed income to apply to the first ten per cent. of first \$5,000 of undistributed earnings, whichever is greater.
Corporate dividends in the hands of stockholders will be subject to the normal four per cent. income tax.
The Bill retains the existing excess profits and capital stock taxes, but the rate of the latter is reduced from \$1.40 to \$1 per thousand dollars of stock.—*Reuter.*

Bomb Victim Succumbs

COOLIE DIES OF INJURIES

The victim of the bomb incident in Des Voeux Road Central, on Thursday night, Chan On, an unemployed coolie, succumbed to his injuries at 5 o'clock this morning at the Government Civil Hospital.
Chan On was sleeping outside 261, Des Voeux Road Central on Thursday when at 11.50 p.m. a bomb is believed to have been thrown at the premises.
An unlicensed hawk who was also sleeping was injured with Chan On and both were removed to hospital.

RECOGNITION OF CONQUEST?

ITALY'S KING GRANTS AUDIENCE

Rome, June 21.
King Victor Emmanuel granted an audience this afternoon, for the presentation of credentials, to the Ministers of Austria, Egypt, Haiti and Iran.
Italian political circles claim that this represents at least tacit recognition by the nations concerned of the fact that the King is now also Emperor of Ethiopia.—*Reuter Special.*

Japanese Ship Fired On?

Chinese Customs Craft Accused

Tientsin, June 22.
A Japanese newspaper last night stated that a Japanese ship, with a crew of seven Japanese and two Chinese, was fired on by a Chinese Customs preventive vessel, equipped with machine-guns, when several miles out of Chikou.
Two members of the crew were injured, it is reported.
The ship was disabled, as well, and is being towed to Tangku where the Japanese police intend to conduct an inquiry.
The Japanese paper described the firing as illegal and predicts complications.—*Reuter.*

ST. LOUIS HOTLY PURSUED

TIGHT RACE FOR LEAGUE HONOURS

New York, June 21.
Beaten yesterday by a grimly determined team of New York Giants, the National League leaders, St. Louis Cardinals, suffered the same fate to-day when Jackson and J. Moore pounded out home runs to turn eight hits into six counts at the plate, and victory.
St. Louis hit ten times, and J. Martin hit a homer, but they could only show a four run total at the finish.
These two defeats for the leaders make the League race more interesting. Chicago did not improve its position, splitting a double-header with Brooklyn. The Cubs took the first seven to two and lost the second, four to six, though Grimm hit a homer for them. The Cubs hit twelve times, Brooklyn twice, one a homer by Watkins, and each had an error.
The Pittsburgh-Philadelphia battle, which the Pirates won by seven to six, thus maintaining the pace the Cubs are setting and their hold on third place, in the League.
Suhr hit the Pirates' first home run and then Vaughan hit two more. Suhr hit one for the Phillies and Camilli got two. Pirates hit nine times altogether and the Phillies eleven, but the losers had two errors.
Boston beat Cincinnati, three to two, when Berger hit a homer.

Troops Arrive

It is reliably reported that 500 Japanese troops have arrived at Fengtai from Shanhaikwan.

INCREASED PENSIONS

The Senate to-day passed and sent to President Roosevelt a Bill providing for an increase in the pensions of 16,000 veterans.

This increase, which is for veterans on the regular establishment, and who were cut heavily by economy measures, is estimated to entail an additional cost of \$1,942,600 annually.—*United Press.*
Braves had six and Reds seven hits, and the winners had to errors.
BROWNS BLANKED
Ferrell blanked the St. Louis Browns in the opener of an American League double-header, the Boston Red Sox scoring three runs on ten hits. St. Louis could get only two men to first base. Both teams fumbled with a fault until the Red Sox stumbled into an error.
St. Louis turned the tables in the night-cap, hitting thirteen, including Bell's home run, and scoring six times. Boston's six hits counted three runs. St. Louis had two errors.
Philadelphia scored freely against Chicago, winning by eleven runs, on fifteen hits, to five, on six hits. White Sox had four errors and the Athletics three.
Cleveland beat Washington eight to three. The Indians hit thirteen against nine, and the Senators fumbled on two plays.—*Reuter.*

DANGEROUS FINANCIAL POLICIES

U.S. GOLD SUNK IN STABILISATION FUND

N.Y. BANKER'S WARNING

New York, June 21.
Mr. Samuel Sloan Colt, the retiring President of the New York State Bankers' Association, in a speech at the Association's annual meeting, said that \$2,000,000,000 worth of gold had been withdrawn from the Federal Reserve system and placed in the stabilisation fund.
He drew attention to the theory that the placing of funds where they would not be available for credit expansion would result in reducing the excess reserves to manageable proportions.
"Part of our gold imports for the last two years—perhaps as much as \$2,000,000,000—represents foreign funds seeking investment, safe-keeping or taking advantage of the abnormal spread between spot and forward exchange," he asserted.
"From the nature of these funds," he continued, "we can see that there is a risk involved by making part of our credit structure due, presumably, against funds which are withdrawable in the course of time."
Further, he said that full economic recovery could not be effected until some definite act of monetary stabilisation removes the existing fears of further currency manipulation and fluctuations.—*United Press.*

INVENTOR DEFENDS "FLEAS"

"SAFEST MACHINES IN WORLD"

Paris, June 10.
"If amateurs and other mechanics who build 'Flying Fleas' were to keep to my formula, there would be no accidents."
So said M. Henri Mignet (French 'Flying Flea' inventor) when interviewed about the inquiry which the British Air Ministry is making into the tiny plane's airworthiness.
"I have made myself 650 flights without an accident. My machine is not only not dangerous, it is the safest existing flying machine," he claimed.
NINE ACCIDENTS
The nine "Flying Flea" accidents in the last nine months—three in England, four in France, and one each in Algeria and Switzerland—were pointed out to the inventor.
His only reply was: "Amateurs too often slightly modify the plane and in consequence make it dangerous."
M. Mignet added that in the last 18 months 160 "Flying Fleas" had been built in France.
He has now formed a company and will build "Flying Fleas" himself, their price being about £110.
"My machine," he concluded, "will be registered as a tourist plane and 'Flying Flea' pilots will then be authorised to use controlled aerodromes."

Italo-German Trade Treaty Believed Fixed

An Italo-German commercial agreement has been reached, according to an official statement, and will be signed on Wednesday.

No details are at present available.—*Reuter Special.*
One case of Typhoid was reported to local Health authorities on Friday.
Information has been received of the admission of Mr. Neil Garland, M.Sc., D.Phil., F.R.S., A.M.I.N.A., of the Government Marine Surveyor's Office as an Associate of the Royal Technical College, Glasgow. The award of this post graduate Associateship is in recognition of research work in Naval Architecture undertaken in the United Kingdom last year, and is the first occasion on which an A.R.T.C. has been awarded by the College for research in Naval Architecture.

The MAGIC CARPET Reaches Its GOAL

WE thought it was another mirage, but the desert traveller does not see these phantom cities at night. Here we were, in the middle of a barren desert, 300 miles from the nearest civilised place.

In the darkness we could see tall buildings, electric lights, and could hear English voices and the strains of a dance band that was playing in London.

That was perhaps the strangest adventure of all—to find a city, with all home comforts, in the midst of the Syrian desert.

We had thought to spend the night in a tent, maybe in the car at a tiny pumping station on the Iraq Petroleum Company's pipeline. But "H-4" is no tiny outpost in the desert, with a lonely exiled Britisher in charge of a score of Arab workmen. Quite the reverse.

★

ENTRY to "H-4" is made through the barbed-wire fence that guards the buildings. Our host met us at the door of his house, a manor house in the desert. Cheery Commander Brown, R.N. Retired, Engineer-in-

Charge, asked us in, introduced us to his wife and daughter.

A cocktail was ready and food beer was on tap. Commander Brown apologised; he had just had three teeth stopped and was not feeling too fit.

Another surprise—dentistry in the desert! Oh, yes, Commander Brown explained, the company had its own dentist with X-ray equipment and all. He flew up and down the line, attending to the teeth of all who required treatment.

Food supplies are delivered by lorry or the company's own plane if necessary. Ice is made on the premises. So is ginger-ale and soda-water.

Every one of the many solid stone-built houses was made from stone quarried in the desert. There are 110 people living in luxury in the middle of this desolate region of sand and stones. We slept that night, after we had eaten a meal that would have done

by T. H. Wisdom

justice to a Parisian chef, in rooms that had their own private bath room and "every modern convenience."

If we had time we could have had a game of tennis, a round of golf in the desert, or some "not bad" shooting, as Commander Brown modestly put it.

After looking at the giant pumps that push the natural fuel from the wells at Kirkuk on its way to the waiting tankers at Haifa, we left, amazement still written on our faces, at dawn.

★

WE motored for three hours—the 100 miles to "H-3," where breakfast, ordered by phone, was awaiting us. And what a breakfast! Grapefruit, a succulent kipper, eggs and bacon and coffee.

Though we thought we could be surprised no more, the Engineer-in-Charge still had another surprise in store. Three thousand five hundred feet above sea-level they have snow here in the winter time! Snow in the desert!

It was here that we learned that the German Minister at Cairo had been found a few days in the worst sandstorm in living experience—alive and well.

Reluctantly, we left the pipe-line, and over a faint track, past the

sand-hills where the famous "Flying Hotel" crashed, made our way towards Ruibah Wells. It was a lonely, thirsty drive. In 100 miles all we saw, besides sand and sand-hills, was the whitened skeleton of a camel, and graceful hovering eagles that made you shiver.

At Ruibah, a collection of mud huts and a fort, where the Imperial Airways liner on the Empire route comes down to refuel, we took on petrol at £1 a tin. Then began another 220 miles to the next civilised point. The only landmark on that journey was the burnt-out chassis of a lorry. We were thankful to see even that, for it meant that we were on the right track.

★

IT was dusk when we made Ramadi, to be told by the local police chief that on no account could he allow us to proceed. The river Euphrates had burst its banks, the track between Ramadi and Bagdad was under ten feet of water.

The little town was in an uproar—600 families were homeless; crops had been ruined; the rushing water had washed tents and herds of animals away into the desert.

At the local hotel the three of us had to share one room; the place was full up. We were awakened at four in the morning to find outside a tremendous eight-wheeled motor-coach, as big as a Pullman carriage.

It was the famous Naim transport, just in from Damascus on its weekly crossing of the desert. "Jock," the driver, can tell some



The Arrival at Bagdad.

adventures of being stuck in the desert mud for days, of losing the way. But Naim always gets there—a wonderful bus service.

"Jock" knew a detour to miss the flooded area, and we followed, until we were waved on and across a final 60 miles of desert we came, at long last, to a metalled road that led us to our goal.

In the distance we could see the sun gleaming on the gold (genuine 9 carat) domes and minarets of the Mosque of Kadimain.

Across the bridges of boats on the Tigris and we were in the City of the Caliphs, to find in the main streets (shades of Haroun al Raschid!) a couple of Belisha crossings!

★

WE had got there. Never were three people more pleased to enter the hospitable portals of the General Maude Hotel and quaff a celebratory flagon of beer overlooking the swiftly flowing Tigris.

And, believe me, there is no place in which a man can enjoy his beer more than in Bagdad after a desert run!

It had been a great journey. In

4,000 miles we had not seen 1,000 miles of what the average motorist would regard as real road. We had crossed three deserts, and had spent days in sandstorms and terrific heat, yet the little "Magic Carpet" had "stood up" amazingly.

★

COVERED in sand, quite unlike that spotless machine that 18 days before had left London, all three of us were very proud of the British car. And the "Magic Carpet" must have been proud of itself, for it was the first light-car ever to make this journey. And what is more, it had done so in 11 days' running time.

The journey had been no mere stunt, but a practical "fault-finding" test. And the report that had been wirelessly to the factory at London was, I believe, valuable, for one or two minor modifications were made in the Wolseley "Tens" and "Twelves" before they were released to the public.

The hardships to which our Wolseley was subjected are not of the kind to which the motor-car is ordinarily subject, but the way our car stood up to those hardships was a revelation.

STAMPS make MONEY

DESPITE the careful supervision of the postal authorities, many stamps with errors, more especially of the surcharged and overprinted types, are issued to the public.

How many are aware, though, that in at least one country an "error" was deliberately printed and sold for postal purposes? This actually happened in Barbados, a British colony in the West Indies. In 1907 the Governor authorised the issue of a special stamp in order to raise a relief fund for the sufferers of the earthquake and fire which had practically destroyed Kingstown, Jamaica, in January of that year.

★ ★

For this purpose 70,000 copies of the 2d. slate blue and orange stamp of 1899 were surcharged with the words "Kingstown Relief Fund 1d." in four lines of script type, and they were sold to the public at face value, but were available for penny post only, the extra penny going to the fund. It happened that a single sheet of these was issued with the overprint inverted. When this was discovered, an entire printing of 20,000 stamps was run off with the overprint deliberately inverted and was sold to the public at the same rate as the normal stamp.

The reason for this? Simply to prevent speculation in the errors. Had a dealer obtained the single sheet of them he would have probably sold them for as much money as had been raised for the fund, and there are some limits to what the public will stand.

★ ★

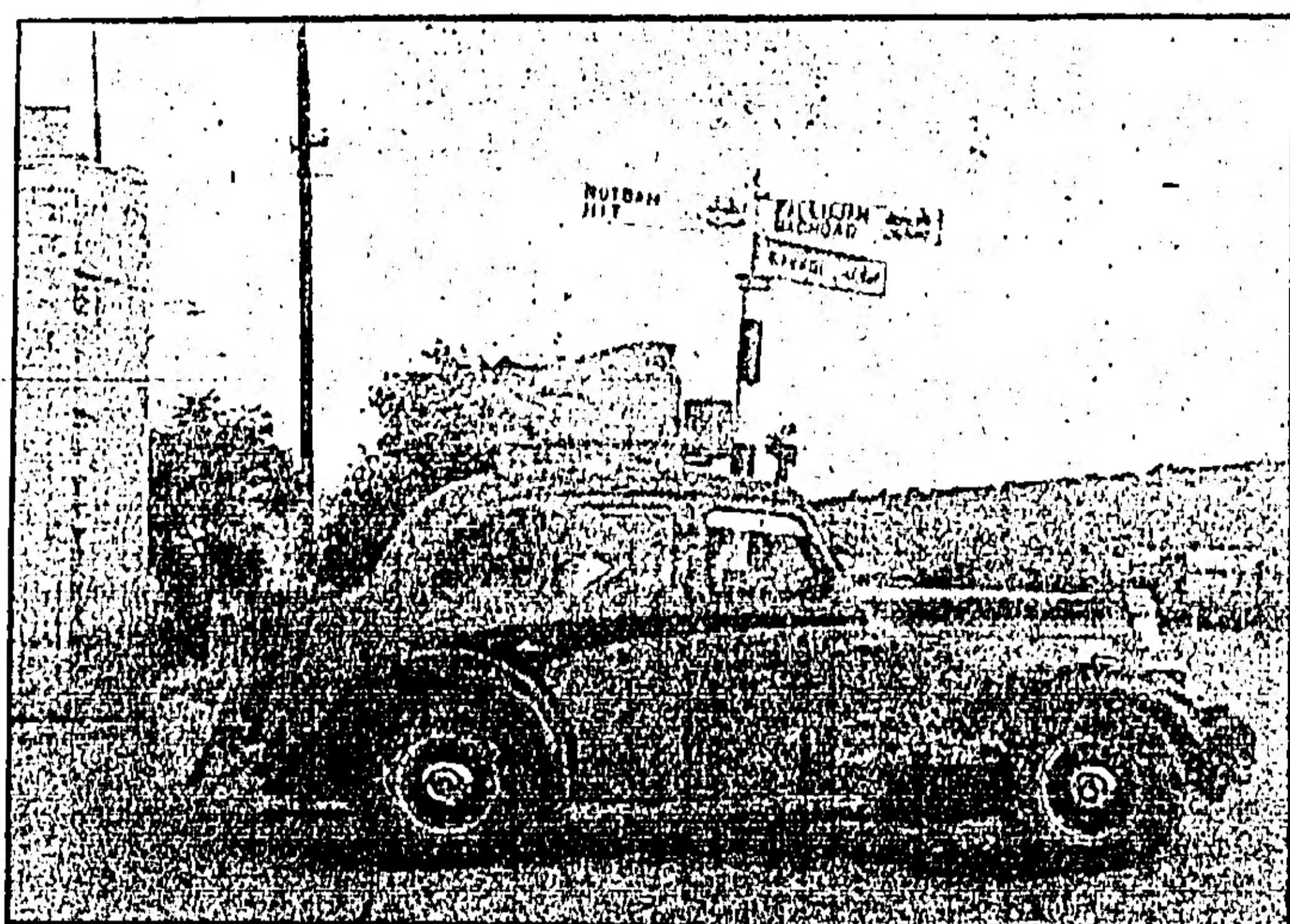
To the Island of Mauritius belongs the distinction of being the first British colony to issue adhesive postage stamps. This was on September 21, 1847, seven years after their introduction in the United Kingdom.

A local watchmaker had been commissioned to prepare and print stamps similar to those then current in Great Britain, and he engraved on copper somewhat crude designs for penny and twopenny values of which he printed one at a time a total of one thousand stamps.

These stamps, now world famous as the First Golden Mauritius, were mostly used on invitation cards to a ball given by the wife of the Governor of the island and very few specimens were preserved. In fact their existence was unknown until the year 1853.

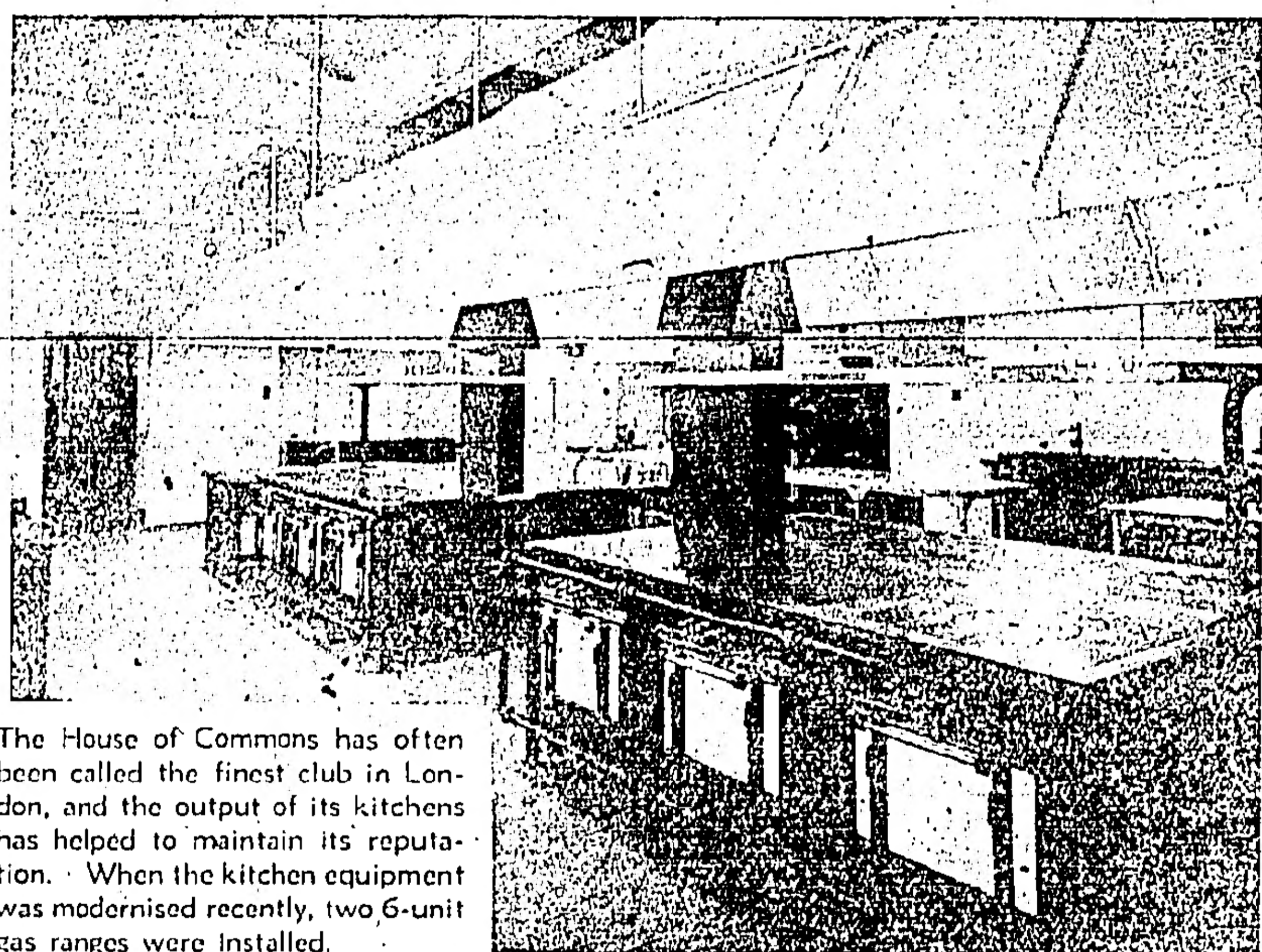
Between twenty and thirty copies only are known to exist, and naturally these are the gems of some of the most famous collections in the world.

E. N. Palmer



Ramadi—the last lap

Finest Club Cooks by Gas.



The House of Commons has often been called the finest club in London, and the output of its kitchens has helped to maintain its reputation. When the kitchen equipment was modernised recently, two 6-unit gas ranges were installed.

Large and small scale Cooking Appliances supplied and installed by
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FOR PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Lord Horder Suggests Biological Control for Humans

One person out of every ten in England is too dull or too unhealthy to be absorbed in industry; one out of every 120 is mentally unsound; and one out of every 300 is certified as insane.

This, according to Lord Horder, the noted physician, is the position in England to-day as the result of years of social effort and reformers' projects.

Lord Horder, who was lecturing on eugenics before the Academy of Medicine at New York, described eugenics as the soundest and most profitable form of preventive medicine (says Central News). Efforts at attaining biological control of human development were long overdue, he said.

"The gist of the matter seems to me," he said, "to be summed up in the question—Are we going to continue to breed and support a race of sub-men, or are we going to encourage the elevation of the race and thus reduce our commitments in the field of what we call social service?"

COMPLEX HUMAN PROBLEM

No one, Lord Horder pointed out, questioned the wisdom or morality of biological control in the animal and plant worlds. A principle which was accepted in the case of four horses, our cattle, our dogs, our corn, and our cabbages," he held, should have ceased long ago to cause shock when contemplated in relation to human beings.

It was recognised generally, he continued, that the human problem was



Children's Skin Complaints.

Head and Face Sores are not infrequent complaints with little children, especially in the East. It is therefore advisable to keep She-ko handy. Many stubborn cases of Eczema, Ringworm, Dry and Wet Sores, Itch, have been successfully treated with this delightfully fragrant, non-irritating, highly antiseptic, soothing ointment.

SHE-KO
FOR THE SKIN

is likewise helpful in cases of injuries to the skin, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Bruises and similar hurts which heal rapidly when She-ko is applied.

For the treatment of all manner of skin troubles there is nothing to surpass She-ko. Sold by chemists, or direct from The Williams Medicine Company, 461, Klansang Road, Shanghai, at 70 cents per package; post free.

far from complex, but scientists were certain that basic laws remained the same, and sought only the opportunity to study "a mass of unascertained facts that would prove of enormous value if we had them."

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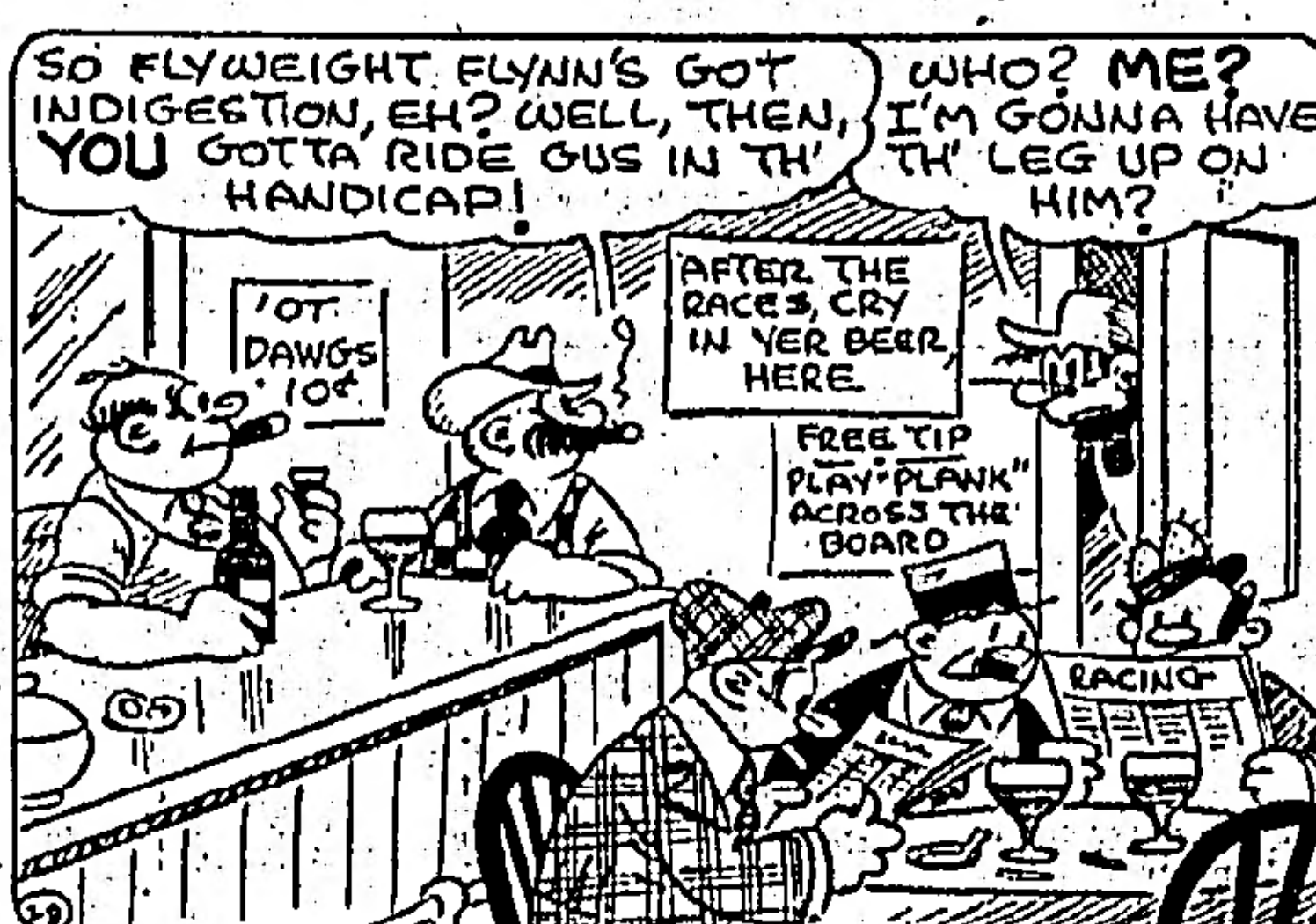
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SALESMAN SAM

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By Small



Gigantic American Legal Battle Over Richest Man's Income Tax Nears End

MELLON MILLIONS: DID HE PAY TOO MUCH OR TOO LITTLE?

Washington, June 10.

The long fight between Andrew W. Mellon, one of the world's richest men, and the federal government over the question of income taxes, is now in its final stages.

The government claims the former secretary of the United States treasury owes \$3,075,103 in back income taxes. Mellon sees the situation as being quite reverse. He insists that he overpaid the government \$139,045 in taxes and wants it back.

Opposing attorneys have filed briefs with the board of tax appeals. The government's case is set forth in six volumes comprising approximately 1,000 pages of textual and tabular matter. Mellon's counsel needed five volumes and more than 700 pages.

On Mellon's side, Frank J. Hogan, his attorney, said the case against Mellon had no foundation, that it had been prosecuted for "political expediency," that the commissioner of Internal Revenue had been so uncertain of his claims that he had changed the amount on three occasions.

The controversy grew out of Mellon's return on his 1931 income. In 1933, the government made a claim of \$2,060,000, charging Mellon with underpaying. Mellon promptly filed a claim for a rebate, claiming he had overpaid. The government changed that Mellon's net taxable income for 1931 had been \$13,075,285 but that by a series of "wash sales" of securities through corporations owned wholly or partly by himself or his children, he had reduced this net liability. To its claim, the government added a 40 per cent penalty, or \$1,025,934 for alleged fraud.

In his brief, Jackson said: "Mr. Mellon made a contribution to the cost of the government that protected his future industries that could not be criticized as ostentatious."

DEALS OUTLINED
The brief outlined the series of deals in securities among Mellon and Mellon owned or controlled corporations in the last days of 1931—the transfer and sale of 123,622 shares of common stock of the Pittsburgh Coal Company and 54,000 shares of the common stock of Western Public Service Corporation to the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, for which his tax return showed a loss of \$5,078,956; and the transfer of certain securities to the Ascalot Company, which, with the Coalesced Corporation, figured in other transactions, and is owned by his children, Mrs. Allan Bruce and Paul Mellon, for which his return showed a loss of \$445,308.

The government also sought to establish that Mellon realized a taxable gain of \$6,649,000 in the liquidation of the McClintic-Marshall Corporation, and of \$333,848 in the liquidation of the Union Construction Company. The brief charged that the Ascalot Company and Coalesced Corporation were conduits through which Mellon transferred millions in property to his children without paying tax.

FRAUD ALLEGED
"Fraud is established in this record," the brief stated. "Fraud cannot be seen nor heard. It is seldom capable of proof by direct evidence. It can be proved only by showing circumstances in which human reason may discern the fraud."

"Paul Mellon found it expedient to be absent at all times during the trial (lengthy hearings that were held

"BETTER TO HAVE BET AND LOST"

London, May 26.

The Cambridge Union Society on Tuesday night debated the following motion:

"That this house, deploring the passing of the spirit of the gambler from the English heritage, considers it is better to have bet and lost than never to have bet at all."

Mother Gives 3 Year-Old Son Alcohol to make him sleep

London, June 10.

A three-year-old boy's beer and bread for dinner and "glass of whisky to make him sleep" were mentioned at Bishop Auckland, when his parents, Robert and Margaret Natrass, living in a caravan colony, were sentenced to one month's imprisonment for cruelty.

Notice of appeal was given and bail allowed.

before the board of tax appeals in 1935.) Paul Mellon is a beneficiary of many of the transactions and could have thrown upon them light of a young, alert mind. Whether he was unwilling to initiate his business career by attempting to make testimony which would fit with that which he had heard, or whether it was feared that he might on cross examination fail to sustain his father's case, we do not know.

"These acts of evasions are not the blundering of an un-informed or misinformed man. Mr. Mellon's high position in the taxing machinery of the United States forbids that assumption."

"This evasion is not the result of misdirected efforts or inexperience. Mr. Mellon's eye in business and his tax activities deny that."

"It is not the accidental by-product of a business transaction conducted for other ends. But the tax purpose is admitted to have been carefully planned as an end in itself."

"It is not the work of overzealous servants envious to stand well in the eyes of the Master. Mr. Mellon owned on the witness stand that he planned and executed the Pittsburgh coal transaction himself."

"It is not the impulsive flight from a suddenly realized tax liability. It was deliberately upon. The machinery for its accomplishment was set up over a long period of time with premeditation, benefit of counsel, and great care."

"Moreover, it was not planned or carried out under the goad of necessity as one who found himself faced with a large tax liability, with assets so impaired that it was ruinous. Mr. Mellon's possessions have been estimated by his counsel in the record at over \$200,000,000 by the side of which the liability which he evaded is but a trifle. The opportunities extended by the government he short-changed have left him above the need to be petty."

"There is no mitigating circumstance unless success, wealth and power—accompanied with rising prices and waning ethics—are themselves a bulwark behind which tax evasion is safe."

Hogan, for Mellon, averred that the three stock transactions, which the government said were "wash sales" were actually made, that they represented real losses, and that the federal law expressly allows deductions.

ENGLISH LAW CITED
"Upon these three transactions," his brief stated, "and upon them alone, is the fraud charge based. To argue the utter lack of foundation for that charge would be to elaborate the obvious."

Continuing, he cited a recent decision of a high English Court which "recognized that the subject, whether poor and humble or wealthy and noble, has a legal right so to dispose of his capital and income as to attract to himself the least amount of tax."

Hogan's brief contained an elaborate analysis of the mass of technical testimony introduced during the weeks of hearings in Pittsburgh and here. He charged that "political expediency influenced the government to file its claim and said that the treasury department's copy of its letter to Mellon demanding additional taxes had stamped across its face: 'Case has not been considered on its merits.'"

He gave special attention to the uncertainty of the commissioner of Internal Revenue as to the amount he considered Mellon still owed after paying his 1931 tax. The original claim he said, was for \$1,319,080.90. It was increased three times to reach the sum the government now claims. He cited a ruling of the United States Circuit Court at Philadelphia which said:

MERGER?
"The commissioner of internal revenue, having repudiated his own claim, by changing his position from time to time as to the amount of tax due, any presumption of correctness that attaches to his formal determination has disappeared."

The liquidation of the McClintic-Marshall Corporation was a merger with the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, which does not make Mellon liable for tax, as it would have had it been a merger, he said.

Federal courts throughout the country and the board of tax appeals itself have upheld repeatedly Hogan's brief said that the principle upon which Mellon based his deductions was in accordance with law—that the law that made his security sale profits taxable made his security sale losses deductible.

The briefs are being studied by Judges Ernest H. Van Fossan and Bolton B. Turner of the board of tax appeals. Jackson was a member of the treasury general counsel's staff when the litigation began. He now is an assistant general—United Press.



This team of life savers is typical of the distinctively Australian surf clubs, which perform excellent social service in safeguarding the less-accomplished or too-venturesome swimmers. These physically splendid specimens of manhood and womanhood perform a purely voluntary service and their weekly carnivals and contests are a feature of Australia's surf beaches.

"PRINCE" WHO ROBBED WOMEN

To Dust
Or Not
To Dust

TOLD THEM: "JUST
A JOKE"

BUT THEY NEVER SAW THEIR
JEWELS AGAIN

Mrs. Hannah Reid, pew opener and cleaner at St. Pancras Church, who was left £1,000, takes things philosophically and goes on dusting.

The bequest was made by Mrs. Rachel Morgan, of Oakley Street, N.W., who left £32,551 (net personality £16,408).

Mrs. Reid was hard at work in the church when a reporter saw her.

She said: "I can't really understand it. I did not know Mrs. Morgan very well. I used to see her regularly, but she never seemed to take any particular notice of me."

"Happy? Of course I am, who wouldn't be? But I haven't yet made up my mind what to do. You see I am a widow. I have no children, but I've got other relations, so I must think of them."

"Now you must not worry me any more, I'm late with my work as it is."

Mrs. Morgan made numerous other bequests, leaving the residue of her property equally between the St. Pancras Almshouses, St. Pancras Association of the London Diocesan Council for rescue work, vicar and churchwardens of St. Pancras Church and vicar and churchwardens of Christ Church, Euston Road.

"INSANITY LIKE
'FLU'"

London, June 8.
"In the old days there was a horror of insanity. The time may come when it may be regarded as capable of treatment like any other infection, such as influenza."

These remarks were made by Mr. Justice Mackinnon at the Willshire Assizes at Salisbury after Norman Powell, aged 51, of Swindon, a schoolmaster, had been found guilty but insane charged with wounding his wife with intent to murder her.

GERMAN PRINCE
AS PACIFIC
AIR PILOT



Prince Ferdinand, Grandson of the ex-Kaiser, who has joined Pan-American Airways as one of the pilots for the contemplated trans-Pacific Service.

U.S. Bonus Payments

MINIATURE SPENDING BOOM PREDICTED

New York, June 15.

Businessmen, merchants and purveyors of amusement in the nation's largest city eagerly awaited the start of the war veterans' bonus "gold rush" to-day.

The "rush" was expected to be in the "trickle" stage for the next week or two as mailing of the bonus bonds and cash voted by Congress over the President's veto does not begin until to-day. However, the rate of spending is expected to accelerate rapidly after that and the peak probably will be reaching mid-July.

Even Wall Street has looked forward to the anticipated "spending spree." Automobile stocks enjoyed a small boom in recent months because of the expected increase in the sale of motorcars to bonus beneficiaries.

Summer is usually the so-called "slack" season for business here, but this year it is expected to witness unprecedented revival.

Clothing merchants are prepared to meet heavy demand, particularly

from unemployed veterans who had been forced to neglect their personal wardrobes for the last few years.

Women's shops, shoe shops, cosmetics dealers, hairdressers, and others catering to personal needs expected to profit.

The sale of automobiles, new and second-hand, probably will increase as much as 50 per cent, according to some automotive interests. It was recalled that on the occasion of the payment of the last bonus in 1931, the purchase of new automobiles by soldiers at an army base near New

PERFECT
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NEW!

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IN ALL COLOURS

The Finest Range This Year At—

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D'AGUILAR STREET



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PLASTIC WOOD.

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CRAG HOTEL, Penang Hills (2,400 feet above sealevel.) Refreshment Rooms, (near summit station) Hill Railway.

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United Press.

The Hongkong Telegraph

SIXTH ANNUAL AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION

JUNE—AUGUST, 1936.

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TWO SILVER TROPHIES VALUE \$250

AWARDED BY—

ILFORD, LIMITED, LONDON

TO WHAT ARE ADJUDGED THE TWO BEST ENTRIES IN THE COMPETITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF CLASS.

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SPECIAL PRIZE

ONE OF THE FAMOUS

BELL & HOWELL

FILMO STRAIGHT EIGHT MOVIE CAMERAS

WITH CASE

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VALUE \$235

SECTION TWO

CHINESE STUDIES—FIGURES AND FACES

1ST \$40. 2ND \$20. 3RD \$10.

SECTION THREE

VIEWS: INCLUDING ARCHITECTURE, LANDSCAPES, SEASCAPES, ETC.

1ST \$40. 2ND \$20. 3RD \$10.

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1ST \$30. 2ND \$20. 3RD \$10.

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SNAPSHOTS TAKEN BY CHILDREN UNDER 14 YEARS

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The following Rules will govern the Competition:—

- 1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- 2.—Pictures submitted in Sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.
- 3.—The Prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published daily during the period of the Competition.
- 4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries in the Telegraph is reserved.

- 5.—Photographs which have been already entered in local competitions are ineligible.
- 6.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at this Office within seven days.
- 7.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery, loss or damage.
- 8.—Photographs must not be less than Post-card size (excepting in the Children's Section) and the entry form should be lightly pasted on the back.

- 9.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
- 10.—Entries in the Children's Section must bear the name, age and address on the entry form countersigned by a parent.
- 11.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- 12.—Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.
- 13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.

COMMENCE SENDING IN YOUR ENTRIES NOW.

ENTRY FORM

USE THIS FORM

AND LIGHTLY PASTE IT ON THE

BACK OF EACH ENTRY.

SECTION

NAME

ADDRESS

DATE

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry. If entered in Children's Section, parent please countersign here.

DARKEST AFRICA CONQUERED

FORD V-8 CAR'S FEAT

As a rest cure after nine years of research work in the Cavendish Laboratory at the University of Cambridge, Dr. William L. Webster drove a Ford V-8 15,000 miles across Africa. On this solo jaunt which took him from Nairobi in Kenya Colony, East Africa, through the dark Belgian Congo and across the vast Sahara, he traversed a comparatively unknown route.

The fact that Dr. Webster drove his Ford from the Indian Ocean to the Mediterranean without serious mishap is evidence that the hardships, dangers, and mysteries of darkest Africa are slowly but surely losing their significance. Nevertheless some of the exciting experiences revealed in the doctor's diary of the journey show that the trip was by no means simple. In fact, the success was due in large measure to two factors—a competent man and a reliable car.

10,000 Feet Altitude

Dr. Webster's diary, which he meticulously placed at the disposal of Ford Motor Company, details the details of the journey which he just reached, relates that on leaving Nairobi, for years the jumping-off place for big-game hunters in East Africa, on December 27, he drove north and west through the great Rift Valley, a semi-civilized district west of which rises the Molo-Mau Plateau with an altitude of 9,000 to 10,000 feet. This magnificent open rolling country, with woods scattered about, is the great wheat-growing centre of East Africa.

Continuing west, Dr. Webster's route led him along the shores of famous Lake Victoria to Kampala, where preparations were made for plunging into the wildest section of the mysterious continent, the Belgian Congo.

River Beds, Marshes, Fields. There were roads of a sort through the region between Nairobi and Kampala, but from there on the journey was traversed on dry river beds, through marshes and fields with grass towering over the car, and over native footpaths. Road directions were obsolete and practically worthless.

Complete supplies were carried on the trip because many overnight stops were made in the jungles, and often gasoline depots, rest stations, potable water wells or military stations were 200 miles apart.

The rest stations, or native inns, where overnight stops were made, were usually nothing more than rude wood and clay huts. Often these rest stations offered the traveller little besides food and a roof for shelter. Bananas, a main part of the diet, usually could be purchased for the equivalent of one cent gold a bunch. Of one night spent in a native rest station Dr. Webster recorded in his diary: "Our sleep was disturbed only by the visits of a grunting pig and a stray dog that entered the room unbidden in search of food."

Camel Path Across Sahara. Through the dark Congo jungle, travel was difficult and many rivers were crossed each day. These streams varied in width from five yards to a quarter mile and the crossing of native ferries was always 10 francs. After Dr. Webster and his Ford had crossed the Bonu River on a Belgian ferry into French Equatorial Africa, the jungle began to thin and preparations were made for the drive across the Sahara.

The trail over the desert was nothing more than a camel path, almost impassable at times as a result of sand storms. Often the road was completely obliterated by drifting sand dunes and progress was frequently slowed while camel caravans moved off the road. Distances of a hundred miles or more often separated camps or government stations. During the entire journey across the trackless wastes of the Sahara the only automobile trouble encountered was a tire puncture.

First Tub in 2 Months. On February 5th Dr. Webster reached El Golea, outlying symbol of civilization on the northern edge of the Sahara, where he enjoyed the comfort of a bath-tub of hot water in the Hotel Transatlantique, the first since Nairobi. A few days later he drove into Algeria, on the Mediterranean, after a journey of 2 months across the darkest sections of dark Africa.

A large part of the success of this undertaking depended on the car, and Dr. Webster's Ford V-8 gave unusual service. The Ford body was a type unknown outside Africa. Developed and built in Nairobi to meet the exacting needs of explorers, scientists and big game hunters, it is known as the "Safari" or "Kenya" body. Dr. Webster reports of his Ford V-8: "It gave me not a moment's trouble or worry on the whole journey." He took the car to Canada and drove it to his father's home in Sheldale.

WATER LEVELS

STATE OF RIVERS IN KWANGTUNG

The following returns have been issued by the River Conservancy Commission for Kwangtung Province, showing the water levels in English feet at the places of observation named:—

	Highest	Lowest	record	record	June 20	June 21
West River at						
Wuchow	+70.4	-2.5	49.5	41.1		
West River at						
Shanghai	+41.0	0	22.1	23.0		
North River at						
Tsingtsuen	+26.7	0	10.3	9.5		
North River at						
Shanghai	+37.6	-5	13.5	14.0		
East River at						
Shanghai	+13.5	-2.7	8.9	8.3		

THE COLONY'S TRADE

DOLLAR INCREASE RECORDED

An interim report issued by the Statistical Office of the Imports and Exports Department on the trade of the Colony for May, 1936, states that Imports of merchandise amounted to a total of \$38.8 millions (\$25.6 millions) as compared with \$36.6 millions (\$23.3 millions) in May, 1935; a dollar increase of 9.0% and a sterling decrease of 41.9%; whilst exports totalled \$30.0 millions (\$2.9 millions), as compared with \$23.3 millions (\$2.8 millions); a dollar increase of 28.1% and a sterling increase of 32.1%.

Total imports during the first five months of the year 1936 amounted to \$176.2 millions (\$11.3 millions), as compared with \$161.8 millions (\$10.7 millions) in the corresponding period of 1935; whilst exports amounted to \$132.6 millions (\$8.8 millions), as compared with \$123.6 millions (\$12.4 millions).

In terms of local currency imports increased by 5.3% in the first five months of 1936, as compared with the corresponding period of 1935, and exports increased by 8.1% whilst sterling values showed decreases of 32.3% in the case of imports, and 30.6% in the case of exports.

The following table shows comparative figures of imports and exports of Merchandise and Treasure during the months of May, 1936 and May, 1935:

Imports.

May 1936	May 1935
Merchandise	
\$38,799,243	\$35,660,854
Treasure	
\$ 2,624,100	\$ 2,845,608
Total	
\$41,423,433	\$38,506,552

Exports.

May 1936	May 1935
Merchandise	
\$29,077,802	\$23,266,074
Treasure	
\$44,452,115	\$ 0,005,671
Total	
\$74,429,917	\$23,272,345

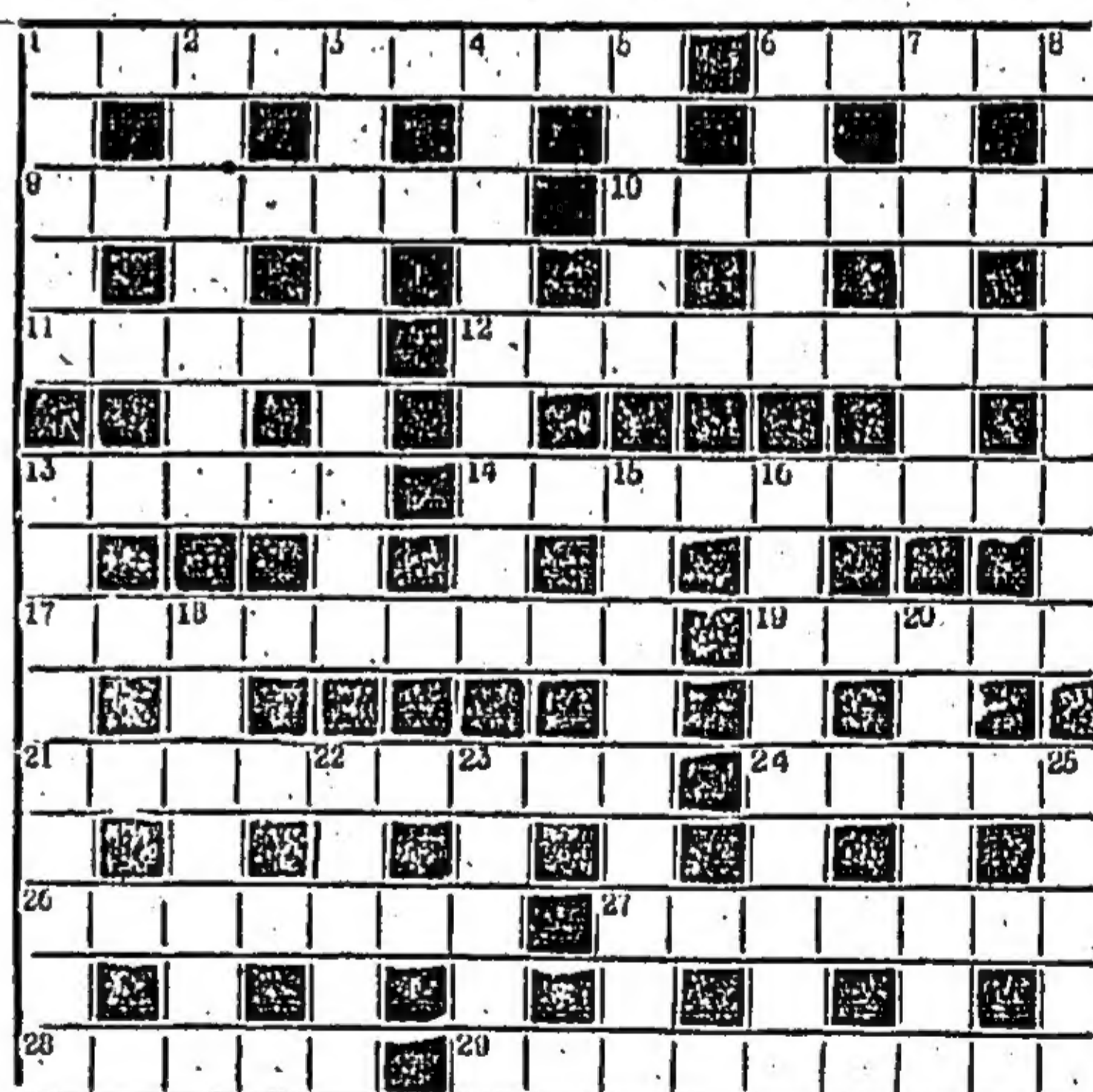
Monthly Fluctuations

Since May, 1935 monthly values of imports of merchandise into Hongkong fluctuated from a low Hongkong dollar value (26.1 millions) in August, 1935 to a high of 38.8 millions in May, 1936, whilst export values fluctuated from a low of \$18.0 millions in July, 1935 to a high of \$30.0 millions in May, 1936.

EXCHANGE

Selling	Buying
T.T. Demand	1/3 1/4
T.T. Shanghai	100%
T.T. Singapore	54 1/2
T.T. Japan	108 1/2
T.T. India	84 1/2
T.T. San Francisco & New York	82 1/2
T.T. Manila	64
T.T. Batavia	47
T.T. Bangkok	145 1/4
T.T. Saigon	40 1/2
T.T. France	4.80
T.T. Germany	70
T.T. Switzerland	98 1/2

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



ACROSS

- 1 Number of obligations when 1 was born.
- 6 "In my orchard, a serpent—me" (Hamlet).
- 9 Less than five shillings.
- 10 Give a claim.
- 11 The sound of the scythe.
- 12 Giving back the remainder with a couple of circles.
- 13 A broken plate.
- 14 What a bored emir may become, unless kept in order.
- 17 These are quite different from each other.
- 19 A messenger of sorts.
- 21 Get the oven right between sleeping and walking.
- 24 Cord-fibre.
- 26 The value in clothing would almost seem to be before you and
- 27 Gin, O' girl (anag.).
- 28 "Sport that wrinkled Care derides. And laughter holding both, his—" (Milton's "L'Allegro").
- 29 What the patient hopes (three words, 2, 3, and 4).

DOWN

- 1 Plunders and dismisses.
- 2 Pickle that came from Ireland, finishing up with sauce.
- 3 Half round (two words, 4 and 5).
- 4 Prevent arrival.
- 5 Taken by the tailor when the

HOLLOW VICTORY ETHIOPIA PROVING NEST OF HORNETS

Djibouti, June 21. According to an authoritative survey received here the Italian occupation of Ethiopia is confined to the principal towns and the greater part of the huge areas between are not only unconquered, but in open defiance of Italian rule.

The Italians are not even attempting to penetrate to the west and the south.

Banditry in the west has given place to an organised government in the Galla districts under Dejazmach Aram.

Unrestrained lawlessness prevails in many areas in the South and the Italian tenure of Godjam is restricted to a few isolated garrisons, while even in Addis Ababa shooting is a nightly occurrence, and the Italian executions, which are proceeding unchecked, have failed to deter bandits from raiding the city.

The population of the Capital is now only a tenth of the former number, the majority of citizens having fled to join the chieftains still in the field.

The Addis Ababa-Desale road has become unsafe for Italian columns despite the Italian punitive expeditions, which have burned villages and executed suspects.

This has led to a declaration by the Viceroy of Ethiopia, Field Marshal Graziani, in which he threatens that unless embarrasments by Ethiopian chiefs cease immediately the Italians would embark upon annihilation.

Meanwhile wholesale financial confusion prevails all over the country, and the railway is likely to become a major issue soon as the French authorities will refuse to accept lire in payment of Italian military freight fares.—Reuter.

Soldier Of Fortune's Story

Cairo, June 21. A European officer of the Ethiopian Army, who escaped from Addis Ababa before the entry of the Italians, has arrived in Cairo after a trek of 500 miles via the Sudan.

Interviewed he said that hitherto the Ethiopian western tribes had not rallied to the Emperor, but now when they see their lands rich with gold, silver and coffee threatened by the Italians the Gallas are preparing to defend their homes at all costs. Ethiopians of the west provinces, under Dejazmach Wamam are preparing to resist the Italian invasion, and the armies of Ras Imru and Ras Desta are retreating westward in good order.

The big rains, which the Ethiopians consider will hinder the Italian aircraft, have begun.

The Ethiopians will employ guerrilla methods if the Italians push westward.—Reuter.

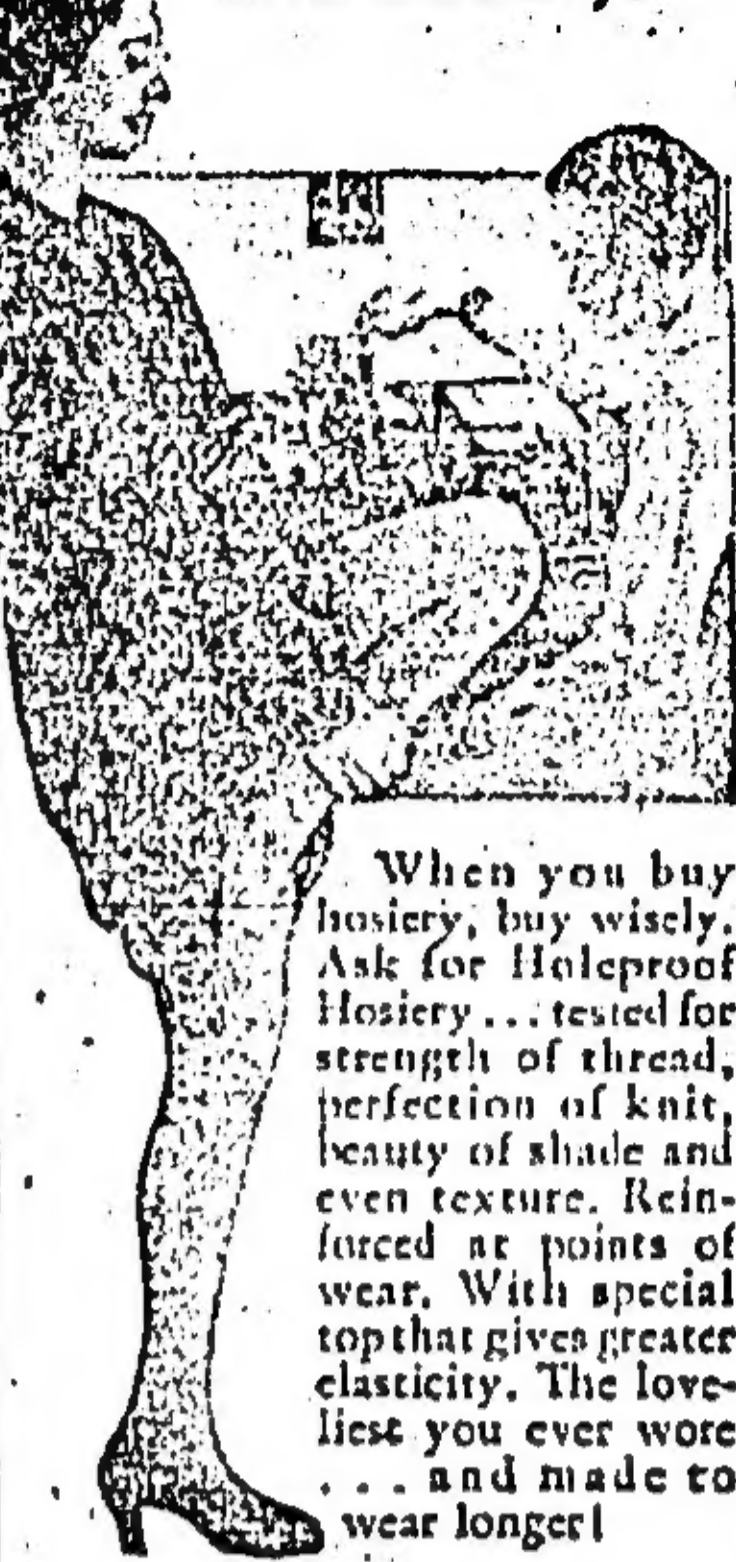
T.T. Australia

T.T. Lisbon 65 1/2

Buying

4 m/s. L/C. London	1/3 1/4
4 m/s. D/P. do	1/3 1/4
4 m/s. L/C. U.S.A.	33 1/16
4 m/s. France	5.55
30 d/s. India	80 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in London	5.01 1/2

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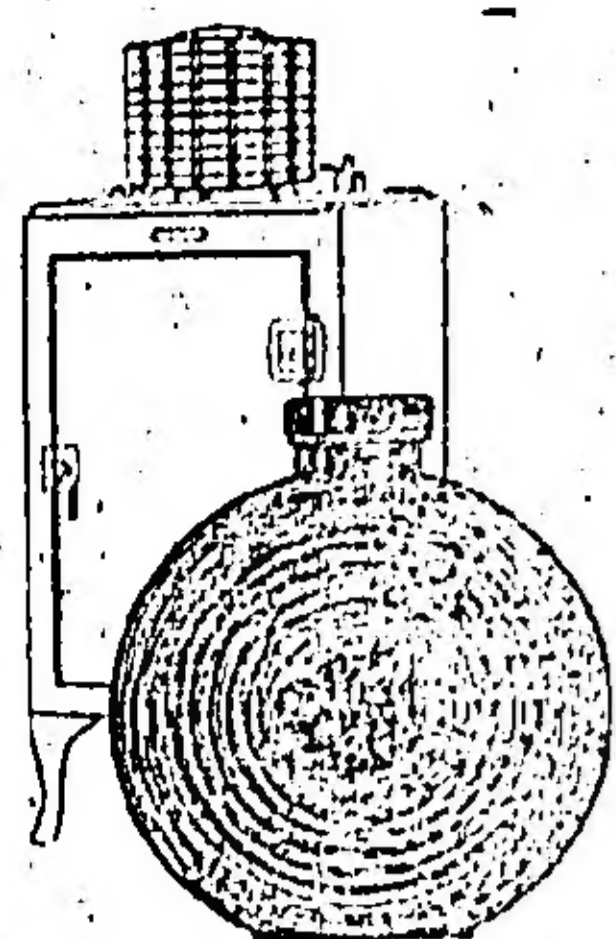
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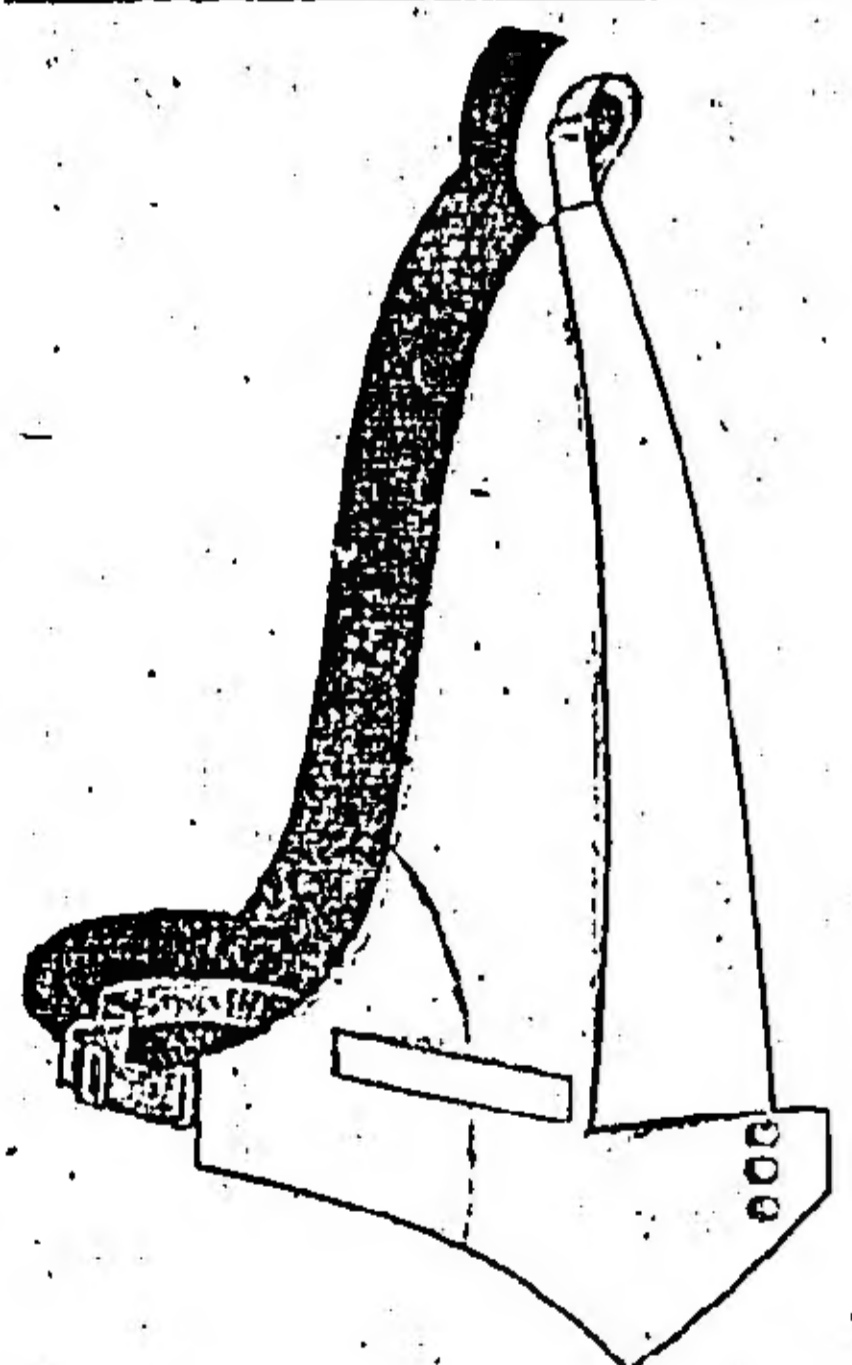
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Jack Hylton's Orchestra.
Yours truly is truly yours—Fox Trot
Jack Hylton's Orchestra.
- BD-5050 Everybody's doing it—Fox Trot
Darktown Strutters.
I never knew—Fox Trot
Darktown Strutters.
- BD-5059 These foolish things—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
The touch of your lips—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5058 Indian Love Call—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
Rose Marie—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5053 Let's face the music and dance—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
But where are you—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5060 Wah-hoo—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
I so a-muggin'—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5051 And so to bed—Fox Trot
Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
You have that extra something—Fox Trot
Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
- BD-5056 I'm nuts about screwy music—Fox Trot
The Ballyhooligans.
I got Rhythm—Fox Trot
The Ballyhooligans.
- BD-5049 Goodbye Medley—Fox Trot
The Ballyhooligans.
Oriental Medley—Fox Trot
The Ballyhooligans.

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KIAKI DRESSING
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ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. D. Tolan and family desire to
tender their heartfelt thanks to
Dr. Canaval, and sisters of the
War Memorial Nursing Home for
their kind attention to the late
Mrs. R. W. Tolan, and to friends
for their condolence, floral tri-
butes and attendance at the
funeral.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1936.

BRITISH MOTOR
INDUSTRY

When the first British motor-car appeared in the Lord Mayor's Show in London in 1896, a police officer took particulars of this strange new wonder which had invaded the capital of the Empire. This was the first time that a motor-car figured in the records of the Metropolitan Police. And it was not given exactly a warm welcome by all who saw it! The progressive minority recognised its marvellous possibilities and speculated enthusiastically on its probable line of development; but the majority feared and bitterly opposed it. Fortunately the pioneers—as was ever the way of pioneers!—were undaunted in their efforts to popularise the new toy. The initial mechanical difficulties and the mental reservations of the conservative-minded were gradually overcome, and after a few years buyers were plentiful. Then came a set-back. A number of persons were killed and injured in the fateful Paris to Madrid race in 1903, and many people hurriedly sold their cars or cancelled the orders for new ones which they had placed with the manufacturers. Again the enthusiasts set to work; gradually public confidence was restored, and the motor-car was established in the world. In 1913 there were 34,000 motor-vehicles produced in Great Britain. After the Great War there was great activity in the industry and in 1922 the total number of motor-vehicles produced was 73,000. Now the motor industry is one of the largest and most important industries in the country. The exact total value of the output during the twelve months which ended on the 30th of September, 1935, cannot be definitely given, but a conservative estimate

THE tennis world, and even those who have but a very passing interest in the game, becomes Wimbledon-conscious to-day, and during this next fortnight another page will be written in the annals of prodigious Centre Court deeds, of the now comparatively prosaic "Sensational Ussets," the falling of favourites and the inevitable "Discovery."

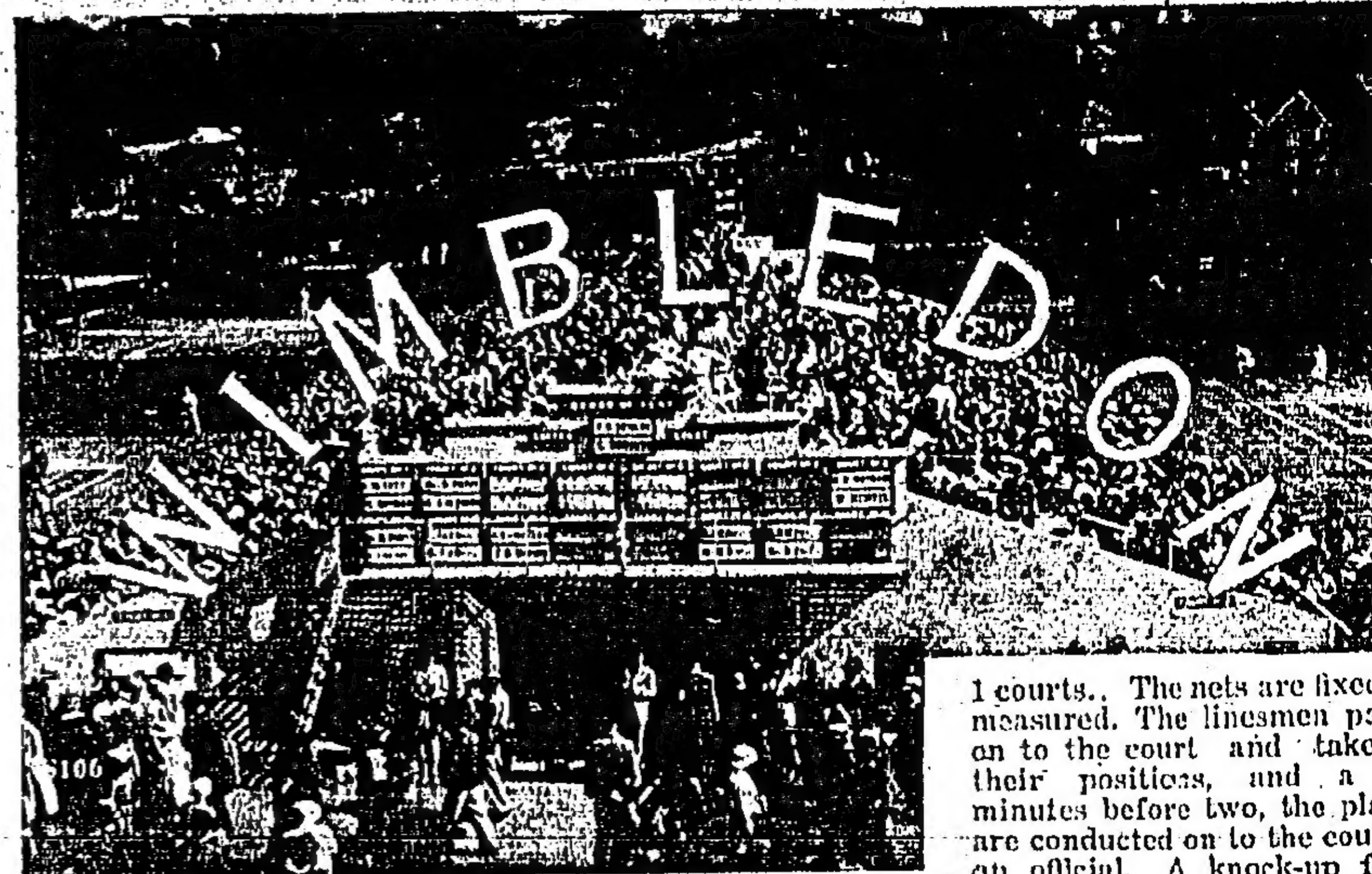
To those in Hongkong who have enjoyed the thrills and amenities of the Wimbledon meeting, there will be recalled vivid recollections of that cluster of emerald green lawn courts which nestle at the foot of the winding Church Road. They will easily recapture the scenes of bewildering traffic mazes up the historic Wimbledon Common Hill and re-live the spirit of carnival which reigns both inside and outside of the All-England Lawn Tennis and Croquet Club.

As has been truly said, Wimbledon is something more than a sports meeting. It is a social event: a fashion parade. It combines the dignity of a Royal Garden Party, the colourful display of Ladies' Day at an Eton and Harrow cricket match, and the thrills of an English Cup final.

★ ★ ★

IT is exclusive and cosmopolitan at the same time. The young clerk who has begged a day from the office rubs shoulders with high dignitaries of the social world as he pursues his way to the free standing part of the Centre Court while His Lordship seeks his reserved seat. If he wants diversion the young clerk can concede his precious position on the Centre Court, or his even more valuable cumshaw seat on the No. 1 court and take part in the everlasting parade of beautifully dressed women escorted by famous tennis players both past and present, or by prominent leaders of London Society, which moves slowly but gracefully up and down the spacious drive between the East and West Gates.

is approximately £75,000,000, which is equal to about three times the invested capital. The total number of workpeople employed in motor manufacture is about a quarter of a million. All the large manufacturing concerns have built up a sound export-trade. Last year the total value of motor-vehicles and spare parts exported was £12,200,429. British motor-vehicles are now exported to nearly every country in the world, though the bulk of the export trade is confined to comparatively few markets. Moreover, whereas not many years ago there was a considerable import motor trade, British manufacturers have now virtually secured the home market for British goods. Great Britain is a small country, densely populated; and it is the most "densely vehicled" country in the world. That is one of the features of the motor industry which is not an unmixed blessing: one person in every fourteen of the population has a driving licence, and one in every nineteen a motor-car. And the number rapidly increases. Last year the number of new cars on the roads increased at the rate of 450 a day—and new roads cannot be built immediately to accommodate the newcomers. During the three months which ended on the 29th of February this year, there was an increase of 158,549 cars licensed. The total number licensed—excluding tramcars and those requiring trade licences—during the three months was approximately 2,171,263, compared with 2,012,714 during the corresponding period last year. The gross amount received in payment for licences was £20,018,420, compared with £18,803,957 the previous year. One final figure may be given to round off this story of the development of the motor-car and the motor industry in Great Britain: In 1914 there were 14 motor-cars on every ten miles of road; to-day there are 140.

By
S. A. Gray
Sports
Editor

WIMBLEDON, perhaps, has fewer taboos than other sports events of the same magnitude. Autograph hunters, for example, can hunt, invariably with great success, to their hearts' content. Your Dorothy Round, Helen Wills Moody, Helen Jacobs, Borotra, Perry, Austin and the rest of the favourites, are always prepared to sign on the dotted line, and the hunter is usually further rewarded with a charming smile.

Only once throughout last year's Wimbledon did I see an autograph seeker turned away. And she, a little girl of about ten, unwittingly chose a famous player who had just been unexpectedly beaten in the doubles by a comparatively second-rate pair!

The various aspects of the Wimbledon meeting seem to present an excellent illustration of how the Englishman refuses to take his sport too seriously. It requires an exceedingly exciting or important match to keep him away from his tea which he likes to take promptly at 4.30; and he becomes very peeved if the queue at the tea tent enforces a wait of half an hour over that time. He will often find as much fun and interest in standing obsequiously behind a group of well-known tennis players, covertly watching them converse, as he will following a brilliant display of tennis on the Centre Court. He enjoys sharing in the parades and finds the sidewalks around the outside courts offer him unusual opportunities for striking up acquaintanceships without the customary formality of introductions. An unfailing medium for these meetings he discovers, is the ability to talk "shop," and

this brings him into all sorts of exciting and unexpected contacts.

When the big gates open at noon he will join the rest of the crowd in scampering for the best positions, and there he will contentedly wait two hours for the tennis to begin. But the time passes quickly. He finds himself next to an Indian Army officer back on leave from the North-West frontier. He's come home to see his youngsters but the kids haven't yet broken up for the summer vacation and he has taken advantage of this "freedom" to see Wimbledon. And they will share their luncheon, which, like wise people, they have brought with them. But the young clerk, in his excitement to catch the train, forgot to pack up some fruit; and it can be terribly thirst-provoking at Wimbledon. So the officer shares his fruit, is offered an egg sandwich in exchange, and the two become members of the great Wimbledon tennis fraternity.

At 1.45 p.m. the first signs of activity appear. Groundsmen bring on the posts and nets and place the spectators' chairs in position. Dozens of tens of tennis balls are placed in the huge ice-boxes on the Centre and No.

1 courts. The nets are fixed and measured. The linesmen parade on to the court and take up their positions, and a few minutes before two, the players are conducted on to the court by an official. A knock-up for a couple of minutes and the day's programme at Wimbledon has begun.

★ ★ ★

THE same ritual, the same excitement, the same fashion parades, the same rush for the favourable positions, the same scramble for tea, strawberries and cream and lemon squashes, the same weird times from the blind old lady playing the violin outside of the West Gate, the same uproarious stories from the gentleman who has walked all the way from Manchester to entertain you while you wait, the same news-vendors assuring you that you will know all about Wimbledon in the "Daily Mail" will be re-enacted every day during the next two weeks.

Wimbledon with its "while-you-wait-to-go-in" diversions, its traffic problems, its thrilling interludes and gay atmosphere, is fast threatening the glamour of the Derby.

Tennis? Oh yes! There's tennis. But as I heard one enthusiast exclaim last summer as he took a "constitutional" after sitting for two hours on the Centre Court, "you can have too much of a good thing." Perhaps that is why there are so many other things of interest at Wimbledon.

I WOULD HATE TO BE
TRIED BY A JURY!

UNTIL it fell to my lot to be foreman of the jury trying a murder case I had, in common with most other people, a supreme confidence in the fairness and efficiency of the jury system.

Had I been falsely accused of a crime I would have chosen this method of putting my case to a jury of my fellow men as the surest means of establishing my innocence.

But now... I am not sure. I think I would prefer to have my fate left in the hands of one wise, impartial Judge. For although juries are swayed by the eloquence of counsel, and obviously swayed strongly at times, Judges are not.

I have been trying to trace my disillusionment about juries down to its roots, and I think it may have started from my finding that instead of being a gathering of men and women gravely making up their

individual minds about the verdict they are to give, a jury is far more like a debating society in which one man makes up his mind one way, another the other way, and each tries to convert the rest of the crowd to his way of thinking.

My experience, on at least two of the juries with which I sat, was that as soon as we had vacated the box and taken our places round the table in the little room behind the Court, we immediately found ourselves swayed by one or two of the more forceful, strong-willed personalities among us. Especially in cases where the Judge had practically commanded the bringing of a certain verdict, it was amazing to see how vacillating jury members could be.

There was the poor fellow in the dock. There were we, shut up in our little room behind the Court. And I am sure that in at least two cases in which I was involved one determined man among us could have swayed the rest into returning the opposite verdict to which we did in fact return!

Some members of the jury were merely apathetic; they were willing to fall in with the majority. Others talked a great deal about almost everything except the immediate problem which faced us. Others found the whole thing too much of a strain. In the end the verdict was virtually returned by one or two jurymen.

I am not sure if, in any given case, we returned a true verdict or not. But I do know that if I, an innocent man, were to find myself in the dock next week, I should be horrified to think of the arbitrary way my fate was being decided behind the closed doors.

The trouble is that jurymen think they are being fair, when, as modern psychology suggests, they are really swayed by all kinds of unconscious prejudices. That is one reason why I think it is unfair to a prisoner to take all of a jury from men living in the same small district.

The ideal jury, from the point of view of justice, and from the point of view of the prisoner, would surely consist of a duke, a dustman, a doctor, a teacher, a business man, a miser, and so on. In a thoroughly mixed jury like this there would be much less likelihood of psychological bias than in a jury consisting exclusively of small tradesmen or clerks.

The way juries are so often empanelled now leads to too great a sameness. A jury of solid tradesmen, for example, does not start absolutely unbiased in considering the case of an immoral, spendthrift, society butterfly, even if her immorality is totally irrelevant as far as her alleged crime is concerned.

But if you ask me what substitute there is for a jury, I reply, frankly, that I don't know. Personally, having served on juries, I would prefer to be left to the rigidly impartial wisdom of, say three judges.

J. A. H.

SIDE GLANCES By George Clark



"I'm going to be a little worried after you're married, whether you will know just how to coax him to eat."

DEMOCRATS MAY SEE FIREWORKS

America's "Devil's Is." Is In the Limelight

San Francisco, June 10. Vague, persistent rumours about America's most mysterious prison—Alcatraz—were partially dispelled recently by Sanford Bates, national director of Federal prisons.

Bates, on a tour of inspection, talked with about 80 of the 260 prisoners at Alcatraz.

Only one complained that the food was not good enough. Some wanted to get out from under the iron discipline which has made the prison hated. Most, however, were eager to be moved to another institution because of the stigma which attaches to imprisonment in Alcatraz, Bates said.

Alcatraz, built on a rock in San Francisco Bay from which escape is all but hopeless, has been called the Devil's Island of the United States. At Loomis, recently released after 16 months in Alcatraz, spoke bitterly of the hardships the prisoners had to endure.

ESCAPE ATTEMPTS

"Why a man can talk only six minutes a day in that place, he said. "Three minutes in the morning and three minutes in the afternoon. It's the 'island of misdeeds' men. Soon it will be the 'island of mad men.' It's the monotony that does it."

It is interesting that Bates referred to Joe Dowers, recently shot down in an attempted escape, as "at least temporarily deranged." "For a man to attempt escape from Alcatraz must be insane," Bates said. He added, however, that no insanity had come to his attention during the inspection.

Bates vigorously defended Alcatraz as a method for ridding society of the danger of long term prisoners, notorious public enemies, escapees and men not amenable to discipline in other prisons.

Setting at rest rumours which surround Alcatraz as a result of its silence regarding its inmates and events within its walls, Bates praised the management of the prison. "Going into every nook of Alcatraz, I found it more cleanly, trimly managed and more well disciplined than any prison I have seen in 12 foreign countries and 30 states. No expense has been spared to make it as safe and secure as possible can be."

Bates refuted the charge of some convicts that imprisonment in Alcatraz brands a convict beyond hope of re-entering society.

"Some of the men are bad and will be bad always," he said. "Some are there by force of circumstances. Some when subjected to constructive discipline may become respected citizens."

"The prison is devoted to the grim business of taking care of men used to flouting the law and who have been brought to book, and yet, we must look forward to the time they are turned out."—United Press.

MILKING TO MUSIC FARMERS' COWS LIKE MUSIC

London, June 15. Milking to music is the latest idea for English dairy farmers.

Mr. Harold Green, of Walsgrave-on-Stowe, in the Midlands, has installed a 22 guinea radio gramophone in the cowshed, and he finds that his cows benefit from it.

Mr. Green says that there is always noise from the milking machines which worries the beasts and the men. Music charms it all away.

A radiogram is installed near the stalls and the cows listen contentedly to records and radio. They go quietly while the music is played.

Mr. Green says he gets more milk.

It has to be the right music. Cows are not highbrow, do not appreciate hot rhythm, scat singing, swing music, or any danced music, but waltzes, with which they are at ease.

Italians Propose Statue of Christ for Addis Ababa

A proposal to erect a large statue of Christ in the centre of Addis Ababa to "symbolise the beginning of a new Christian era for Abyssinia" has been presented to the Italian Government by the Executive Committee of the Anti-Blasphemy Society, of which King Victor Emmanuel is honorary president.

In Addis Ababa this month a batch of chained Abyssinian prisoners awaiting execution tried to escape and were mown down by Italian machine-guns. Reports that Abyssinians are being shot in batches of 50 by their Italian executioners are denied in Rome. —British United Press and Reuter.

DIZZY VENUS



Lower, the famous Museum of Art in Paris, has undergone modernization. Among other things the lighting has been improved. Our picture shows the famous Venus de Milo statue placed on a pedestal which rotates.

ROOSEVELT SURE OF NOMINATION THIS WEEK

Philadelphia, June 21.

The Democratic party in its pre-election convention here this week is expected to feature with pride the achievements of President Roosevelt in the fields of pan-Americanism, foreign trade and neutrality.

Roosevelt's foreign projects have met with varying success, according to many observers, due partly to the disturbed state of world affairs and partly to devotion of great energy to domestic economic recovery.

But the Democrats themselves, and many impartial experts, regard as successes the president's now-famous policy of "Good Neighbour" in Latin American affairs; the gain of 41 per cent. in exports during the Democratic regime and the formation of a neutrality policy designed to reduce the chances of the nation being drawn into war.

Public Enemy No. 1? 'Bad Politics'—Hoover

New York, June 4.

Corrupt politics, instead of any particular criminals, is "Public Enemy No. 1," according to J. Edgar Hoover, chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Gangsters like Alvin Karpis, whom Mr. Hoover has just turned over to St. Paul officials after capturing him at New Orleans, were called "yellow rats," not deserving "any titles, distinction or rank."

Sheer fright seized the gangster when federal agents under Mr. Hoover's personal leadership surrounded his car in New Orleans. His previous boastings about never being taken alive did not even nerve him to reach a rifle in the back of the car.

The picture painted by Mr. Hoover of Karpis and others who have wrongly been dignified with the title of "Public Enemy No. 1" left little room for mock heroics in connection with the pending indictments of crime.

ARE FLABBY AND WEAK

Gangsters turn out as a rule to be flabby and weak, Mr. Hoover said. "The lives they lead soften them up," he explained crisply.

So far as the Bureau of Investigation is concerned, there never has been a "Public Enemy No. 1." Mr. Hoover told the newspapermen who interviewed him that the real public enemy is crooked politics.

Mountains May Rise From Bed Of Ocean

NEW HIMALAYAS

New mountains may be growing under the sea, according to Professor F. A. Vening Meinesz, of the State University, Utrecht, who described the results of his latest submarine survey recently at the Royal School of Mines, London.

He travelled through large areas of the Atlantic and Indian Oceans in a Dutch submarine, recording variations in the earth's gravity as he went.

From these records he deduced that there are at least two areas on the earth of special instability—the East and West Indies.

The East Indies, which are but an extension of the Himalayas, are probably still rising. That is the conclusion which he draws from the peculiar variations in the earth's gravity as measured in neighbouring seas.

Millions of years hence, he said, this extension of the Himalayas may be as lofty as the mountains which explorers now know.

In the West Indies a new mountain chain may also arise, and as the line of the West Indies leads directly through Trinidad to Venezuela, the mainland also may be affected.

The other general observation which Professor Meinesz has made is that there is an excess of gravity over the ocean masses, where common sense suggests that the force of gravity would be greatest.

This discrepancy he interprets as meaning that there must be deeper and more general variations from equilibrium within the earth. The picture which he puts forward is that of moving currents, far down within the plastic layers of the earth, perhaps extending to a depth of 700 to 800 miles.

This idea of deep moving currents has also been favoured by Professor Arthur Holmes, of Durham University, from quite another point of view—that of the distribution of rocks over the earth's surface and the varying temperatures of formation which their natures indicate.

DRUNKS, BEWARE

Blood Tests Will Give You Away

Blood tests for people suspected of drunkenness are advocated by Dr. H. Kenneth V. Soltan, in the British Medical Journal.

"If the person in charge could rely on the certainty of the police surgeon taking a drop of his blood at the time of his arrest, the test carried out in due course at a central laboratory would be conclusive evidence sometimes in the accused's favour," he says.

Dr. Soltan has studied this method in use in Sweden, where it has been in vogue for some years.

A drop of blood is taken from a prick on the finger or lobe of the ear, and the percentage of alcohol in it is estimated. The presence of 0.25 per cent. denotes drunkenness, 0.15 per cent. denotes intoxication, and round about 0.1 per cent. makes it difficult to tell whether the man is "under the influence" or not.

"Some people are able to recover very rapidly from the effects of alcohol. It is possible for a man who has become habituated to alcohol to consume a large quantity, commit an offence, and be taken to a police station, where he is examined by the police surgeon, and perhaps certified as under the influence. Within two hours of his arrest he is seen by his own doctor, who pronounces him as sober."

A man who has not acquired a tolerance for alcohol may also become intoxicated (though on a smaller amount) and remain "under the influence" much longer, thereby making a conviction much more probable.

"The smell of alcohol in the breath is quite compatible with a low percentage of alcohol in the blood. A man whose breath smells of drink may find himself in danger of being arrested, though he has only a very small blood alcohol content."

"In Stockholm, every police station and hospital is supplied with special pipettes (for the test)."

The advantages of this test over other methods is that the amount of blood required is small—literally only a drop—and it can be kept for some days if desired and sent to a central laboratory. The test is thus brought within the reach of any person throughout the country.

Against these developments, critics of the Democratic foreign policy contend that there were numerous failures, such as the London economic conference for which Roosevelt prepared by calling notables from many nations to Washington; the refusal of the Senate to approve Roosevelt's plan to join the World Court, and the lack of results from various disarmament proposals.

The Democratic convention, in speeches, resolutions and campaign platform is expected to concentrate chiefly on the first three developments which are more widely regarded as successes.

They are expected to cite as evidence of the success of the Rooseveltian "Good Neighbour" programme, the favourable and frequently enthusiastic replies of presidents of American nations to the Roosevelt proposal for a Pan American peace conference. As other evidence of a concrete and effective good neighbour attitude they are expected to mention the abandonment of right to intervene in Cuban affairs, with consequent favourable comment widely through Latin America, the withdrawal of marines from Haiti and the adherence to a Pan American convention adopted at Montevideo for abandonment of the principle of intervention in the American hemisphere.

FOREIGN TRADE

In the foreign trade field, they will claim chief credit for an increase of national exports from \$1,011,000,000 in 1932 (the last year of Republican administration) to over \$2,281,000,000 last year. This is a gain of over 41 per cent. in three years. They will cite as part of the work done to promote world trade, the conclusion of a dozen trade pacts in which the United States secured nearly 500 concessions in tariff rates, quotas and other trade restrictions.

Democratic satisfaction with the neutrality programme arises from the passage of laws which prevent shipments of munitions to nations at war, prevents loans or credits to such nations and restricts the dealings of individual citizens with those states.

These measures to reduce friction and contact with warring nations, support on the theory that they averted the possibility of a world war, which had shown were likely to draw a neutral into war. With war in progress in Africa, and threatened in central Europe and Asia, the Democrats contend they took highly valuable steps in their neutrality action.

MONETARY WAR

Finally, they are regarded as likely to claim credit for devaluation of the dollar and setting up a stabilization fund in order to raise domestic prices, regain foreign markets and compete with nations who had taken similar steps.

This monetary programme may be sharply attacked, however, by the Republican opposition, along with the neutrality policy and the foreign trade programme. Already prominent Republican individuals or groups have attacked all these Democratic moves. They attacked the stabilization fund as \$2,000,000,000, used to speculate in foreign currencies secretly; they charged the Democrats "failed to maintain a sound currency" and they charged that the tariff policy means "the home market being surrendered to foreign products." They cited an increase of imports and 400-500 import concessions granted foreign nations in trade pacts.

Debate of foreign issues promises to be lively, even though it may be secondary to domestic issues during the election contest.—United Press.

RADIO BROADCAST

Relay of Hongkong Hotel Dance Orchestra

Z.E.K. PROGRAMME

From Z.B.W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (815 kilocycles):

2.15 p.m. Close Down.

5-6 p.m. European Programme.

5-7 p.m. A Relay of the Hongkong Hotel Dance Orchestra.

7 p.m. A Violin Recital by Yehudi Menuhin.

1. Hungarian Dance No. 6 in B flat minor (Brahms); 2. Romanza Andaluza (Spanish Dance) (Sarasate); 3. Nocturne (Debussy); Flight of the Dumbie Dove (Russek-Korakov); 4. Dance Espagnole (De Falla).

7.15 p.m. "The Three Men Suite" (Eric Coates).

7.28 p.m. A Recital by Richard Crooks (Tenor) and Wilhelm Backhaus (Pianoforte).

1. Songs—Kilmer (Balfie), Good-Bye (Tosti); 2. Pianoforte Solo—Military March in B flat (Schubert); 3. Songs—Macushia (Rowe), Too Late to-morrow (Langenberg); 4. Pianoforte Solos—Moment Musical in F minor (Schubert), Impromptu in B flat (Schubert); 5. Song—Nirvana (Wendy).

8 p.m. Local Time Signal, Weather Report, Stock Quotations and Announcements.

8.05 p.m. A Relay from the K. Shing Theatre (Chinese).

11 p.m. Close Down.

8.05-10 p.m. European programme from Z.E.K. On a frequency of 610 kilocycles.

8.05 p.m. Light Orchestral Music.

Delibes in Vienna (arr. Walter); Love's Last Word (Cremieux); Le Chaland Qui Passe (Bixio); Entry of the Spring Flowers (Kockert); You shall be the King of my heart (Stolz); Milestones of Melody.

8.30 p.m. Excerpts from "To-night at 8.30" (Noel Coward) sung by Gertrude Lawrence and Noel Coward.

8.55 p.m. "Love, forever I adore you" and "Ninon" played by Reginald King and his Orchestra, with Cavan O'Connor (Tenor).

9 p.m. A Relay of the Daventry News Bulletin and Announcements (Copyright by Reuter).

9.20 p.m. Variety and Dance Music.

Fox-Trots—Radio Times. The Phantom of a Song; Song—Say that you will not forget.... Joan Cross (Soprano); Quick-Step—Who's been polishing the Sun; Fox-Trot—I couldn't be mean to you; Vocal—Jump on the Wagon; Me and the Old folks at home.... The Hill Billies; Fox-Trots—Song of the Cello. You give me ideas; Song—My shadow's Where my sweetheart used to be.... Sam Browne (Baritone); Fox-Trot—Alone at a table for two; Waltz—Love's Last Word.

10 p.m. Big Den from Daventry. Close Down.

ZEESEN PROGRAMMES

Special programmes for Far Eastern listeners will be broadcast from Zeesen as follows:

DJ1 1974 m 15,200 kc 1.30-3 p.m.

DJ2 1974 m 15,200 kc 4.45-5.15 p.m.

DJ3 1974 m 15,200 kc 4.45-5.15 p.m.

DJ4 1974 m 15,200 kc 9 p.m.-12.30 a.m.

SOUTH ASIA ZONE

South Asia Zone broadcast from DJ2 on 10.74 metres and DJ3 on 11.45 metres.

4.55 p.m. German Folk Song.

5 p.m. Music by the Reichswehr.

5.20 p.m. News and Review.

5.45 p.m. Something of Everything.

6.21 p.m. Sports Review.

6.45 p.m. News and Review.

7 p.m. Concert of Light Music.

8 p.m. News in English.

8.15 p.m. Concert of Light Music (continued).

EAST ASIA ZONE

East Asia Zone broadcast through DJ2 on 10.63 metres (15,200 kc.) 1.30-3 p.m. Concert, news at 2 p.m.

9.55 p.m. German Folk Song.

10 p.m. Greetings to our Listeners in the "Far East."

9.15 p.m. News and Review.

9.30 p.m. Hitler Youth: Georg Heilmann.

9.45 p.m. Sonnets for Cello and Piano by Haydn.

10 p.m. News and Review.

10.15 p.m. Today in Germany.

10.30 p.m. "Die Herkulesen."

11.45 p.m. Sports Review.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wavelengths and frequencies are observed by Daventry.

Sign Frequency Wavelength

GSA 6.6 metres 49.2 metres

GSC 9.50 kc. 31.55 metres

GSD 9.55 kc. 31.30 metres

GSE 11.50 kc. 25.53 metres

GSE 11.65 kc. 25.28 metres

GSE 15.40 kc. 19.52 metres

GSE 15.50 kc. 19.38 metres

GSE 15.60 kc. 19.24 metres

GSE 15.70 kc. 19.10 metres

GSE 15.80 kc. 18.96 metres

GSE 15.90 kc. 18.82 metres

GSE 16.00 kc. 18.68 metres

GSE 16.10 kc. 18.54 metres

GSE 16.20 kc. 18.40 metres

GSE 16.30 kc. 18.26 metres

GSE 16.40 kc. 18.12 metres

GSE 16.50 kc. 17.98 metres

GSE 16.60 kc. 17.84 metres

GSE 16.70 kc. 17.70 metres

GSE 16.80 kc. 17.56 metres

GSE 16.90 kc. 17.42 metres

GSE 17.00 kc. 17.28 metres

GSE 17.10 kc. 17.14 metres

GSE 17.20 kc. 17.00 metres

GSE 17.30 kc. 16.86 metres

GSE 17.40 kc. 16.72 metres

GSE 17.50 kc. 16.58 metres

GSE 17.60 kc. 16.44 metres

GSE 17.70 kc. 16.30 metres

GSE 17.80 kc. 16.16 metres

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Kowloon Phone 57032.

THE BIRTHDAY PARADE

SPECTATORS SHOULD BE EARLY

In connection with the King's Birthday Parade at Happy Valley to-morrow, the public are reminded that, as they are in their places by 5.15 p.m. at the latest they will find it very difficult to gain access to the ground. His Excellency the Governor will be arriving about that time and the entrances to the ground will be closed.

The Secretaries of the British Legion, Hongkong and China Branch, notify that accommodation for members will be available in the public enclosure.

For the first time in the history of the Colony the Hongkong Police are taking part in the King's Birthday Parade.

The Police, represented by two companies, will be under the charge of Mr. W. La-Bart Sparrow, D.S.P. (Kowloon), assisted by Mr. L. H. C. Calhoun, A.S.P. (Hongkong), and Mr. G. S. Wilson, A.S.P. (Kowloon).

TO-DAY'S IMPORTANT MIXED DOUBLES MATCH

England's Big Week Of Sport

WIMBLEDON AND THE GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Another brilliant week of sports opens in England to-day. The Derby and Ascot are over, and to-day racing gives place to tennis, golf and cricket.

At Wimbledon, "The Championship," as they are now termed, where is gathered the greatest array of tennis skill in the world, will open to-day with first round men's singles matches on all of the 16 courts.

At Hoylake the British Open Golf Championship will be played, starting to-day. The amazing performance of Alfred Padgham made him favourite for the title which was last year won by A. Perry, the Englishman. Padgham was beaten during the week-end by Adams the Scottish champion, but it is not likely this will cause him to lose public favour.

America, naturally, has sent over a strong contingent and chief threat to British supremacy comes from there. Last year, after a long period of overseas dominance, England not only won the championship, but her players occupied the first four positions. Charles Whitcombe finished second, Guld third and Henry Cotton fourth.

PERRY'S TASK

England will also be defending the major title at Wimbledon where Fred Perry is threatened by a powerful overseas invasion including Von Cramm of Germany, Donald Budge, Bryan Grant, Wilmer Allison of America, Jack Crawford and Adrian Quist of Australia, and less formidable, Housus and Destomene of France. Perry has also to take into consideration the challenge of H. W. Austin.

Austin has never yet won Wimbledon although he reached the final in 1922 when he was defeated by Ellsworth Vines, the human cyclone.

With Mrs. Helen Willis-Moody out of the way, England has a possible chance of retaining the women's singles crown. Miss Helen Jacobs, Miss Dorothy Round, Mrs. Sarah Fabry, Miss Kay Stammers, Mme. Sperling, Senorita Lizana are leading contestants with every possibility of a Jacobs-Round final as in 1934.

TEST MATCH

On Saturday next the first Test match between England and All-India will begin. England's team has been nominated and is so strong that there is every indication of the visitors being overwhelmed.

Wedged between these events is the British Empire Garden Party in London and the Royal Air Force Display at Hendon so that this week England will be an England of fashion, spectacle and sport.

Our Daily Golf Hint

The tee shot is not a perfect shot, unless it is so placed as to open up the hole for the second shot.

—Maxwell Stiles.

DONALD BUDGE'S TITLES

CLEAN SWEEP AT QUEEN'S CLUB

WIMBLEDON POINTER

London, June 20.

It has now become customary for the Americans to dominate the London tennis championships at Queen's Club particularly as the tournament, being so close to Wimbledon, does not attract England's leading players or a very powerful overseas entry.

Thus to-day Americans figured in all of the finals at Queen's Club. Donald Budge collected three titles—men's singles, men's doubles and mixed doubles. The fiery-headed Californian with the long hooked nose and attractive smile, swept past David Jones, his compatriot, to win the singles with the loss of seven games in two sets. It was a good pointer to the form which can be expected of him during the next fortnight.

Even more important was the victory of Budge and Gene Mako over Wilmer Allison and Van Ryn in the final of the men's doubles. This was also accomplished in straight sets and it marked the fifth success the young Americans have enjoyed over the famous Davis Cup combination during the past twelve months.

REMARKABLE DECLINE

The decline of Allison and Van Ryn since their defeat by Hughes and Tuckey in the Davis Cup last year has been remarkable, and no longer can they be regarded as America's chief hopes for the Wimbledon title. Budge and Mako are the likeliest challengers of Crawford and Quist.

Budge took part in his third final—the mixed doubles—late in the day and with Mrs. Sarah Fabry lost the first set to Charles Hare of England and Mlle. Jedzejowska of Poland. Mlle. Jedzejowska was playing her second final, having previously beaten Miss Susan Noel, English player in the ladies' singles.

After the first set the Americans retaliated strongly and walked away with the next two stanzas at 6-2, 6-0. The complete results as received from *United Press* were:

Men's Singles:—Donald Budge (U.S.A.) beat David Jones (U.S.A.) 6-4, 6-3.

Women's Singles:—Mlle. Jedzejowska (Poland) beat Miss Susan Noel (England) 6-2, 6-4.

Men's Doubles:—D. Budge and G. Mako (U.S.A.) beat W. Allison and J. Van Ryn (U.S.A.) 6-3, 6-1.

Women's Doubles:—Mme. Sylvia Henratin (France) and Mrs. Dorothy Anderson (U.S.A.) beat Miss Nellie Adamson and Mme. de Meulmeester (Belgium) 6-4, 5-7, 6-3.

Mixed Doubles:—D. Budge and Mrs. Sarah Fabry (U.S.A.) beat C. Hare (England) and Mlle. Jedzejowska (Poland) 3-6, 6-2, 6-0.

K. C. C. AND C. R. C.

AT KING'S PARK

HOME TEAM HAS A CHANCE

(By "VERITAS")

Having annihilated Kowloon Cricket Club second team to the tune of nine-love, Chinese Recreation Club to-day try conclusions with K.C.C. (1) in the mixed doubles tennis league. The match is being played at K.C.C. and promises to provide one of the best encounters of the season.

K.C.C.'s unexpectedly good showing against U.S.R.C. in their first match of the season encourages them to regard to-day's test with a certain amount of confidence. There is not sufficient comparative form to say whether C.R.C. are stronger or even as strong as U.S.R.C., but paper form alone indicates they have a very useful team, and like the U.S.R.C. are well served by their lady players.

GROUND A REAL ADVANTAGE

The fact that the match is being played at Cox's Road is a real advantage to the K.C.C., and it may be sufficient to turn the result in their favour. Unless Tsui Yun-pul strikes his top form, the visitors may find themselves dependent on two pairs. In this respect the homesters should enjoy a slight edge. They have a more reliable, if less brilliant, trio of men. On the other hand C.R.C. would appear to be somewhat better served by their ladies, even allowing for the fact that Mrs. Litton is not so strong as she used to be.

If K.C.C. can touch maximum form they stand a 50-50 chance of winning.

U.S.R.C. will be tested by Club de Recoelo who last week shared the points with K.C.C. (2). In that match A. V. Remedios was seen at his best which makes him second to none in Hongkong, but the Portuguese are not so well served by their ladies as the U.S.R.C. and as Mrs. Kayll is now fit, it is unlikely that Recoelo will secure more than two or three sets.

NO "A" PROGRAMME

There is no "A" Division programme to-morrow, and with the exception of the Craigengower-Civil Service clash, there is very little of note about the "B" Division. Both C.R.C. teams can be expected to win, the "Over 40" against Central British and the senior outfit against I.R.C. Kowloon Cricket Club will not have a very easy task against the varsity of the Varsity's victory over Craigengower last week. Nevertheless K.C.C. should win and I expect to see points go to Craigengower, and, of course, Recoelo who are hosts to H.K.C.C.

The important feature about the "C" Division programme on Thursday is the match between K.I.T.C. and Recoelo. Both are undefeated at the moment, Recoelo having won three games and Kowloon Indians two. The match is being played on the Indians' courts and the Portuguese are bound to be fully expected.

There is a real local "Derby" at K.C.C., where the club's two teams in the division play each other. K.C.C. (1) should win although in the clubhouse they do say the second string have a surprise packet all ready and waiting.

South China, another 100 per cent team, entertain Craigengower who have done little of note as yet and who must be expected to lose. Kowloon Tong, playing at home, should beat Civil Service and the University look good for two points from C.R.C., who have been extremely disappointing to date.

Here is the complete programme for the week.

TODAY

Mixed Doubles
K.C.C. v. C.R.C.
U.S.R.C. v. Recoelo

WEDNESDAY

"B" Division

C.R.C. (2) v. C.B.A.
I.R.C. v. C.R.C. (1)
K.C.C. v. University
C.C.C. v. S.C.C.
Recoelo v. H.K.C.C.

THURSDAY

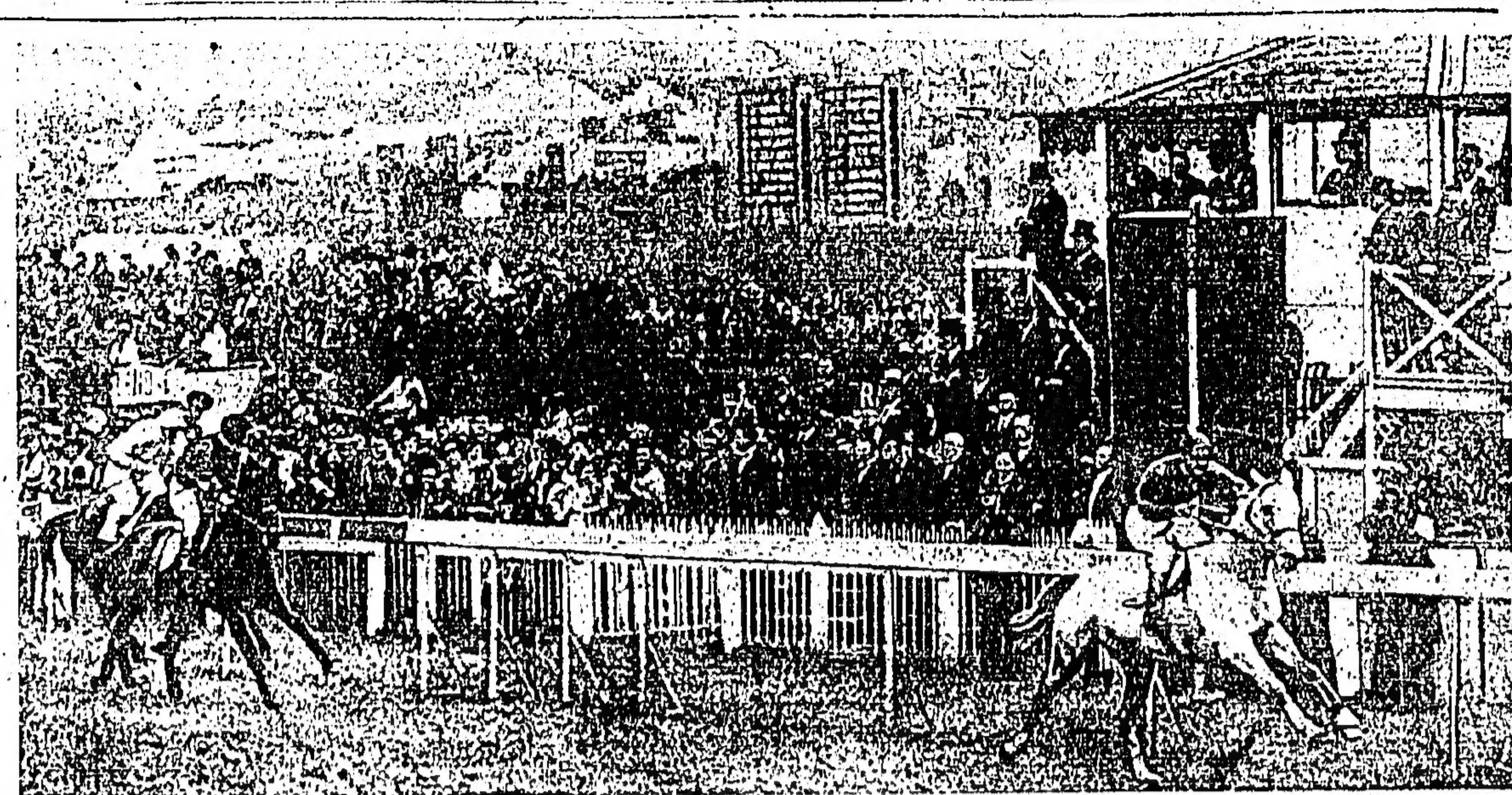
"C" Division

K.I.T.C. v. Recoelo
S.C.A.A. v. C.C.C.
I.R.C. v. A.T.C.
K.C.C. (1) v. K.C.C. (2)
K.T.G.C.A. v. C.S.C.C.
H.K.U.T.C. v. C.R.C.

FRIDAY

"D" Division

I.R.C. v. A.T.C.
I.R.C. v. K.C.C.
P.R.C. v. C.B.A.
K.I.T.C. v. C.C.C.



Striking picture of the Aga Khan's Mahmoud passing the winning post lengths ahead of Taj Akbar, and (third), Thankerton, to win the famous Derby classic last month. Smirks was the jockey and it was his second Derby triumph.

Federation Want Explanation From Lee Wai-Tong

Regarding Charges Of Professionalism NO ACTION WILL BE TAKEN AT PRESENT

Shanghai, June 15.

At a meeting of the Committee of the China National Amateur Athletic Federation last night, it was decided that investigation of the charges of professionalism levelled against Lee Wai-tong some two weeks ago by local sports writers, would be postponed, pending further information, until the next meeting of the Federation.

The situation remains just as uncertain as ever, although the Federation has decided to write a letter to Lee Wai-tong requesting him to report regarding his alleged relations with several newspapers in Shanghai. Until further details are available it seems therefore that no action will be taken by the Federation.

Charges of professionalism against certain members of the Olympic Track and Field team were also examined last night, and after due deliberation it was decided to drop L. K. Chang, decathlon star, from the squad. Chang is said to be the assistant physical director of a local Chinese university and the Federation made its decision in view of contradictory evidence.

No other alterations were effected in the team although the following confirmations were made:

Swimming: Chung Chun-hing and Miss Yeung Sau-king.
Walking: T. N. Tsai and Y. Y. Chow as delegates from the C.N.A.A.F. and C. K. Chang and C. S. Cheng as representatives of the China Walkers' Association.

THREE RESERVES

Three athletes, K. B. Chang, K. Szeto, and T. T. Ho were placed on the reserve list with precedence to be given in the order named. The try-out for the pole-vault candidature between Paul Fu and W. H. Wang will be held on Tuesday, June 16, at the Yenching Road Stadium. The winner will be placed on the team, while the loser will accompany the squad on the reserve list.

The entire track and field team will leave Shanghai on the morning of June 23 for Nankin, where they will be received by high Government officials, who will render various addresses and parting injunctions in the form of a farewell ceremony. The team will also pay their respects to the Mausoleum.

Apart from these facts, the C.N.A.A.F. would not disclose any further information regarding last night's meeting and it is expected that the uncertain situation existing at present with regard to Lee Wai-tong and to the track team, will be cleared up before long.

With Montana in Hawaii, on route to the Philippines, only the two—Garcia and do Guzman—are present to carry on the fight for a recognized world championship for the Philippines. And neither seems capable of doing just that—United Press.

Tommy is entirely out of the picture, and has been so for the past semester, as far as important matches have been concerned.

ENGLAND SELECTS SPLENDID TEST TEAM

Four amateurs are included in England's Test team to meet All-India at Lord's next Saturday, led by C. O. Allen of Middlesex. It is a very strong batting side with no less than eight players who make big scores regularly in county cricket.

Gimblett, the young Somerset farmer who has sky-rocketed himself into the newspaper headlines and cricket fame, deservedly gets a place in view of his many magnificent batting performances this season.

Gover's exceptionally fine bowling for Surrey has secured his inclusion, while two other youngsters to obtain recognition are Hardstaff of Nottingham and James Langridge of Sussex.

The amateurs consist of Allen, who is a first-class all-rounder, R. E. S. Wyatt, who claims a similar distinction, R. W. V. Robins, who will be chiefly used for his bowling and M. J. Turnbull, who is in to better the batting.

AUSTRALIA IN MIND

The selectors have clearly kept next winter's Australian tour in mind in the selection of the team. It is extremely well balanced. The batting is further stiffened by the presence of Maurice Leyland, while the bowling boasts variety as a result of the inclusion of Verity and Mitchell.

Yorkshire supplies four players, Middlesex two, and the rest are drawn from Glamorgan, Somerset, Sussex, Warwickshire and Nottingham. The team should be able to beat the Indians very comfortably, especially

WORLD RECORD BREAK

Tom Newman's Feat At Thurston's

London, May 29.
Tom Newman set up a new world record under the amended bank-line rule when he made a break of 1,394 against Joe Davis, holder, in the final of the Professional Billiards Championship at Thurston's last night. The previous best was 1,177 by Davis. Newman's effort was made by a variation of all-round play and top-of-the-table billiards. It occupied about one and a half hours and contained surprisingly few runs of consecutive close cannons—35, 29, 25 and 30.

In the first session Newman, despite a break of 532 by Davis, outplayed his rival by 1,087 points to 707, the respective averages being 217 and 141. Newman's first of all carried an overnight 4 to 410, and after another break by Davis of 169 played out time with a brilliant effort of 562 (unfinished).

In addition to carrying the unfinished effort to the record score, Newman last night made another break of 489. Davis's best was 116.

Newman's brilliant play enabled him to reduce his arrears from 2,274 to 812. Closing scores: Davis, 7,218; Newman, in play, 6,606.

In view of the unfortunate incidents reported during the week-end which will considerably weaken the visitors.

THE TEAM

The team is as follows:
G. O. Allen (Middlesex) captain.
R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwickshire).
R. W. V. Robins (Middlesex).
M. J. Turnbull (Glamorgan).
Leyland (Yorkshire).
Verity (Yorkshire).
Mitchell (Yorkshire).
Duckworth (Lancashire).
Gower (Sussex).
Gimblett (Somerset).
Langridge, Jas. (Sussex).
Hardstaff (Notts).

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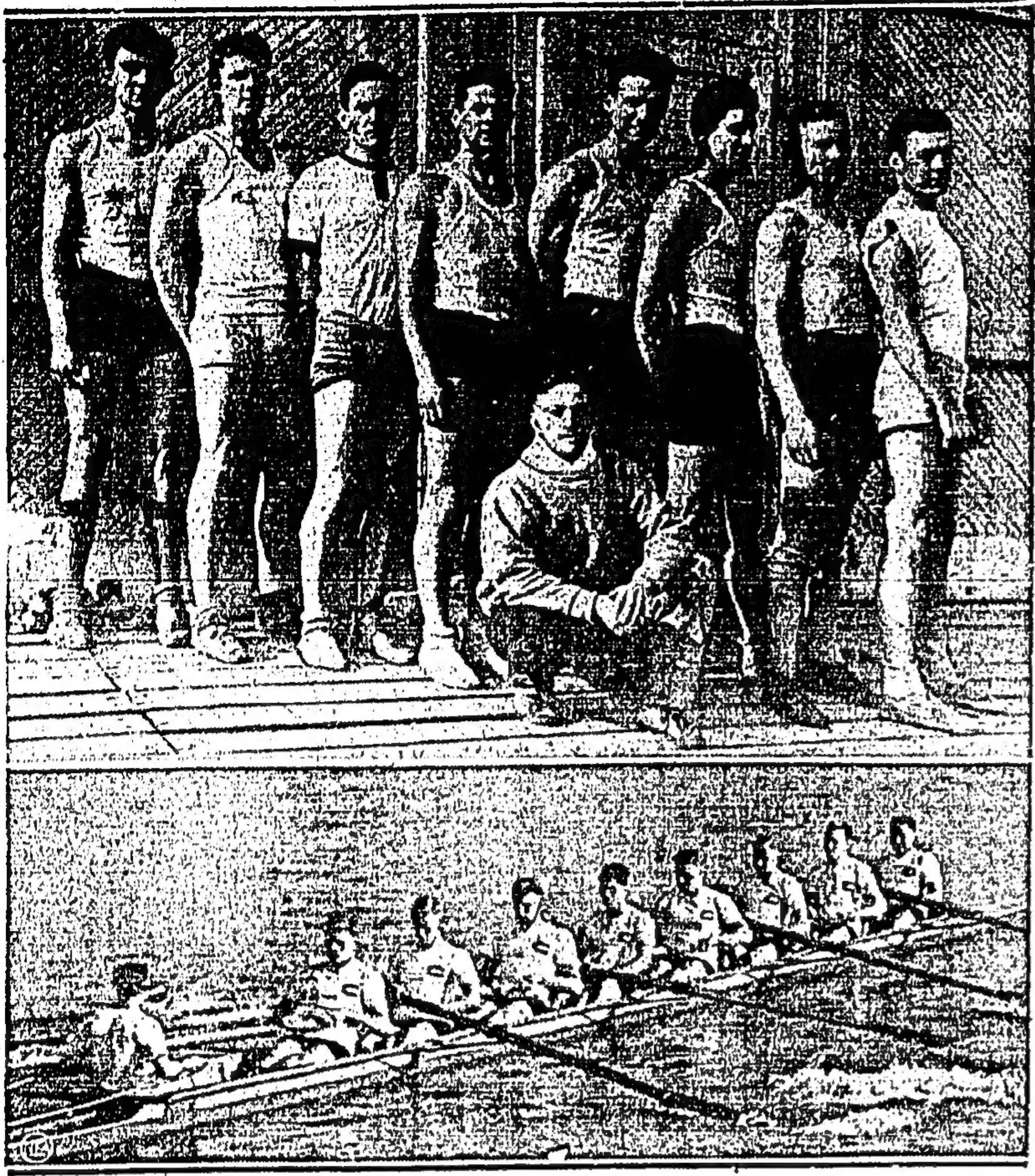
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University of California's hope of winning a third consecutive Olympic Games title, and University of Washington's ambitions to make Berlin trip for America add new interest to the Inter-Collegiate rowing regatta on the Hudson River to-day. The Washington crew, shown left to right: Morris, Day, Adams, White, McMillan, Hunt, Ranta, Hume and Mack (cox). California's hopes, below, are, left to right: Maxwell (cox), Porterfield, Thompson, Graves, Bigham, Swanson, McKinney and Fleming.

To-day's Inter-Collegiate Rowing Regatta

Will Be Pointer Towards American Olympic Representation

Poughkeepsie, New York, June 21.

Pointing toward the Olympic rowing tryouts at Princeton in July, seven of the nation's outstanding eight-oared shells will race down the four mile Hudson River course at dusk to-day in the thirty-eighth renewal of the inter-collegiate regatta.

Earlier in the day the freshmen crews will compete over a two-mile course and the Junior-varsity boats over three miles.

Participants in the varsity race are Washington, California, Cornell, Syracuse, Columbia, and Pennsylvania Universities, and the U. S. Naval Academy.

Winner of last year's race was California, by only three-fifths of a second over the rugged oarsmen of Cornell. The time was 18 minutes, fifty two seconds, only 16-1/5 seconds faster than the record established by the 1928 California crew.

Cornell holds the record of fourteen victories in the historic competition. Syracuse is second with five victories.

The majority of to-day's contestants likely will compete on Lake Carnegie, Princeton, for the fight to represent the United States in the Olympics, a distinction which fell to California in the last two Olympics.

Poughkeepsie, which is the seat of Vassar College and the county seat of Dutchess County, home of President Roosevelt, was crowded with visitors from all parts of the country. The streets were decked with flags and both sides of the four mile course were jammed with flag-waving spectators.

The starting point for the race is opposite Krum's Elbow, a bend in the river overlooked by President Roosevelt's estate. The boats pass under two bridges. The first, the Central New England railroad cantilever bridge, marks the three mile point. The second, the mid-Hudson highway bridge, is close to the finish line off Kaal's Rock, a stony bluff named after a Dutch trader who plied the river in early colonial days.

The varsity race is always run at dusk because the water is usually calmest then.—United Press.

London, June 20. The Japanese Olympic rowing crew won the Challenge Trophy at the Marlow Regatta to-day, beating the Thames Rowing Club by a length and a half in the final.—Reuter.

EX-HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMP MIXES COCKTAILS AND REMINISCES

GEORGES CARPENTIER ON DAYS THAT USED TO BE

Paris. Fifteen years after and 3,000 miles away from Boyles Thirty Acres, Georges Carpentier is busily mixing highballs.

France's greatest contribution to the fight game, who was knocked out cold by Jack Dempsey in the fourth round of the historic Battle of the Century in Jersey City on July 2, 1921, is again on the scene, this time in a more luxurious establishment in the heart of the Etolite district.

Shaking up cocktails, mixing Martinis and concocting an untold number of other beverages have proved profitable that "Handsome" Georges is about to open a second and classier bar.

To-day at the age of 42, Carpentier is moderately well-off, respected and well-liked. He is seen everywhere: at social functions, at sports events, at famous resorts. He is still the idol of old.

STILL INTERESTED Ten years absence from the ring and his multi-occupations, however, have not dulled his interest in the boxing world. He is as actively connected with the game as the days when he was punching his way to fame. Until ten years ago he trained boxing as a fighter inside the ring. To-day his perspective is trained on it from the outside.

With the reputation he established during his fighting days, his influence of the present day is great. He is held up as an example to the youth of the land. He is to boxing in France what Henri Cocchet, Rene Lacoste and Jean Borotra were to tennis and Jules Ladoumegue to running.

He is a constant contributor to the French sporting press. He writes as he thinks. Following the recent Marcel Thil-Lou Brouillard championship fight, which the Frenchman won on an alleged foul, he almost alone among his countrymen, unhesitatingly wrote that Thil had been knocked out. This caused much unpleasantness and lost him numerous friends but he remained steadfast to his opinion.

But his contact to boxing is even closer. His services as a referee are much in demand. From time to time he gives lectures and he has given any number of exhibitions. When his colorful manager, Francois Descamps, who fathered and guided him to a world's title, died Georges took over his fight stable. He has given it up for the present but he intends to return to it when he discovers a promising fighter.

LOVES TO REMINISCÉ

Carpentier loves to reminisce about his own fighting days. Often he comes out from behind his own bar and sits around with a few of his friends to talk about the old days. This correspondent found him in such a group recently when Carpentier started to recount his greatest thrill in the ring. While sipping his cocktail, he said:

"That dates back to 1911 when I was 17 years old and only a welterweight. I met the American Harry Lewis and beat him on points in a hard 20-round fight. The thrill of that victory, against a fighter with an international reputation and one of my most important fights up to that time, was never recaptured by me in later and more important fights."

This naturally led to the question, which fight did he consider his most gruelling. As if such a fight, because of its unpleasantness, were still fresh in his memory, he quickly answered:

"There were two of them. They were against Frank Klaus and Billy Papke and both in 1912. I was disqualified against Klaus after 19 rounds of a gruelling struggle and I abandoned to Papke in 18 rounds after taking a good licking. They are moments I wouldn't care to relive."

Asked to name the greatest fighters he ever saw in action in each of the categories, Carpentier began with Dempsey, as if to pay homage to his victor. After several moments of reflection, he continued:

"DEMPSEY WITHOUT EQUAL." Among the heavyweights, Dempsey stands without equal among the fighters I saw in action. Jack Delaney was the best among the light heavyweights although Tommy Loughran was exceptionally capable. Stanley Ketchel, to my mind, was the

greatest of middleweights. Mickey Walker stands head and shoulders over the other welterweights while Benny Leonard was the king of lightweights. Jimmy Driscoll was tops among the featherweights, with Kid Chocolate the best among more recent fighters. Al Brown led the bantamweights and Jimmy Wilde headed the small fellows."

After naming his group Carpentier added that the greatest French fighter of all time was Charles Ledoux, former French bantamweight and featherweight champion "who was kept from winning a world's title because of the War."

Carpentier doesn't think fighting has changed very much since he first donned gloves back in 1905. He said it has been speeded up a bit due to the shorter scheduled fights otherwise "fighting to-day is just like the fighting of 30 years ago. It's no better or no worse."

Among the modern heavyweights he ranks Joe Louis as the best. He added, and "not just the best of a bad lot" as many consider the Black Bomber. He thinks Louis will be the next world's champion.—United Press.

LAWN BOWLS TO-DAY SMALL PROGRAMME OF MATCHES

There is a small programme of lawn bowls championship matches to-day: two in the pairs and two in the singles. The games are:

PAIRS CHAMPIONSHIP

S. O. Bux and A. R. Minu v. L. Glendinning and J. Shepherd (Craig-gower Green).

J. E. Noronha and F. X. M. da Silva v. L. A. Gutierrez and A. A. dos Remedios (Kowloon B. G. C. Green), 5 p.m.

SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

C. Champelovier v. D. M. Khan (Hongkong Electric Green).

J. S. Riddell v. A. E. Carey (Indian R.C. Green), 5.15 p.m.

British "Woman" Athlete's Sex Changed

London, May 29.

A well-known British athlete who gained international honours as a woman has as result of two operations changed her sex and become a man.

For 30 years Miss Mary Edith Louise Weston, of Oreston, near Plymouth, lived the normal life of a woman, and in addition won the British Women's Championship for putting the shot and throwing the javelin.

Now "she" is Mr. Mark Weston and has discarded skirts, blouse and stockings for trousers, shirt and collar and tie.

On Wednesday she received the following certificate signed by Mr. L. R. Broster, a surgeon at Charing Cross Hospital:

"This is to certify that Mr. Mark Weston, who has always been brought up as a female, is a male and should continue life as such."

Mr. Weston, as a woman competed in the World Games at Prague in 1930.

"I began to realise that I was abnormal and had no business competing in women's games," he told a reporter. "For some time I did not have the courage to see a doctor. A few weeks ago I saw a specialist in London, and after undergoing two operations in Charing Cross Hospital and convalescing for seven weeks I have returned home as a man."

Many remarkable sex operations have been carried out at Charing Cross Hospital, including, it was recently stated, no fewer than 25 on women who were changing into men. The operations on these patients restored them to normal womanhood. A few months ago, it will be recalled, a Czechoslovakian woman athlete, Miss Zdenka Koubkova, who competed in the Women's World Games at the White City, underwent a series of operations to change her sex. She has now altered her name to Mr. Zdenek Koubek.

BERLIN OLYMPICS

Paris, June 20. The Government has decided that France will not officially participate in the Olympic Games which will be held at Berlin in August.

However, a bill will be tabled in Parliament to open credits to enable representatives of French Federations of Sports to participate.

The Government's decision is designed as a political gesture against Germany.—Reuter's Bulletin Service.

RECORDS FALL

Grand Performances By Americans

SUPERD OWENS

Chicago, June 20. The University of Southern California, with 104 1/3 points, to-day won the greatest National Collegiate athletic meet in history.

Ohio State University was second with 79 points, while Indiana, with 42, and Stanford, with 36, were next in that order.

Jesse Owens, the Negro athlete of Ohio University, repeated his "grand slam" for the second successive year, winning the 100 metres in 10.2 seconds, which is a world's record; 200 metres in 21.3 seconds; the 200 metres hurdles in 23.1 seconds; the broad jump with a leap of 25 feet 10 1/4 inches.

Ken Carpenter, of the University of Southern California, again won the Discus Throw, with an effort of 173 feet, which constitutes a world's record.—United Press.

Record Will Not Stand

Chicago, June 20. Jesse Owens, of Ohio University, broke the world's record for the 100 metres with a time of 10.2 seconds.

The previous best was by Percy Williams, of Canada, who in 1930 was clocked in 10.3 seconds. Owens' record will not stand, however, as his performance was aided by a wind, the measured velocity of which was 2.6 miles an hour.

Kenneth Carpenter, of Southern California, broke the world's discus record with an effort of 173 feet, the previous best being 171 feet 11 1/2 inches by Anderson of Sweden in 1934.

Forrest Towns, of the University of Georgia, smashed the world's record for the 110 metres high hurdles with 14.1 seconds, as compared with Percy Beard's former time of 14.2 seconds.—Reuter.

QUALIFYING EVENTS

Archie Williams Beats Old Record for 400 Metres

Chicago, June 19. In the qualifying event for the 400 metres in the National Collegiate athletic meet, Archie Williams, of California, broke the world's record for the distance with 46.1 seconds, which beats the former world's record of 46.2 seconds.

Jesse Owens, with a leap of 25 feet 10 1/4 inches, won the broad jump, and tied with the world's record.

Herman Wallander, of Texas University, tied with the world's record of 10.3 seconds in the 100 metres dash.—United Press.

Reuter adds that Archie Williams thus beats the former record established by William Carr in 1932 by a tenth of a second.

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E/Japan	June 26	June 28	July 1	July 3	July 5	July 9	July 14
E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18	July 22	July 27
E/Canada	July 24	July 26	July 28	July 30	Aug. 1	Aug. 5	Aug. 10
E/Russia	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	Aug. 15	Aug. 19	Aug. 24
E/Japan	Aug. 21	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Aug. 27	Aug. 29	Sept. 3	Sept. 8
E/Asia	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 12	Sept. 16	Sept. 21
E/Canada	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	Sept. 22	Sept. 24	Sept. 26	Oct. 1	Oct. 6
E/Russia	Oct. 2	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 8	Oct. 10	Oct. 14	Oct. 19
E/Japan	Oct. 16	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Oct. 22	Oct. 24	Oct. 28	Nov. 3
E/Asia	Oct. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 3	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 11	Nov. 16
E/Canada	Nov. 13	Nov. 15	Nov. 17	Nov. 19	Nov. 21	Nov. 25	Dec. 1
E/Russia	Nov. 25	Nov. 27	Nov. 29	Dec. 1	Dec. 3	Dec. 7	Dec. 12

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Chichibu Maru Thurs, 30th July

Seattle & Vancouver.
Hikawa Maru (Starts from Kobe) Fri., 14th July
Hive Maru (Starts from Kobe) Sat., 1st Aug.

New York via Panama.
Nobima Maru Tues., 7th July
Noto Maru Mon., 27th July

South America (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu.
Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.
Hiei Maru Sat., 4th July

London, Marseilles, Antwerp & Rotterdam.
Tasuki Maru Fri., 3rd July
Hakone Maru Sat., 18th July

Liverpool via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus, Genoa & Valencia.
Delugon Maru Fri., 10th July

Sydney & Melbourne via Manila & P.O.
Atsuta Maru Sat., 27th June
Kamo Maru Sat., 26th July
Neptuna (Calls Saigon) Sat., 4th July

Bombay via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
Toyama Maru Sun., 28th June
Denmark Maru Thurs., 2nd July
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"THE STORY OF
LOUIS PASTEUR"FICTIONISED BY
Joseph Jefferson O'Neill

SYNOPSIS

Little Joseph Meister, a lad from Alsace, had been bitten by a mad dog. His mother and family doctor had brought him to Paris to Louis Pasteur, for treatment. Pasteur had been successful with dogs—he had never experimented on a human being. "Fate or death would be the penalty for failure. Yet he yielded to the pleas of the mother. That night his own daughter was to give birth to her child. Pasteur refused to allow her husband, who was his assistant, to be disturbed, and begged his enemy, Dr. Charbonnet to take the case.

CHAPTER V

Fate had a way, those days, of elevating Louis Pasteur to the heights, then casting him down to the depths. He had just after he had halted the carriage of Dr. Charbonnet, and implored him to bring into the world the child of his daughter Annette. Charbonnet was in the living room of the Pasteur home, adjoining the daughter's bedroom.

"And you still insist upon this nonsense of yours, that I must toil my instruments, scrub my hands and arms?" demanded Charbonnet. "My dear Monsieur Pasteur, I came here only as a matter of professional courtesy—and, not to be taught my business as a physician."

"I beg of you, Dr. Charbonnet." It can do you no harm. Please do it my way even if only this once!"

The Academy physician pondered a moment, then sat down at Pasteur's desk and began to write. "I will take your suggestions on one consideration—if you'll sign this," he said, handing the chemist the sheet of paper. It read:

"I hereby acknowledge that my investigation into the cause of hydrophobia has proven fruitless and is of no value whatsoever."

But, again, humiliated, tricked, Pasteur knew nonetheless that he was in Charbonnet's power. He seized a pen and put his name to the statement.

"Thank you, Monsieur," said the Academy doctor. "We will proceed with your rigorous methods of boiling and scrubbing. If I live another month without developing hydrophobia, I shall feel justified in publishing this note of yours in the leading journals of Europe."

Charbonnet followed Madame Marie Pasteur into the room where lay her daughter, Annette. Louis Pasteur strolled slowly toward his laboratory.

A buzz and commotion sounded outside the Pasteur home. Louis looked through a window, heard his name called in queer accents. He opened the casement. Before him stood Dr. Zaranoff, the Russian who had been sent by his government to look into a possible cure for hydrophobia.

About Zaranoff ranged a group of bedraggled, unkempt peasants from the steppes of the Czar's land.

"They are mad victims of rabid wolves," the Russian doctor explained when Pasteur descended. "Their villagers have sent them to you. You are their only hope!"

"But Zaranoff, I am not a doctor; I treat only dogs, not humans."

I treated, recalling the little boy, Joseph Meister, upon whose life, Joseph, too, how day by day, injection by injection, the lad was improving. Perhaps these poor unfortunate—

"Very well, Zaranoff, I will hazard my freedom, perhaps my life, but I will try to save them. Take them to the hospital on Montparnasse—

isolate them—see that I get a full report on each case."

Laboriously, Louis Pasteur made his way back into his home; toiled up the stairway to the room adjoining Annette's, fell into a chair. Physically worn, in a mortal turmoil, he was about at the end of his resistance. Indeed, he was beyond the end of it.

"Louis, dear—we have a grandson!" cried Madame Pasteur as she entered the room and put her arms about him.

There was no answer. "Do you hear!—A grandson!" But Pasteur did not hear. He was unconscious.

Dr. Charbonnet, hanting in response to the wife's call of alarm, picked up Pasteur's limp hand, felt his pulse and temples. "He's had a stroke!" said the Academician.

"There's nothing we can do immediately, except put him to bed."

It was three days later before Louis Pasteur was conscious enough to talk. There was still slight paralysis of his left side, but he was able to move, awkwardly. His faithful assistant Roux was the one he demanded to see, immediately.

"The Meister child, how is he? It appears to be completely cured? Oh, thank God! Thank God! And the Russian peasants—what of them, Roux?"

"The hospital refused to allow our treatment without permission from the Academy. The permission was granted this morning, but it's too late. Three of them died yesterday—horribly!"

Pasteur struggled to get out of bed. "Let me up—I must go to them! How many are left, Roux?"

"Nineteen—but it's no use—it's hopeless."

"If our efforts can save only one, it will be worth it. Help me—get me dressed! Summon Dr. Martel—all the other assistants—bring all the serum we have—we're going to the hospital!"

On the fourteenth day after Louis Pasteur had dragged himself from his bed, he was walking—slowly and with a limp, to be sure, but nevertheless walking—through the Montparnasse hospital. And he was happy. The Russians—all nineteen—were past the danger-point of rabies. They kissed his hands, called blessing upon him, as he passed their cots.

Madame Meister and little Joseph, now a perfectly normal, healthy child, came to see their father. "God will reward you, Monsieur—and we shall always pray for you. You are a man who shall ever be remembered," the Alsacian woman told him with tear-filled eyes. And Pasteur's own eyes were not dry.

There was another visitor—one who caused Pasteur to start in amazement. "Charbonnet!" he exclaimed. "I didn't—didn't thank you for delivering my beautiful grandson."

"You have been ill, Monsieur," said the Academician. "I am sorry. Perhaps this—this note—may speed your recovery."

The scientist unfolded the paper Charbonnet handed him. It was the note which Pasteur had been forced to sign to save his daughter, Annette—the note in which he falsely acknowledged that his hydrophobia cure was bogus.

"A bargain's a bargain, Dr. Charbonnet," said Pasteur, handing back the paper. The Academician took it and tore it to bits. He smiled rather sadly. "I did not come here, Monsieur, merely to give you that note," he said. "I have hydrophobia. I came here to take the Pasteur treatment."

"What?" "Who is he? What's his name?" Pasteur was sufficiently restored to health to have regained his normal hot temper.

"Order the carriage at once. I'll refute him whoever he is!"

Dr. Roux met the Pasteurs at the Sorbonne. "You're just in time," he said. "And they've arranged for you to have a seat on the platform."

Madame Pasteur hurriedly kissed Louis' cheek. "Have courage, dear—I'll be listening."

From within the hall there came muffled sound of applause. "For whom is that tribute?" inquired Pasteur. "For Dr. Lister—Lister from England," Roux told him. "Lister—Lister to speak against me?" Roux led him into the auditorium.

A thunderous burst of cheers greeted Louis Pasteur's appearance. The entire assemblage arose. Perhaps

never had the ancient Sorbonne seen such an ovation. President Thiers of the French Republic came forward and took the scientist's arm within his own, to lead him to the rostrum. The military band in the orchestra pit struck up a triumphant march.

In the centre of the stage Dr. Joseph Lister stood awaiting the humble little scientist. "Monsieur Pasteur," he said, "I greet you in the name of all humanity." Tears filled Louis' eyes. "Lister—great Lister!" he said.

The Russian Ambassador to France, a bearded giant of a man, stepped forward with a bright coloured ribbon from which depended a huge jewelled ornament.

"Monsieur, on behalf of his Imperial Majesty, the Czar of all the Russians—with his profoundest gratitude for what you have done for his subjects—I am proud to present to you the Diamond Cross of the Order of Saint Anne."

He hung the ribbon about the scientist's neck.

Louis Pasteur, through misty eyes, looked over the great assemblage. Below him he saw his lovely daughter Annette and her tall, handsome husband, Dr. Jean Martel; his beloved wife, Marie; his ever-faithful aide, Emile Roux—scores of friends—friends now, who had been enemies, persecutors, when he began his experiments with microbes and serum to kill them.

Pasteur tried to speak. "I—I have no words—to express—"

With a tremendous effort he pulled himself together. He looked upward, toward the gallery, crowded with the young medical students of France.

"You young men—doctors and scientists of the future—do not let yourselves be tainted with a barren scepticism, nor discouraged by the sadness of certain hours that creep over nations."

"Do not become angry at your opponents, for no scientific theory has ever been accepted without opposition. Live in the serene peace of libraries and laboratories. Say to yourselves first, 'What have I done in return for my instruction?' and as you gradually advance, 'What am I accomplishing?'"

"Say these things until the time comes when you may have the immense happiness of thinking that you have contributed in some way to the welfare and progress of mankind."

Pasteur's voice failed again. He opened his arms in an embracing gesture. President Thiers and Dr. Lister led him to his chair. He sat down, tears of happiness rolling down his cheeks, as the assemblage thundered: "Vive Pasteur! Vive Louis Pasteur!"

THE END.

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 90
 THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

Determined to Fight Japan

SOUTH UNSHAKEN BY NANKING ATTITUDE

Canton, June 22.

Clarifying the South-west provinces' stand in connection with the recent expedition which marched into Hunan, Marshal Chan Chai-tong declared to-day, in a speech at the Weekly Memorial Service, that their policy of resistance to Japan was no new thing, but had been adopted since the Mukden incident of September 18, 1930.

For that reason, he said, Nanking's objection to an anti-Japanese expedition was not understandable.

He explained at length the circumstances leading to the decision of the South-west Political Council to march against Japan, emphasising that although the Kwangtung and Kwangsi forces had been withdrawn to their own borders in order to avoid the danger of civil war, the South-west's anti-Japanese stand remained unaltered.

The South-west policy, he declared, was still to seek resistance against Japanese aggression under the leadership of the Central Government, hoping that the Central authorities will show a determination to resist invasion and fix a route by which the South-west armies can march north to participate in the war.—*Reuter Special.*

Dangerous Pressure

Canton, June 22.
 Marshal Chan Chai-tong and General Li Tsiang-shan, Kwangtung and Kwangsi leaders respectively, have again sent a telegraphic message to Marshal Chiang Kai-shek requesting the immediate discontinuance of the southward advance by the Central Government troops.

The message sounds a warning that continued or increased pressure on the part of the Central Government against the South-west will result in such indignation and reaction on the part of the people of Kwangtung and Kwangsi that the danger of war will surely follow.

Continued Advance

The telegram denounces the Nanking command for continuing its southward push in spite of the fact that Kwangtung and Kwangsi have withdrawn their troops, and urges Marshal Chiang Kai-shek to make the momentous decision on which the fate of the nation depends.

The South-west leaders pledge their full support to a campaign to resist the Japanese, declaring if the Central Government orders resistance, turns its forces northward and fix a route for the advance, the South-west troops are prepared to die on the battlefield fighting the enemy, and abiding by the orders of the Central authorities.—*Reuter Special.*

Plea For Peace

Tientsin, June 22.
 Following a conference, General Sung Chieh-yuan and General Han Fu-chu to-day telegraphed Nanking and Canton appealing for a cessation of military movements and urging a peaceful settlement.

He declared that internal strife would diminish the national energy and make China a laughing-stock for the world.

As generals guarding the border provinces, they were anxious lest an outbreak of war ruin the country.—*Reuter.*

Girl Pat's Crew Won't Be Charged

OWNERS CONTEMPLATE NO ACTION

INSURANCE COLLECTED

London, June 21.
 The curious legal position of the Grimsby trawler, *Girl Pat*, was referred to in an interview by a director of the Company owning the little vessel.

He said the Company had decided to take no action against the crew, or any legal steps with regard to the return of the vessel. The Company might, he said, be called upon to meet the cost of stores taken aboard during the voyage, and also the expense of bringing the trawler home. The Company has received \$2,400

Chiang Denies Report of Ultimatum

Nanking, June 22.

The Central Government to-day officially denied the Japanese news agency report of Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's ultimatum to the South-west provinces.

It was stated this morning that the Nanking commander had warned the South-west that unless all unauthorized troops were out of Hunan within a week, his forces would move to effect them.

It is stated on good authority that Marshal Chan Chai-tong, the Kwangtung commander-in-chief, intends to come to Nanking for the Central Executive Council meeting on July 10.—*United Press.*

HIGHLAND BATTALION DUE HERE

NOW ENGAGED IN PALESTINE

CASUALTIES SUFFERED

According to present troop arrangements, a Highland battalion will be garrisoned in Hongkong from next October, this being the 1st Battalion of the Seaforth Highlanders, who will relieve the 2nd Battalion of the East Lancashire Regiment, which will be transferred to India.

The 1st Seaforths (the 72nd Foot) at present have Egypt as their station, but the Battalion has recently been transferred for special service to Palestine, where it has been in action against the Arabs, having suffered a number of casualties in the periodical clashes which have occurred.

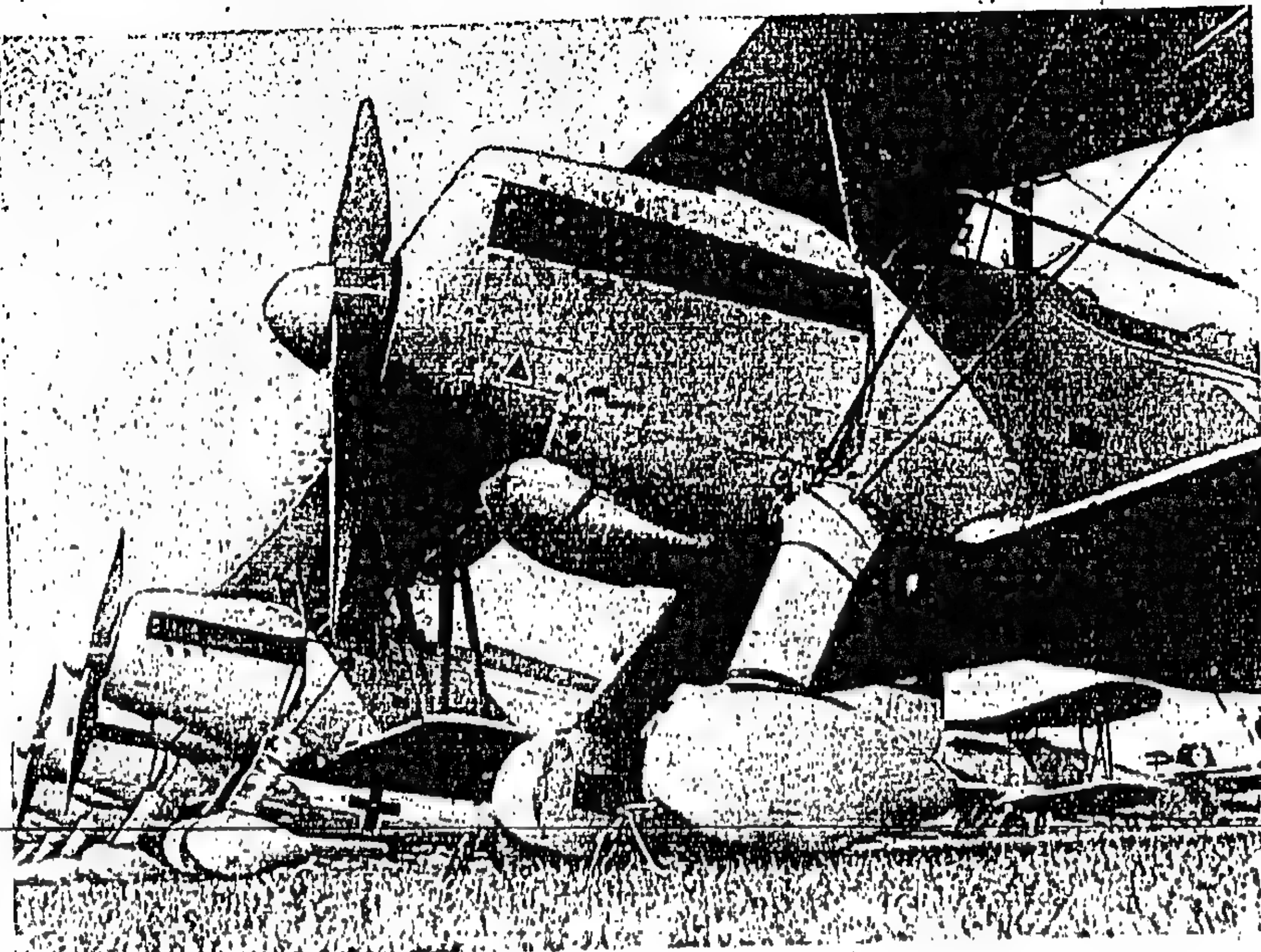
The Regiment has a fine record, including service in practically all theatres of the Great War, to which it sent no fewer than nineteen battalions.

The Battalion which is coming to Hongkong is commanded by Lieut. Col. J. M. H. M. G. C. The Regiment, which has H. M. the King as its Colonel-in-Chief, is also known as the Duke of Albany's Ross-shire Buffs, and it wears the Mackenzie tartan.

Orders were recently published to the effect that the 1st Battalion Royal Ulster Rifles will take the East Lancashire's quarters at Shamshuipo and vacate Murray Barracks, which will be occupied by the Seaforth Highlanders on their arrival here.

out of the \$3,000 for which the *Girl Pat* was insured.—*Reuter.*
 The *Girl Pat* left Grimsby early in April on a mysterious voyage, and after being falsely reported as having sunk with the loss of all lives, was chased by a Government motor vessel off Georgetown, being eventually caught and towed into port.

GLIMPSE OF GERMANY'S NEW WAR FLEET



Above is pictured a stream-lined example of the planes which constitute Germany's new Horst Weessel squadrons, recently put into commission at Dortmund, speedy and highly efficient craft which the nation is manufacturing in defiance of post-war treaties.

Japanese Ship Fired On Chinese Customs Craft Accused

Tientsin, June 22.

A Japanese newspaper last night stated that a Japanese ship, with a crew of seven Japanese and two Chinese, was fired on by a Chinese Customs preventive vessel, equipped with machine-guns, when several miles out of Chikou.

Two members of the crew were injured, it is reported.

The ship was disabled, as well, and is being towed to Tangku where the Japanese police intend to conduct an inquiry.

The Japanese paper described the firing as illegal and predicts complications.—*Reuter.*

Two Badly Wounded

Tientsin, June 22.
 A Chinese Maritime Customs steamer *Taipei Maru* to Tangku.

The Japanese captain and boatswain of the *Taipei Maru* have been brought ashore, suffering from serious bullet wounds.

The cruiser opened fire with a machine-gun when the *Taipei Maru* refused to halt for inspection off Chikou, approximately 50 miles south of Tangku.—*United Press.*

Alliance Refused

Tientsin, June 22.
 General Sung Chieh-yuan, has returned to Tientsin and is reported to have told his associates that General Han Fu-chu has refused an alliance with the Hebei-Charhar regime.—*United Press.*

Troops Arrive

Peiping, June 22.
 It is reliably reported that 500 Japanese troops have arrived at Fengtai from Shanhaiwan.

They have occupied the new Japanese barracks at Fengtai.—*United Press.*

General Recovering?

Tientsin, June 22.
 Although it was reported last night that the pro-Japanese General Liu Kwei-tang had died of the wounds inflicted by two gunmen who gained access to his home here yesterday, reports from the hospital where he is a patient assert he is recovering to-day.

Two of the three bullets which struck him down were extracted this morning.—*United Press.*

TROOPS OUT IN WAR KIT

Feared Gathering of Republicans ONLY WOMEN DEMONSTRATE

(Special to "Telegraph")

Dublin, June 21.

In view of the Free State Government's proclamation of the illegality of the Irish Republican Army, officers of that force called off the banned demonstration which had been arranged at Bodensown Churchyard, the County Kildare burial place of the patriot Wolfe Tone.

The Government took elaborate precautions against the holding of a demonstration and 500 Free State troops in full war kit, with armoured cars in support and aeroplanes humming high overhead, watched the cemetery night and day.

Civil Guards and police patrolled the roads in the neighbourhood and stopped and questioned all motorists, but nothing happened, except that a smaller Republican demonstration was held by the women of the district. The Civil Guards quietly dispersed it.

There were extraordinary scenes in Dublin this morning when police seized a large group of speakers violently attacked the Government for banning the Irish Republican Army.

The police drove the truck, and its occupants, into Dublin Castle. The men were subsequently released.

A number of arrests were made and once police fired shots to disperse a crowd. No one was injured.—*Reuter Special.*

Italo-German Trade Treaty Believed Fixed

Rome, June 21.

An Italo-German commercial agreement has been reached, according to an official statement, and will be signed on Wednesday.

No details are at present available.—*Reuter Special.*

Bomb Victim Succumbs

COOLIE DIES OF INJURIES

The victim of the bomb incident in Des Voeux Road Central, on Thursday night, Chan On, an unemployed coolie, succumbed to his injuries at 5 o'clock this morning at the Government Civil Hospital.

Chan On was sleeping outside 201, Des Voeux Road Central on Thursday when at 11.50 p.m. a bomb is believed to have been thrown at the premises.

An unemployed hawk who was also asleep sleeping was injured with Chan On and both were removed to hospital.

Lady Caldecott Convalescent

Hopes to Attend all Holiday Functions

The following communique has been issued from Government House:
 Lady Caldecott has been indisposed for three days with influenza and an accompanying fever. She is now, however, convalescent and hopes to attend all the functions arranged in connection with His Majesty the King's Birthday.

At the evening reception at Government House, it will not be possible for her to stand during the reception for more than a few of the guests, but it is hoped that she will be well enough to greet them all individually from her chair.

SHARP FIGHT WITH ARABS

British Troops Lose One Killed Planes Lend Support; Rescue Wounded

Jerusalem, June 21.

British troops, aeroplanes and police to-day fought with a large body of armed Arabs for several hours, near Tulikarem.

One British soldier, of the Seaforth Highlanders, was killed in the action. Three were wounded.

The Arab losses are put at two dead and an unknown number of wounded, but are probably heavier.—*Reuter.*

Serious Clash

Jerusalem, June 21.
 It is now learned that the Tulikarem engagement was the most serious clash since the Palestine riots began.

It started when a convoy, en route to Tel Aviv was ambushed at noon by some seventy Arabs, who were immediately engaged by the escort of Scots Fusiliers.

The British escort was soon reinforced by a detachment of Seaforth Highlanders, rushed up from Tulikarem. Four military aircraft also took off from that point and co-operated most successfully with the ground forces.

Their arrival proved the decisive factor in the engagement, for they split the Arabs into two sections, and speeded their flight to the hill caves to the north and south.

Wounded Rescued

Three planes were hit by bullets but were able to land and safely pick up the more serious British casualties, rushing them to hospital.

It is now ascertained that ten Arabs were killed.—*Reuter.*

Emergency Measures

Jerusalem, June 21.
 Emergency regulations have been tightened up to provide for the imprisonment for persons found in possession of firearms, bombs, explosives or incendiary articles.

British troops were again active during the week-end, a party of Seaforth Highlanders rounding up an armed gang of Arabs at Mount Ebal, near Nablus, who had been nightly sniping at an army camp near-by.

One Arab was seriously wounded, four were captured, and there were no British casualties.

Exile Protest

The Arab Supreme Committee has telegraphed to the Colonial Secretary and to the British Parliament protesting against the exile of Arab leaders and the demolition of Arab houses in Jaffa.

The Committee also emphatically denies that the Arab strike is financed by foreign funds.

The villagers in the district where the Jerusalem water supply pipe was blown up, have been compelled to repair the damage, since police dogs trailed the vandals to a house of the village.—*Reuter.*

CONSOLIDATING CHINA'S DEBT

\$16,608,329 OWED TO U.S. FOR COMMODITIES

Washington, June 20.
 It has been revealed that China's debt of \$16,608,329 to the United States, for cotton, wheat and flour loans, has been consolidated in the Export and Import Bank.

The debt, which was partly held by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and partly by the Grain Stabilization Corporation, represents the balance due on the original loans totalling \$20,918,211.—*United Press.*

CHAIN STORE BILL SIGNED

Washington, June 20.
 President Roosevelt to-day signed the Chain Store Bill, sponsored by Representatives Wright Patman, Democrat of Texas, and Joseph Robinet of Utah, which regulates chain store operations.—*United Press.*

DEMOCRAT SPLIT CERTAIN

AL SMITH LEADS OPPOSITION

DEFECTION NOT GRAVE BLOW

Philadelphia, June 21.

The first broadside of the forthcoming Democratic party convention, to be held on June 23, was provided to-day by Mr. A. L. Smith, former candidate for the Presidential nomination and leader of the Party's "old guard." His long-threatened disavowal of the Roosevelt faction became a virtual certainty with the issue of a joint statement, signed by leading "right-wing" members of the Democratic camp.

The signatories were Mr. Smith, ex-Governor Joseph Ely of Massachusetts, ex-Senator Reed of Missouri, ex-Secretary of State, Mr. Bainbridge and ex-Judge Daniel Cohan.

The declaration demands "the putting aside of President Roosevelt and the substitution of some genuine Democrat, falling within the patriotic voters of all parties will know unhesitatingly to what standard they must rally in order to preserve the America of the great leaders of the past."

The defection of big business interests, as represented in the group which signed the declaration, is not regarded as a serious blow to the Democratic Party. On the contrary, it may rally a number of Liberals to the Roosevelt standard.—*Reuter.*

CHAMPIONS LEMKE

New York, June 21.

Father Coughlin, famed for his political and economic broadcasts from the Shrine of the Little Flower, in one of his radio talks to-day said: "Representative Lemke (the Presidential nominee for the newly formed Union Party) has raised a banner of liberty for you to follow. May you carry it unswerving into the ranks of the money-changers and their servants now occupying the halls of the White House."

He predicted that the Union Party would file for election in every State. However, he did not claim any alliance with former New York Governor Al Smith or Dr. F. E. Townsend.—*United Press.*

RECOGNITION OF CONQUEST?

ITALY'S KING GRANTS AUDIENCE

Rome, June 21.

King Victor Emmanuel granted an audience this afternoon, for the presentation of credentials, to the Ministers of Austria, Egypt, Haiti and Iran.

Italian political circles claim that this represents at least tacit recognition by the nations concerned of the fact that the King is now also Emperor of Ethiopia.—*Reuter Special.*

The MAGIC CARPET Reaches Its GOAL

WE thought it was another mirage, but the desert traveller does not see these phantom cities at night. Here we were, in the middle of a barren desert, 300 miles from the nearest civilised place.

In the darkness we could see tall buildings, electric lights, and could hear English voices and the strains of a dance band that was playing in London.

That was perhaps the strangest adventure of all—to find a city, with all home comforts, in the midst of the Syrian desert.

We had thought to spend the night in a tent, maybe in the car at a tiny pumping station on the Iraq Petroleum Company's pipeline. But "H-4" is no tiny outpost in the desert, with a lonely exiled Britisher in charge of a score of Arab workmen. Quite the reverse.

★

ENTRY to "H-4" is made through the barbed-wire fence that guards the buildings. Our host met us at the door of his house, a manor house in the desert. Cheery Commander Brown, R.N. Retired, Engineer-in-

Charge, asked us in, introduced us to his wife and daughter.

A cocktail was ready and feed beer was on tap. Commander Brown apologised; he had just had three teeth stopped and was not feeling too fit.

Another surprise—dentistry in the desert! Oh, yes, Commander Brown explained, the company had its own dentist with X-ray equipment and all. He flew up and down the line, attending to the teeth of all who required treatment.

Food supplies are delivered by lorry or the company's own plane if necessary. Ice is made on the premises. So is ginger-ale and soda-water.

Every one of the many solid stone-built houses was made from stone quarried in the desert. There are 110 people living in luxury in the middle of this desolate region of sand and stones. We slept that night, after we had eaten a meal that would have done

by T. H. Wisdom

justice to a Parisian chef, in rooms that had their own private bath room and "every modern convenience."

If we had time we could have had a game of tennis, a round of golf in the desert, or some "not bad" shooting, as Commander Brown modestly put it.

After looking at the plant pumps that push the natural fuel from the wells at Kirkuk on its way to the waiting tankers at Haifa, we left, amazement still written on our faces, at dawn.

★

WE motored for three hours—the 100 miles to "H-3," where breakfast, ordered by phone, was awaiting us. And what a breakfast! Grapefruit, a succulent kipper, eggs and bacon and coffee.

Though we thought we could be surprised no more, the Engineer-in-Charge still had another surprise in store. Three thousand five hundred feet above sea-level they have snow here in the winter time! Snow in the desert!

It was here that I learned that the German Minister at Cairo had been found after five days in the worst sand-storm in living experience—alive and well. Reluctantly, we left the pipe-line, and over a faint track, past the

sand-hills where the famous "Flying Hotel" crashed, made our way towards Kutbah Wells. It was a lonely, thrifty drive. In 100 miles all we saw, besides sand and sand-hills, was the whitened skeleton of a camel, and graceful hovering eagles that made you shiver.

At Kutbah, a collection of mud huts and a fort, where the Imperial Airways liner on the Empire route comes down to refuel, we took on petrol at £1 a tin. Then began another 220 miles to the next civilised point. The only landmark on that journey was the burnt-out chassis of a lorry. We were thankful to see even that, for it meant that we were on the right track.

★

IT was dusk when we made Ramdi, to be told by the local police chief that on no account could he allow us to proceed. The river Euphrates had burst its banks, the track between Ramdi and Bagdad was under ten feet of water.

The little town was in an uproar—600 families were homeless; crops had been ruined; the rushing water had washed tents and herds of animals away into the desert.

At the local hotel the three of us had to share one room; the place was full up. We were awakened at four in the morning to find outside a tremendous eight-wheeled motor-coach, as big as a Pullman carriage.

It was the famous Naim transport, just in from Damascus on its weekly crossing of the desert. "Jock," the driver, can tell some

adventures of being stuck in the desert mud for days, of losing the way. But Naim always gets there—a wonderful bus service.

"Jock" knew a detour to miss the flooded area, and we followed, until we were waved on and across a final 60 miles of desert we came, at long last, to a metalled road that led us to our goal.

In the distance we could see the sun gleaming on the gold (genuine Persian) domes and minarets of the Mosque of Kadmah.

Across the bridges of boats on the Tigris and we were in the City of the Caliphs, to find in the main streets (shades of Haroun al Raschid!) a couple of Belshazzar's feasts!

★

WELL, we had got there. Never were three people more pleased to enter the hospitable portals of the General Maude Hotel and quaff a celebratory flagon of beer overlooking the swiftly flowing Tigris.

And, believe me, there is no place in which a man can enjoy his beer more than in Bagdad after a desert run!

It had been a great journey. In

4,000 miles we had not seen 1,000 miles of what the average motorist would regard as real road. We had crossed three deserts, and had spent days in sandstorms and terrific heat, yet the little "Magic Carpet" had "stood up" amazingly.

★

COVERED in sand, quite unlike that spotless machine that 18 days before had left London, all three of us were very proud of the British car. And the "Magic Carpet" must have been proud of itself, for it was the first light-car ever to make this journey. And what is more, it had done so in 11 days' running time.

The journey had been no mere stunt, but a practical "fault-finding" test. And the report that had been wireless to the factory at London was, I believe, valuable, for one or two minor modifications were made in the Wolseley "Tens" and "Twelves" before they were released to the public.

The hardships to which our Wolseley was subjected are not of the kind to which the motor-car is ordinarily subject, but the way our car stood up to those hardships was a revelation.

STAMPS make MONEY

DESPITE the careful supervision of the postal authorities, many stamps with errors, more especially of the surcharged and overprinted types, are issued to the public.

How many are aware, though, that in at least one country, an "error" was deliberately printed and sold for postal purposes? This actually happened in Barbados, a British colony in the West Indies. In 1907 the Governor authorised the issue of a special stamp in order to raise a relief fund for the sufferers of the earthquake and fire which had practically destroyed Kingstown, Jamaica, in January of that year.

★ ★

For this purpose 70,000 copies of the 2d. slate blue and orange stamp of 1899 were surcharged with the words—"Kingstown Relief Fund 1d."—in four lines of script type, and they were sold to the public at face value, but were available for penny post only, the extra penny going to the Fund. It happened that a single sheet of these was issued with the overprint inverted. When this was discovered, an entire printing of 20,000 stamps was run off with the overprint deliberately inverted and was sold to the public at the same rate as the normal stamp.

The reason for this? Simply to prevent speculation in the errors. Had a dealer obtained the single sheet of them he would have probably sold them for as much money as had been raised for the Fund, and there are some limits to what the public will stand.

★ ★

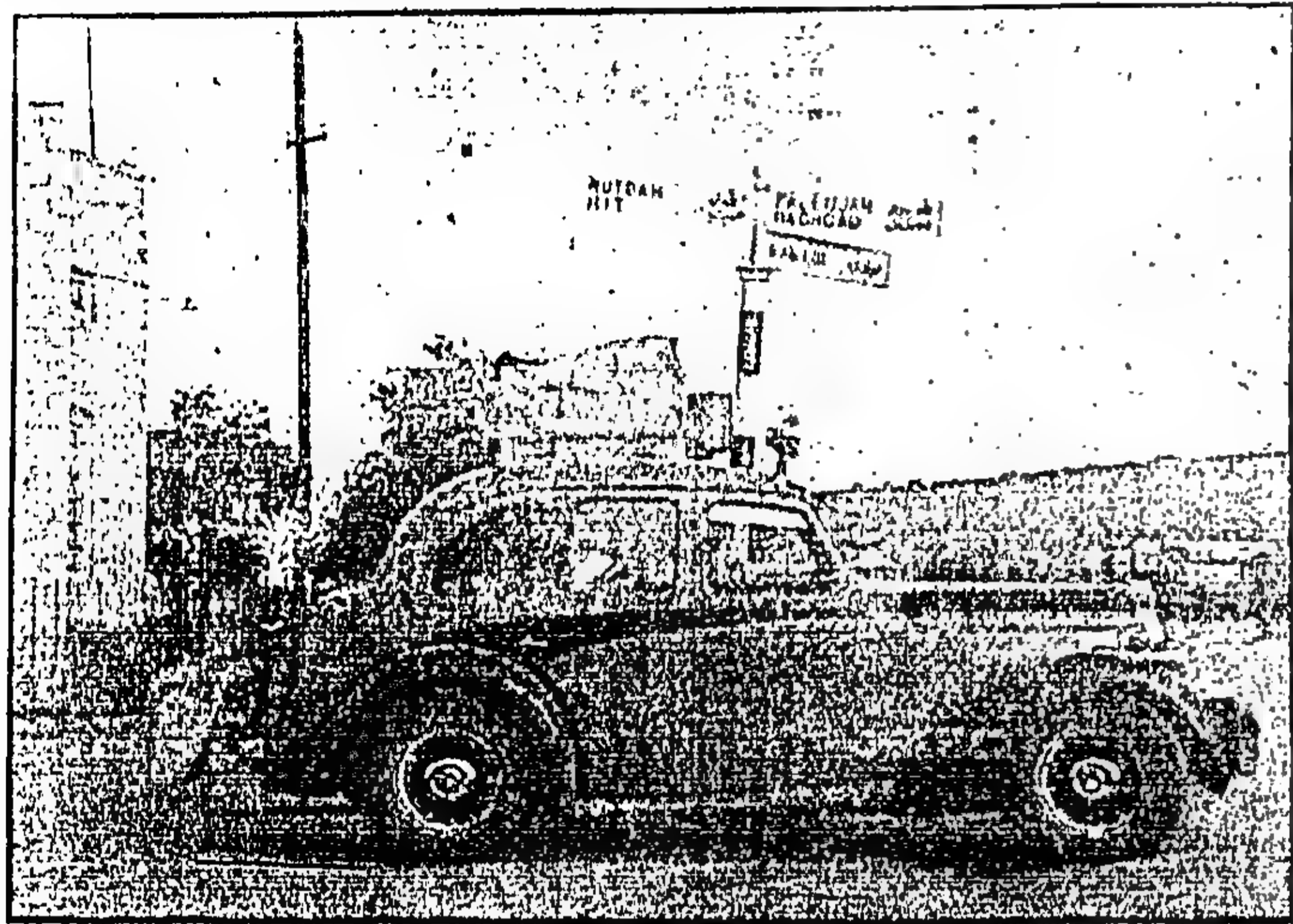
To the island of Mauritius belongs the distinction of being the first British colony to issue adhesive postage stamps. This was on September 21, 1847, seven years after their introduction in the United Kingdom.

A local watchmaker had been commissioned to prepare and print stamps similar to those then current in Great Britain, and he engraved on copper somewhat crude designs for penny and twopenny values of which he printed one at a time a total of one thousand stamps.

These stamps, now world famous as the Post Office Mauritius were mostly used on invitation cards to a ball given by the wife of the Governor of the island and very few specimens were preserved. In fact their existence was unknown until the year 1933.

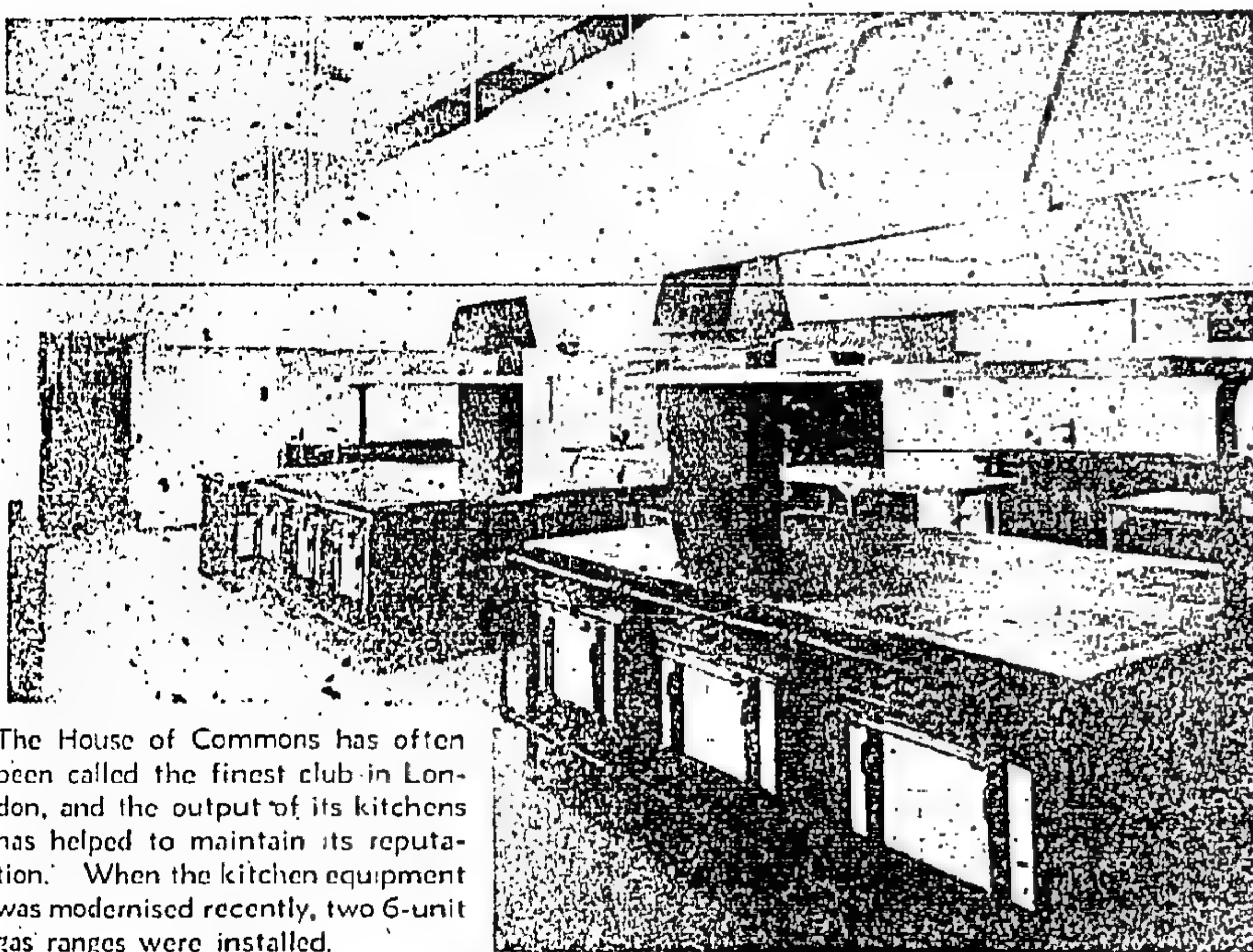
Between twenty and thirty copies only are known to exist, and naturally these are the gems of some of the most famous collections in the world.

E. N. Palmer



Ramdi—the last lap

Finest Club Cooks by Gas.



The House of Commons has often been called the finest club in London, and the output of its kitchens has helped to maintain its reputation. When the kitchen equipment was modernised recently, two 6-unit gas ranges were installed.

Large and small scale Cooking Appliances supplied and installed by

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FOR PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Lord Horder Suggests Biological Control for Humans

One person out of every ten in England is too dull or too unhealthy to be absorbed in industry; one out of every 120 is mentally unsound; and one out of every 300 is certified as insane.

This, according to Lord Horder, the noted physician, is the position in England to-day as the result of years of social effort and reformers' projects.

Lord Horder, who was lecturing on eugenics before the Academy of Medicine at New York, described eugenics as the soundest and most profitable form of preventive medicine (says Central News). Efforts at attaining biological control of human development were long overdue, he said.

"The gist of the matter seems to me," he said, "to be summed up in the question—Are we going to continue to breed and support a race of sub-men, or are we going to encourage the elevation of the race and thus reduce our commitments in the field of what we call social service?"

COMPLEX HUMAN PROBLEM

No one, Lord Horder pointed out, questioned the wisdom or morality of biological control in the animal and plant worlds. A principle which was accepted in the case of "our horses, our cattle, our dogs, our corn, and our cabbages," he held, should have been long ago to cause shock when contemplated in relation to human beings.

It was recognised generally, he continued, that the human problem was



Children's Skin Complaints.

Head and Face Sores are not infrequent complaints with little children, especially in the East. It is therefore advisable to keep She-ko handy. Many stubborn cases of Eczema, Ringworm, Dry and Wet Sores, Itch, have been successfully treated with this delightfully fragrant, non-irritating, highly antiseptic, soothing ointment.

SHE-KO
FOR THE SKIN

is likewise helpful in cases of injuries to the skin, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Bruises and similar hurts which heal rapidly when She-ko is applied.

For the treatment of all manner of skin troubles there is nothing to surpass She-ko. Sold by chemists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, 451, King's Road, Shanghai, at 70 cents per package; post free.

far from complex, but scientists were certain that basic laws remained the same, and sought only the opportunity to study "a mass of unascertained facts that would prove of enormous value if we had them."

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Hongkong Telegraph's
6th ANNUAL AMATEUR
PHOTOGRAPHIC
COMPETITION



Gigantic American Legal Battle Over Richest Man's Income Tax Nears End

MELLON MILLIONS: DID HE PAY TOO MUCH OR TOO LITTLE?

Washington, June 10.

The long fight between Andrew W. Mellon, one of the world's richest men, and the federal government over the question of income taxes, is now in its final stages.

The government claims the former secretary of the United States treasury owes \$3,075,103 in back income taxes. Mellon sees the situation as being quite reverse. He insists that he overpaid the government \$139,045 in taxes and wants it back.

Opposing attorneys have filed briefs with the board of tax appeals. The government's case is set forth in six volumes comprising approximately 1,000 pages of textual and tabular matter. Mellon's counsel needed five volumes and more than 700 pages.

On Mellon's side, Frank J. Hogan, his attorney, said the case against Mellon had no foundation, that it had been prosecuted for "political expediency," that the commissioner of Internal Revenue had been so uncertain of his claims that he had changed the amount on three occasions.

The controversy grew out of Mellon's return on his 1931 income. In 1933, the government made a claim of \$2,050,000, charging Mellon with underpaying. Mellon promptly filed a claim for a rebate, claiming he had overpaid. The government charged that Mellon's net taxable income for 1931 had been \$13,075,286 but that by a series of "wash sales" of securities through corporations owned wholly or partly by himself or his children, he had reduced this net liability. To its claim, the government added a 50 per cent penalty, or \$1,025,034 for alleged fraud.

In his brief, Jackson said: "Mr. Mellon made a contribution to the cost of the government and that his far flung industries that could not be criticized as ostentatious."

DEALS OUTLINED
The brief outlined the series of deals in securities among Mellon and Mellon owned or dominated corporations in the last days of 1931—the transfer and sale of 123,022 shares of common stock of the Pittsburgh Coal Company and 54,000 shares of the common stock of Western Public Service Corporation, to the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, for which his tax return showed a loss of \$6,079,963; and the transfer of certain securities to the Ascalot Company, which, with the Coalcoast Corporation, figured in other transactions, and was owned by his children. Mrs. Alva Bruce and Paul Mellon, for which his return showed a loss of \$445,308.

The government also sought to establish that Mellon realized a taxable gain of \$9,446,900 in the liquidation of the McClintic-Marshall Corporation, and of \$933,848 in the liquidation of the Union Construction Company.

The brief charged that the Ascalot Company and Coalcoast Corporation were conduits through which Mellon transferred millions in property to his children without paying tax.

FRAUD ALLEGED
"Fraud is established in this record," the brief stated. "Fraud cannot be seen or heard, nor detected by any sense. It is seldom capable of proof by direct evidence. It can be proved only by showing circumstances in which human reason may discern the fraud."

"Paul Mellon found it expedient to be absent at all times during the trial (lengthy hearings that were held

"BETTER TO HAVE BET AND LOST"

London, May 26.

The Cambridge Union Society on Tuesday night debated the following motion:

"That this house, deploring the passing of the spirit of the gambler from the English heritage, considers it is better to have bet and lost than never to have bet at all."

Mr. G. W. Guthrie Jones, St. John's College, recalling that the late Lord Salisbury, speaking long ago of the Eastern question, said that England had backed the wrong horse, added, "Nowadays we do not back any horse at all. That is why British prestige is deplorably low." The motion was lost by 26 votes to 44.

Mother Gives 3 Year-Old Son Alcohol

to make him sleep
London, June 10.
A three-year-old boy's beer and bread for dinner and "glass of whisky to make him sleep" were mentioned at Bishop Auckland, when his parents, Robert and Margaret Natras, living in a caravan colony, were sentenced to one month's imprisonment for cruelty.

Notice of appeal was given and bail allowed.

before the board of tax appeals in 1935.) Paul Mellon is a beneficiary of many of the transactions and could have thrown upon them light of a young, alert mind. Whether he was unwilling to initiate his business career by attempting to make testimony which would fit with that which we have heard, or whether it was feared that he might on cross examination fall to sustain his father's case, we do not know.

"These acts of evasions are not the blundering of an un-informed or mis-informed man," Mr. Mellon's high position in the taxing machinery of the United States forbids that assumption.

"This evasion is not the result of misdirected efforts or inexperience. Mr. Mellon's years in business and his tax activities deny that."

"It is not the accidental by-product of a business transaction conducted for other ends. But the tax purpose is admitted to have been carefully planned as an end in itself."

"It is not the work of overzealous servants envious to stand well in the eyes of the Master. Mr. Mellon owned on the witness stand that he planned and executed the Pittsburgh coal transaction himself."

"It is not the impulsive flight from a suddenly realized tax liability. It was deliberately upon. The machinery for its accomplishment was set up over a long period of time with premeditation, benefit of counsel, and great care."

"Moreover, it was not planned or carried out under the goad of necessity as one who found himself faced with a large tax liability, with assets so impaired that it was ruinous. Mr. Mellon's possessions have been estimated by his counsel in the record at over \$200,000,000 by the side of which the liability which he evaded is but a trifle. The opportunities extended by the government he short-changed had left him above the need to be petty."

"There is no mitigating circumstance unless success, wealth and power—accompanied with rising prices and waning ethics—are themselves a bulwark behind which tax evasion is safe."

Hogan, for Mellon, averred that the three stock transactions, which the government said were "wash sales" were actually made, that they represented real losses, and that the federal law expressly allows deductions.

ENGLISH LAW CITED
"Upon these three transactions," his brief stated, "and upon them alone, is the fraud charge based. To argue the utter lack of foundation for that charge would be to elaborate the obvious."

Continuing, he cited a recent decision of a high English Court which "recognized that the subject, whether poor and humble or wealthy and noble, has a legal right so to dispose of his capital and income as to attract to himself the least amount of tax."

Hogan's brief contained an elaborate analysis of the mass of technical testimony introduced during the weeks of hearings in Pittsburgh and here. He charged that "political expediency influenced the government to file its claim and said that the treasury department's copy of its letter to Mellon demanding additional taxes had been stamped across its face: 'Case has not been considered on its merits.'"

He gave special attention to the uncertainty of the commissioner of Internal Revenue as to the amount he considered Mellon still owed after paying his 1931 tax. The original claim, he said, was for \$1,319,080.00. It was increased three times to reach the sum the government now claims. He cited a ruling of the United States Circuit Court at Philadelphia which said:

MERGER?
"The commissioner of internal revenue having repudiated his own claim, by changing his position from time to time as to the amount of tax due, any presumption of correctness that attaches to his formal determination has disappeared."

The liquidation of the McClintic-Marshall Corporation was a merger with the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, which does not make Mellon liable for tax, as it would have had it been a merger, he said.

Federal courts throughout the country and the board of tax appeals itself have upheld repeatedly Hogan's belief that the principle upon which Mellon based his deductions was in accordance with law—that the law that made his security sale profits taxable made his security sale losses deductible.

The briefs are being studied by Judges Ernest H. Van Posen and Don J. Turner of the board of tax appeals. Jackson was a member of the treasury-general counsel's staff when the litigation began. He now is an assistant general.—United Press.



This team of life savers is typical of the distinctively Australian surf clubs, which perform excellent social service in safeguarding the less-accomplished or too-venturesome swimmers. These physically splendid specimens of manhood and womanhood perform a purely voluntary service and their weekly carnivals and contests are a feature of Australia's surf beaches.

"PRINCE" WHO ROBBED WOMEN

To Dust
Or Not
To Dust

TOLD THEM: "JUST A JOKE"

BUT THEY NEVER SAW THEIR JEWELS AGAIN

Mrs. Hannah Reid, pew opener and cleaner at St. Pancras Church, who was left £1,000, takes things philosophically and goes on dusting.

The request was made by Mrs. Rachel Morgan, of Oakley Street, N.W., who left £32,551 (net personalty £16,400).

Mrs. Reid was hard at work in the church when a reporter saw her. She said:

"I can't really understand it. I did not know Mrs. Morgan very well. I used to see her regularly, but she never seemed to take any particular notice of me."

"Happy? Of course I am, who wouldn't be? But I haven't yet made up my mind what to do. You see I am a widow. I have no children, but I've got other relations, so I must think of them."

"Now you must not worry me any more. I'm late with my work as it is."

Mrs. Morgan made numerous other bequests, leaving the residue of her property equally between the St. Pancras Almshouses, St. Pancras Association of the London Diocesan Council for rescue work, vicar and churchwardens of St. Pancras Church and vicar and churchwardens of Christ Church, Euston Road.

GERMAN PRINCE
AS PACIFIC
AIR PILOT



Prince Ferdinand, Grandson of the ex-Kaiser, who has joined Pan-American Airways as one of the pilots for the contemplated trans-Pacific service.

"INSANITY LIKE 'FLU'"

London, June 8.

"In the old days there was a horror of insanity. The time may come when it may be regarded as capable of treatment like any other infection, such as influenza."

These remarks were made by Mr. Justice MacKinnon at the Willshire Assizes at Salisbury, after Norman Powell, aged 51, of Swindon, a schoolmaster, had been found guilty but insane charged with wounding his wife with intent to murder her.

U.S. Bonus Payments

MINIATURE SPENDING BOOM PREDICTED

New York, June 15.

Businessmen, merchants and purveyors of amusement in the nation's largest city eagerly awaited the start of the war veterans' bonus "gold rush" to-day.

The "rush" was expected to be in the "trickle" stage for the next week or two as mailing of the bonus bonds and cash voted by Congress over the President's veto does not begin until to-day. However, the rate of spending is expected to accelerate rapidly after that and the peak probably will be reaching mid-July.

Even Wall Street has looked forward to the anticipated "spending spree." Automobile stocks enjoyed a small boom in recent months because of the expected increase in the sale of motorcars to bonus beneficiaries. Summer is usually the so-called "slack" season for business here, but this year it is expected to witness unprecedented revival. Clothing merchants are prepared to meet heavy demand, particularly from unemployed veterans who had been forced to neglect their personal wardrobes for the last few years. Women's shops, shoe shops, cosmetics dealers, hairdressers, and others catering to personal needs expected to profit.

The sale of automobiles, new and second-hand, probably will increase as much as 50 per cent, according to some automotive interests. It was recalled that on the occasion of the payment of the last bonus in 1931, the purchase of new automobiles by soldiers at an army base near New

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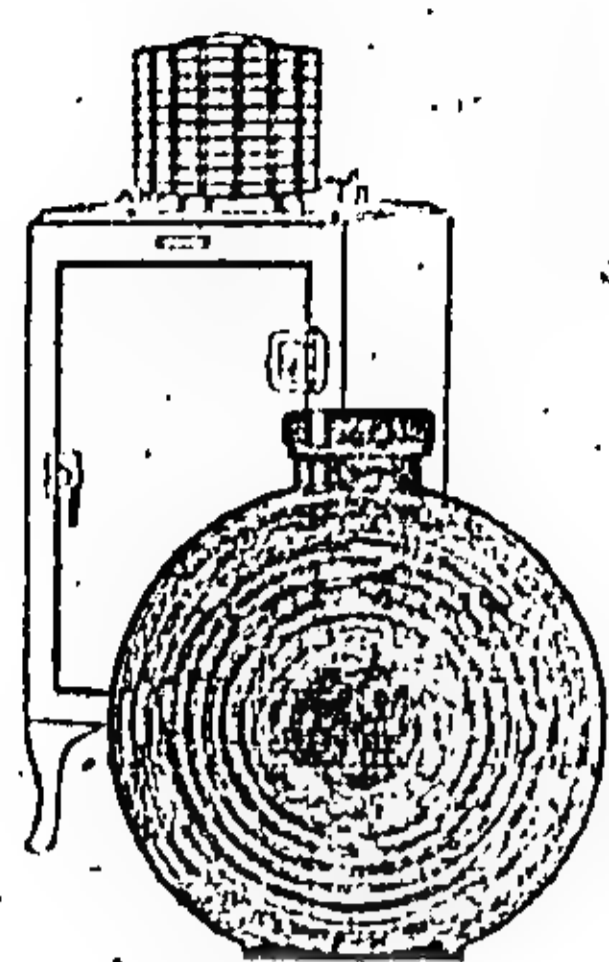
Meals are interchangeable, no extra cost wherever you have your breakfast, luncheon, tea, or dinner.

Rooms of both hotels have private bathrooms and modern sanitation. At the Runnymede each room has its own public telephone.

The Runnymede Restaurant has undeniably pride of place among hotels of the East with its cuisine, and justly claims by its association to offer the traveler such as is not to be found elsewhere.

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1038.

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Drinking Water Containers

Capacity—2 pints.
Bakelite cap.
No cork.
Handsome appearance.
Wide mouth permitting
of easy cleaning.

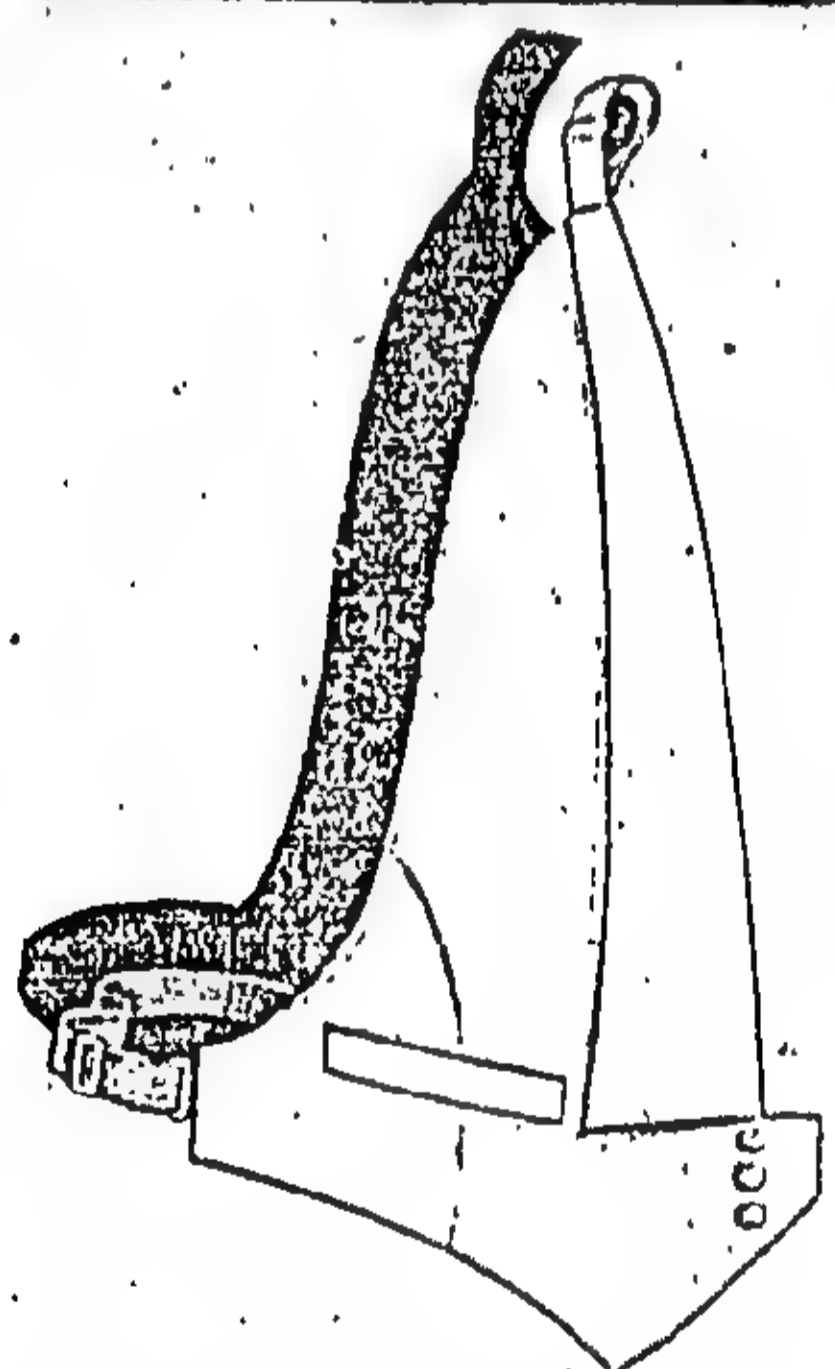
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Jack Hylton's Orchestra.
Yours truly is truly yours—Fox Trot
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Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
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Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5058 Indian Love Call—Fox Trot ... Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
Rosa Marie—Fox Trot ... Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5053 Let's face the music and dance—Fox Trot
Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
But where are you—Fox Trot Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5060 Wah-hoo—Fox Trot ... Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
I'm a muggin'—Fox Trot ... Roy Fox & His Orchestra.
- BD-5051 And so to bed—Fox Trot
Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
You have that extra something—Fox Trot
Jack Jackson & His Orchestra.
- BD-5056 I'm nuts about screwy music—Fox Trot
The Ballyhooligans.
I got Rhythm—Fox Trot ... The Ballyhooligans.
- BD-5049 Goodbye Medley—Fox Trot ... The Ballyhooligans.
Oriental Medley—Fox Trot ... The Ballyhooligans.

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ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. D. Tolan and family desire to
tender their heartfelt thanks to
Dr. Canavan, and sisters of the
War Memorial Nursing Home for
their kind attention to the late
Mrs. R. W. Tolan, and to friends
for their condolence, floral trib-
utes and attendance at the
funeral.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1936.

BRITISH MOTOR
INDUSTRY

When the first British motor-car appeared in the Lord Mayor's Show in London in 1896, a police officer took particulars of this strange new wonder which had invaded the capital of the Empire. This was the first time that a motor-car figured in the records of the Metropolitan Police. And it was not given exactly a warm welcome by all who saw it! The progressive minority recognised its marvellous possibilities and speculated enthusiastically on its probable line of development; but the majority feared and bitterly opposed it. Fortunately the pioneers—were undaunted in their efforts to popularise the new toy. The initial mechanical difficulties and the mental reservations of the conservative-minded were gradually overcome, and after a few years buyers were plentiful. Then came a set-back. A number of persons were killed and injured in the fateful Paris to Madrid race in 1903, and many people hurriedly sold their cars or cancelled the orders for new ones which they had placed with the manufacturers. Again the enthusiasts set to work; gradually public confidence was restored, and the motor-car was established in the world. In 1913 there were 34,000 motor-vehicles produced in Great Britain. After the Great War there was great activity in the industry and in 1922 the total number of motor-vehicles produced was 73,000. Now the motor industry is one of the largest and most important industries in the country. The exact total value of the output during the twelve months which ended on the 30th of September, 1935, cannot be definitely given, but a conservative estimate is approximately £75,000,000, which is equal to about three times the invested capital. The total number of workpeople employed in motor manufacture is about a quarter of a million. All the large manufacturing concerns have built up a sound export trade. Last year the total value of motor-vehicles and spare parts exported was £12,200,429. British motor-vehicles are now exported to nearly every country in the world, though the bulk of the export trade is confined to comparatively few markets. Moreover, whereas not many years ago there was a considerable import motor trade, British manufacturers have now virtually secured the home market for British goods. Great Britain is a small country, densely populated; and it is the most "densely vehicled" country in the world. That is one of the features of the motor industry which is not an unmixed blessing: one person in every fourteen of the population has a driving licence, and one in every nineteen a motor-car. And the number rapidly increases. Last year the number of new cars on the roads increased at the rate of 450 a day—and new roads cannot be built immediately to accommodate the newcomers. During the three months which ended on the 29th of February this year, there was an increase of 158,549 cars licensed. The total number licensed—excluding tramcars and those requiring trade licences—during the three months was approximately 2,171,263, compared with 2,012,714 during the corresponding period last year. The gross amount received in payment for licences was £20,018,420, compared with £18,803,957 the previous year. One final figure may be given to round off this story of the development of the motor-car and the motor industry in Great Britain: In 1914 there were 14 motor-cars on every ten miles of road; to-day there are 140.

THE tennis world, and even those who have but a very passing interest in the game, becomes Wimbledon-conscious to-day, and during this next fortnight another page will be written in the annals of prodigious Centre Court deeds, of the now comparatively prosaic "Sensational Upsets," the falling of favourites and the inevitable "Discovery."

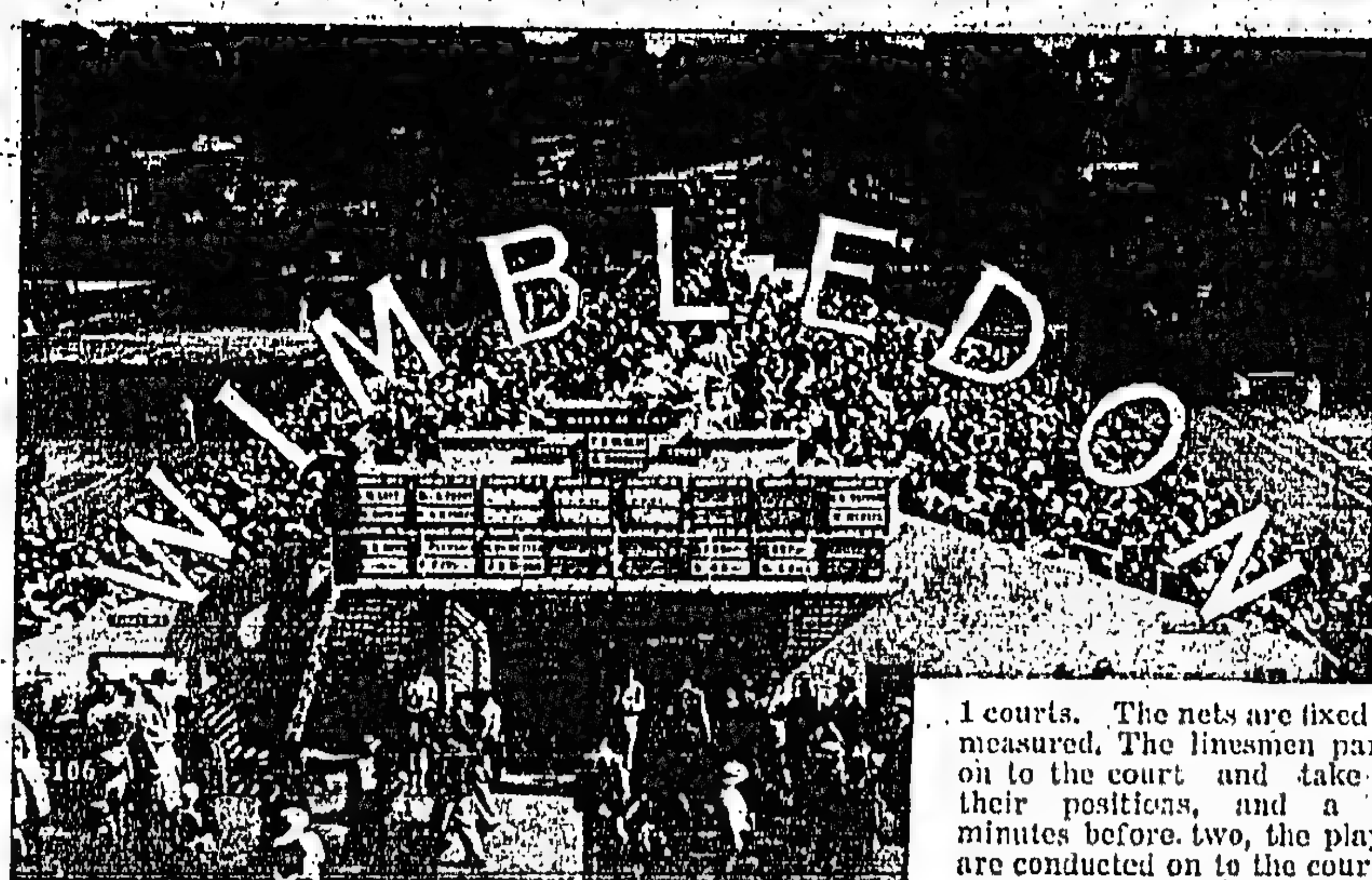
To those in Hongkong who have enjoyed the thrills and amenities of the Wimbledon meeting, there will be recalled vivid recollections of that cluster of emerald green lawn courts which nestle at the foot of this winding Church Road. They will easily recapture the scenes of bewildering traffic mazes up the historic Wimbledon Common Hill and re-live the spirit of carnival which reigns both inside and outside of the All-England Lawn Tennis and Croquet Club.

As has been truly said, Wimbledon is something more than a sports meeting. It is a social event; a fashion parade. It combines the dignity of a Royal Garden Party, the colourful display of Ladies' Day at an Eton and Harrow cricket match, and the thrills of an English Cup final.

★ ★ ★

It is exclusive and cosmopolitan at the same time. The young clerk who has begged a day from the office rubs shoulders with high dignitaries of the social world as he pursues his way to the free standing part of the Centre Court while his Lordship seeks his reserved seat. If he wants diversion the young clerk can concede his precious position on the Centre Court, or his even more valuable cushion seat on the No. 1 court and take part in the everlasting parade of beautifully dressed women escorted by famous tennis players both past and present, or by prominent leaders of London Society, which moves slowly but gracefully up and down the spacious drive between the East and West Gates.

The various aspects of the Wimbledon meeting seem to present an excellent illustration of how the Englishman refuses to take his sport too seriously. It requires an exceedingly exciting or important match to keep him away from his tea which he likes to take promptly at 4.30; and he becomes very peeved if the queue at the tea tent enforces a wait of half an hour over that time. He will often find as much fun and interest in standing obsequiously behind a group of well-known tennis players, covertly watching them converse, as he will following a brilliant display of tennis on the Centre Court. He enjoys sharing in the parades and finds the sidewalks around the outside courts offer him unusual opportunities for striking up acquaintanceships without the customary formality of introductions. An unending medium for these meetings he discovers, is the ability to talk "shop", and



By
S. A. Gray
Sports
Editor

WIMBLEDON, perhaps, has fewer taboos than other sports events of the same magnitude. Autograph hunters, for example, can hunt, invariably with great success, to their hearts' content. Your Dorothy Round, Helen Wills Moody, Helen Jacobs, Dorothy Perry, Austin and the rest of the favourites, are always prepared to sign on the dotted line, and the hunter is usually further rewarded with a charming smile. Only once throughout last year's Wimbledon did I see an autograph seeker turned away. And she, a little girl of about ten, unwittingly chose a famous player who had just been unexpectedly beaten in the doubles by a comparatively second-rate pair!

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this brings him into all sorts of exciting and unexpected contacts.

When the big gates open at noon he will join the rest of the crowd in scampering for the best positions, and there he will contentedly wait two hours for the tennis to begin. But the time passes quickly. He finds himself next to an Indian Army officer back on leave from the North-West frontier. He's come home to see his youngsters for the first time in three years, but the kids haven't yet broken up for the summer vacation and he has taken advantage of this "freedom" to see Wimbledon. And they will share their luncheon, which, like wise people, they have brought with them. But the young clerk, in his excitement to catch the train, forgot to pack up some fruit; and it can be terribly thirst-provoking at Wimbledon. So the officer shares his fruit, is offered an egg sandwich in exchange, and the two become members of the great Wimbledon tennis fraternity.

At 1.45 p.m. the first signs of activity appear. Groundsmen bring on the posts and nets and place the linesmen's chairs in position. Dozens of this of tennis balls are placed in the huge ice-boxes on the Centre and No. 1 Wimbledon.

I WOULD HATE TO BE
TRIED BY A JURY!

UNTIL it fell to my lot to be for-
man of the jury trying a murder
case I had, in common with most
other people, a supreme confidence in
the fairness and efficiency of the jury
system.

I had been falsely accused of a
crime I would have chosen this
method of putting my case to a jury
of my fellow-men as the surest means
of establishing my innocence.
But now . . . I am not sure. I
think I would prefer to have my fate
left in the hands of one wise, im-
partial Judge. For although juries
are swayed by the eloquence of
counsel, and obviously swayed strongly
at times, Judges are not.

I have been trying to trace my
disillusionment about juries down to
its roots, and I think it may have
started from my finding that, instead
of being a gathering of men and wo-
men gravely making up their

individual minds about the verdict
they are to give, a jury is far more
like a debating society in which one
man makes up his mind one way, an-
other the other way, and each tries
to convert the rest of the crowd to
his way of thinking.

My experience, on at least two of
the juries with which I sat, was that
as soon as we had vacated the box
and taken our places round the table
in the little room behind the Court,
we immediately found ourselves
swayed by one or two of the more
forceful, strong-willed personalities
among us. Except in cases where the
Judge had practically commanded the
bringing of a certain verdict, it was
amazing to see how vacillating jury
members could be.

There was the poor fellow in the
dock. There were we, shut up in our
little room behind the Court. And I
am sure that in at least two cases
in which I was involved one determi-
ned man among us could have swayed
the rest into returning the opposite
verdict to which we were in fact return-
ing. Some members of the jury were
merely apathetic; they were willing
to fall in with the majority. Others
talked a great deal about almost
everything except the immediate prob-
lem which faced us. Others found
the whole thing too much of a strain.
In the end the verdict was virtually
returned by one or two jurymen.

I am not sure if, in any given case,
we returned a true verdict or not.
But I do know that if I, an innocent
man, were to find myself in the dock
next week, I should be horrified to
think of the arbitrary way my fate
was being decided behind the closed
doors.

The trouble is that jurymen think
they are being fair, when, as modern
psychology suggests, they are really
swayed by all kinds of unconscious
prejudices. That is one reason why
I think it is unfair to a prisoner to
take all of a jury from men living in
the same small district.

The ideal jury, from the point of
view of justice, and from the point of
view of the prisoner, would surely
consist of a duke, a dustman, a doctor,
a teacher, a business man, a miner,
and so on. In a thoroughly mixed
jury like this there would be much
less likelihood of psychological bias
than in a jury consisting exclusively
of small tradesmen or clerks.

The way juries are so often
omnipotent now leads to too great a
sameness. A jury of stolid trades-
men, for example, does not start
absolutely unbiased in considering the
case of an immoral, spendthrift,
society butler, even if her im-
morality is totally irrelevant as far
as her alleged crime is concerned.
But if you ask me what substitute
there is for a jury, I reply, frankly,
that I don't know. Personally, having
served on juries, I would prefer to be
left to the rigidly impartial wisdom
of my three judges.

J. A. H.

SIDE GLANCES By George Clark



"I'm going to be a little worried after you're married,
whether you will know just how to coax him to eat."

DEMOCRATS CONVENTION MAY SEE FIREWORKS

America's "Devil's Is." Is In the Limelight

San Francisco, June 10. Vague, persistent rumours about America's most mysterious prison—Alcatraz—were partially dispelled recently by Sanford Bates, national director of Federal prisons.

Bates, on a tour of inspection, talked with about 80 of the 260 prisoners at Alcatraz.

Only one complained that the food was not good enough. Some wanted to get out from under the iron discipline which has made the prison hated. Most, however, were eager to be moved to another institution because of the stigma which attaches to imprisonment in Alcatraz, Bates said.

Alcatraz, built on a rock in San Francisco Bay from which escape is all but hopeless, has been called the Devil's Island of the United States. Al Loomis, recently released after 10 months in Alcatraz, spoke bitterly of the hardships the prisoners had to endure.

ESCAPE ATTEMPTS

"Why a man can talk only six minutes a day in that place, he said. "Three minutes in the morning and three minutes in the afternoon."

It's the "Island of mistreated men." Soon it will be the "Island of mistreated men." It's the monopoly that does it."

It is interesting that Bates referred to Joe Bowers, recently shot down in an attempted escape, as "at least temporarily deranged." "For a man to attempt escape from Alcatraz must be insane," Bates said. "He added, however, that no insanity had come to his attention during the inspection."

Bates vigorously defended Alcatraz as a method for ridding society of the danger of long-term prisoners, notorious public enemies, escapees and men not amenable to discipline in other prisons.

Setting at rest rumours which surround Alcatraz as a result of its silence regarding its inmates and events within its walls, Bates praised the management of the prison.

"Going into every nook of Alcatraz, I found it more cleanly, trimly managed and more well disciplined than any prison I have seen in 12 foreign countries and 30 states. No expense has been spared to make it as safe and secure as possible can be."

Bates refuted the charge of some critics that imprisonment in Alcatraz brands a convict beyond hope of re-entering society.

"Some of the men are bad and will be bad always," he said. "Some are there by force of circumstances. Some when subjected to constructive discipline may become respected citizens."

"The prison is devoted to the grim business of taking care of men who are brought to book and who must look forward to the time they are turned out."—United Press.

DIZZY VENUS



Louvre, the famous Museum of Art in Paris, has undergone modernisation. Among other things the lighting has been improved. Our picture shows the famous Venus de Milo statue placed on a pedestal which rotates.

Public Enemy No. 1? 'Bad Politics'—Hoover

New York, June 4. Corrupt politics, instead of any particular criminals, is "Public Enemy No. 1," according to J. Edgar Hoover, chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Gangsters like Alvin Karpis, whom Mr. Hoover has just turned over to St. Paul officials after capturing him at New Orleans, were called "yellow rats," not deserving "any titles, distinction or rank."

Sheer fright seized the gangster when federal agents under Mr. Hoover's personal leadership surrounded his car in New Orleans. His previous boasts about never being taken alive did not even nerve him to reach for a rifle in the back of the car.

The picture painted by Mr. Hoover of Karpis and others who have wrongly been dignified with the title of "Public Enemy No. 1," left little room for mock heroics in connection with the sordid misdeeds of crime.

ARE FLABBY AND WEAK Gangsters turn out as a rule to be flabby and weak, Mr. Hoover said.

"The lives they lead soften them up," he explained crisply.

So far as the Bureau of Investigation is concerned, there never has been a "Public Enemy No. 1." Mr. Hoover told the newspapermen who interviewed him that the real public enemy is crooked politics.

DRUNKS, BEWARE Blood Tests Will Give You Away

Blood tests for people suspected of drunkenness are advocated by Dr. H. Kenneth V. Soltan, in the British Medical Journal.

"If the person in charge could rely on the certainty of the police surgeon taking a drop of his blood at the time of his arrest, the blood carried out in due course at a central laboratory would be conclusive evidence sometimes in the accused's favour," he says.

Dr. Soltan has studied this method in use in Sweden, where it has been in vogue for some years.

A drop of blood is taken from a prick on the finger or lobe of the ear, and the percentage of alcohol in it is estimated. The presence of 0.25 per cent. denotes drunkenness, 0.15 per cent. moderate intoxication, and round about 0.1 per cent. makes it difficult to tell whether the man is "under the influence" or not.

Some people are able to recover very rapidly from the effects of alcohol. "It is possible for a man who has become habituated to alcohol to consume a large quantity, commit an offence, and be taken to a police station, where he is examined by the police surgeon, and yet remain perfectly sober under the influence. Within two hours of his arrest he is seen by his own doctor, who pronounces him as 'sober.' A man who has not acquired a tolerance for alcohol may also become intoxicated (though on a smaller amount) and remain 'under the influence' much longer, thereby making a conviction much more probable."

"The smell of alcohol in the breath is quite compatible with a low percentage of alcohol in the blood. A man whose breath smells of drink may find himself in danger of being arrested, though he has only a very small blood alcohol content."

"In Stockholm, every police station and hospital is supplied with special pipettes (for the test)."

The advantages of this test over other methods is that the amount of blood required is small—literally only a drop—and it can be kept for some days if desired and sent to a central laboratory. The test is thus brought within the reach of any person throughout the country.

ROOSEVELT SURE OF NOMINATION THIS WEEK

Philadelphia, June 21.

The Democratic party in its pre-election convention here this week is expected to feature with pride the achievements of President Roosevelt in the fields of pan-Americanism, foreign trade and neutrality.

Roosevelt's foreign projects have met with varying success, according to many observers, due partly to the disturbed state of world affairs and partly to devotion of great energy to domestic economic recovery.

But the Democrats themselves, and many impartial experts, regard as successes the president's now-famous policy of "Good Neighbour" in Latin American affairs; the gain of 41 per cent. in exports during the Democratic regime and the formation of a neutrality policy designed to reduce the chances of the nation being drawn into war.

Against these developments, critics of the Democratic foreign policy contend that there were numerous failures, such as the London economic conference for which Roosevelt prepared by calling notables from many nations to Washington; the refusal of the Senate to approve Roosevelt's plan to join the World Court, and the lack of results from various disarmament proposals.

The Democratic convention, in speeches, resolutions and campaign platform is expected to concentrate chiefly on the first three developments which are more widely regarded as successes.

They are expected to cite as evidence of the success of the Rooseveltian "Good Neighbour" programme, the favourable and frequently enthusiastic replies of presidents of American nations to the Roosevelt proposal for a Pan American peace conference. As other evidence of a concrete and effective good neighbour attitude they are expected to mention the abandonment of right to intervene in Cuban affairs, with consequent favourable comment widely through Latin America, the withdrawal of marines from Haiti and the adherence to a Pan American conference adopted at Montevideo for abandonment of the principle of intervention in the American hemisphere.

FOREIGN TRADE

In the foreign trade field, they will claim chief credit for an increase of national exports from \$1,611,000,000 in 1932 (the base year of 1929) to over \$2,281,000,000 last year. This is a gain of over 41 per cent. in three years. They will cite as part of the work done to promote world trade, the conclusion of a dozen trade pacts in which the United States secured nearly 500 concessions in tariff rates, quotas and other trade restrictions.

Democratic satisfaction with the neutrality programme arises from the passage of laws which prevent shipments of munitions to nations at war, prevents loans or credits to such nations and restricts the dealings of individual citizens with those states.

These measures to reduce friction and contact with warring nations, received considerable popular support on the theory that they severed ties with belligerents that history had shown were likely to draw the neutral into war. With war in progress in Africa, and threatened in central Europe and Asia, the Democrats contend they took highly valuable steps in their neutrality legislation.

MONEY WAR

Finally, they are regarded as likely to claim credit for devaluation of the dollar and setting up a stabilization fund in order to raise domestic prices, regain foreign markets and compete with nations who had taken similar steps.

This monetary programme may be sharply attacked, however, by the Republican opposition, along with the neutrality policy and the foreign trade programme. Already prominent Republicans have charged that the tariff policy means "the home market being surrendered to foreign products." They cited an increase of imports and 400-500 import concessions granted foreign nations in trade pacts.

Debate of foreign issues promises to be lively, even though it may be secondary to domestic issues during the election contest.—United Press.

RADIO BROADCAST

Relay of Hongkong Hotel Dance Orchestra

Z.E.K. PROGRAMME

From Z.B.W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 kilocycles): 2.15 p.m. Close Down. 5-8 p.m. European Programme. 5-7 p.m. A Relay of the Hongkong Hotel Dance Orchestra.

7 p.m. A Violin Recital by Yehudi Menuhin.

1. Hungarian Dance No. 6 in D flat minor (Brahms); 2. Romanza Andaluza (Spanish Dance) (Sarasate); 3. Minstrel's (Debussy); Flight of the Bumble Bee (Tchaikovsky); 4. Dance Espagnole (De Falla).

7.15 p.m. "The Three Men Suite" (Eric Coates).

7.28 p.m. A Recital by Richard Crooks (Tenor) and Wilhelm Backhaus (Pianoforte).

1. Songs—Killarney (Balfé). Good-bye (Tosti); 2. Piano-forte Solo—Military March in E flat (Schubert); 3. Songs—Maestri (Howe). Too late to-morrow (Langenberg); 4. Piano-forte Solo—Moment Musical in F minor (Schubert). Impromptu in B flat (Schubert); 5. Song—Nirvana (Weatherly).

8 p.m. Local: Time Signal, Weather Report, Stock Quotations and Announcements.

8.05 p.m. A Relay from the Ko Shing Theatre (Chinese).

11 p.m. Close Down.

8.05-10 p.m. European programme from Z.E.K. On a frequency of 640 kilocycles.

8.05 p.m. Light Orchestral Music.

Delibes in Vienna (arr. Walter); Love's Last Word (Crenshaw); Le Chant du Pigeon (Bixio); Entry of the Spring Flowers (Kocler); You shall be the King of my heart (Stolz); Milestones of Melody.

8.30 p.m. Excerpts from "To-night at 8.30" (Noel Coward) sung by Gertrude Lawrence and Noel Coward.

8.55 p.m. "Love, forever I adore you" and "Nimrod" played by Reginald King and his Orchestra, with Cavan O'Connor (Tenor).

9 p.m. A Relay of the Davenport News Bulletin and Announcements (Copyright by Reuters).

9.20 p.m. Variety and Dance Music.

Fox-Trots—Radio Times. The Phantom of a Song; Say that you will not forget... Joan Cross (Soprano); Quick-Step—Who's been polishing the Sun; Fox-Trot—I couldn't be mean to you; Vocalists at home; The Billies; Fox-Trot—Song of the Cello. You give me ideas; Song—My shadow's Where my sweetheart used to be; Sam Browne (Baritone); Fox-Trot—Alone at a table for two; Waltz—Lovely Lady.

10 p.m. Big Ben from Davenport. Close Down.

ZEESEN PROGRAMMES

Special programmes for Far Eastern listeners will be broadcast from Zeesen as follows:

DJB 15.74 m 15.700 kc 1.30-3 p.m. DJB 15.74 m 15.700 kc 4.45-6.15 p.m. DJB 15.74 m 15.700 kc 4.45-6.15 p.m. DJB 15.74 m 15.700 kc 9 p.m.-11.30 p.m.

SOUTH ASIA ZONE

South Asia Zone, broadcast from DJB, (10.74 metres) and DJB (15.74 metres).

4.45 p.m. German Folk Song. 5 p.m. Music by the Reichswehr. 5.20 p.m. News and Review. 5.45 p.m. Broadcasting of Everything. 6.20 p.m. Sports Review. 6.45 p.m. News and Review. 7 p.m. Concert of Light Music. 8 p.m. News in English. 8.15 p.m. Greetings to our Listeners in Australia. 8.30 p.m. Concert of Light Music (continued).

EAST ASIA ZONE

East Asia Zone broadcast through DJB on 10.63 metres (15.280 kc.) 1.30-3 p.m. Concert, news at 2 p.m.

8.45 p.m. German Folk Song. 9.10 p.m. Greetings to our Listeners in the "Far East".

9.15 p.m. News and Review. 9.30 p.m. Hitler Youth; Composers in the Hitler Youth; George Blumenthal. 9.45 p.m. Songs for Cello and Piano by Haydn.

10 p.m. News and Review. 10.15 p.m. Tenor in Germany. 10.30 p.m. "Die Bergknechten". 11.45 p.m. Sports Review.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wavelengths and frequencies are observed by Daventry:

Station Frequency Wavelength
GBA 4.950 kc. 49.50 metres
GBB 5.210 kc. 52.10 metres
GBC 5.245 kc. 52.45 metres
GBD 11.750 kc. 25.53 metres
GBE 11.845 kc. 25.35 metres
GBF 15.140 kc. 19.82 metres
GBG 17.700 kc. 16.88 metres
GBH 21.470 kc. 13.51 metres
GBI 22.200 kc. 13.50 metres
GBJ 23.410 kc. 12.80 metres
GBK 4.110 kc. 49.10 metres

Transmission 1
(15.74 m. G.S.B.)
12.30 p.m. Big Ben. "Jill Comes Tumbling After".
1.5 p.m. London News. No. 4. Hyde Park by Clough Williams-Ellis.
1.20 p.m. The News and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 2.15 p.m.

Transmission 2
(15.74 m. G.S.B.)
7 p.m. Big Ben. Haydn Heard and his "After".
7.15 p.m. "English Humors", No. 12. "Hill on Hill", by Harry Graham.
7.25 p.m. Musical Interlude.
7.30 p.m. The Northern Weather Trio.
8 p.m. "The News and Announcements".
8.15 p.m. The News and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 8 p.m.

Transmission 3
(15.74 m. G.S.B.)
The following programmes may be interrupted for commentaries on the Lawn Tennis Championships.
10 p.m. Big Ben. Gramophone Records.
10.30 p.m. Living in the Past. Love, Marriage and Marriage. G. H. Harrison.

11.05 p.m. Musical Interlude.
11 p.m. Recital by Percy Radmant (Violin) and Percy Radmant (Pianoforte).
11.30 p.m. The Northern Weather Trio.
11.35 p.m. The News and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 11.30 p.m.

12.15 p.m. The News and Announcements. Greenwich Time Signal at 12.15 p.m.

12.45 p.m. Kipling Reading.

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Collars in quarter sizes—four to every inch. Evening shirts with plain or marcella fronts in two sleeve lengths. Ties in correct length for the collar. White waistcoats with black elastic waistbands.



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27 Nathan Road. Tel. 58545. Tel. 68906.

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Kowloon Phone 57032.

THE BIRTHDAY PARADE

SPECTATORS SHOULD
BE EARLY

In connection with the King's Birthday Parade at Happy Valley to-morrow, the public are reminded that unless they are in their places by 5.15 p.m. at the latest they will find it very difficult to gain access to the ground. His Excellency the Governor will be arriving about that time and the entrances to the ground will be closed.

The Secretaries of the British Legion, Hongkong and China Branches, notify that accommodation for members will be available in the public enclosure.

For the first time in the history of the Colony the Hongkong Police are taking part in the King's Birthday Parade. The Police, represented by two companies, will be under the charge of Mr. W. La Bart Sparrow, D.S.P. (Kowloon), assisted by Mr. L. H. C. Calthrop, A.S.P. (Hongkong) and Mr. G. S. Wilson, A.S.P. (Kowloon). No. 1 Company, with Mr. Calthrop in command, will comprise

Chief Inspector F. E. E. Booker, European Sergeants and Constables, Inspector Fazal Ahmed, Indian and Wehahwei constables.

Mr. Wilson will be in charge of No. 2 Company, comprising Inspector W. R. Chester Woods, Inspector Ching Jen-yu, Chinese and Wehahwei constables.

A company drawn from the Hongkong Police Reserve will also parade.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE— WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed Feeling You Could Push a Bus Over
The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas builds up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sick and the world looks pink.
Bile, they drink, palatable laxative and has purgatives are made. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes the famous, sure acting Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and down" like a new man. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Look for the name Carter's on the red package.

DAY BY DAY NEWS IN BRIEF

THE SECRET OF A MAN'S NATURE LIES IN HIS RELIGION, IN WHAT HE REALLY BELIEVES ABOUT THIS WORLD AND HIS OWN PLACE IN IT.—Carlyle.

Surgeon Captain G.D.G. Ferguson, R.N., of Royal Naval Hospital, and Mrs. Ferguson, left the Colony on Saturday aboard the Blue Funnel liner, Antenor for a holiday in Japan. They expect to return about July 29.

Tso Kwan, 25, unemployed, who pleaded guilty before Mr. J. H. B. Lee at the Central Magistracy this morning to snatching an earring from Sul Kee, widow, in Queen's Road Central yesterday afternoon was remanded for 48 hours for medical examination.

Chan Sze-keo, 58, married woman, was sentenced to a fine of \$250, with the alternative of three months' hard labour, by Mr. J. H. B. Lee at the Central Police Court this morning when she admitted the possession of 390 no pin lottery tickets in Tung Man Street. Sub-Inspector A. J. Johnson prosecuted.

One case of Typhoid was reported to local Health authorities on Friday.

The P. and O. liner Rancho is due here from Singapore at noon on Wednesday.

Chan Shum, a six-year old boy, was admitted to the Kowloon Hospital yesterday suffering from scalds.

Receiving injuries when he was knocked down by car No. 3229 in Arsenal Street yesterday, Shi Hing-ming was admitted to the Government Civil Hospital.

For returning from banishment before his term of ten years from March last year had expired, Chan Yu, 34, was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour by Mr. J. H. B. Lee at the Central Magistracy this morning. Similarly charged, Lau Kin, 58 years, was sent to prison for eight months. Chiu San, 44, was also given eight months' hard labour and was additionally fined \$25 or, in default, one month, on a charge of being in Wing Lok Street. Sub-Inspector A. J. Johnson prosecuted.

TO-DAY'S IMPORTANT MIXED DOUBLES MATCH

England's Big Week Of Sport

WIMBLEDON AND THE GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Another brilliant week of sports opens in England to-day. The Derby and Ascot are over, and to-day racing gives place to tennis, golf and cricket.

At Wimbledon, "The Championship," as they are now termed, where is gathered the greatest array of tennis skill in the world, will open to-day with first round men's singles matches on all of the 16 courts.

At Hove, the British Open Golf Championship will be played, starting to-day. The amazing performance of Alfred Padgham made him favourite for the title which was last year won by A. Perry, the Englishman. Padgham was beaten during the week-end by Adams the Scottish champion, but it is not likely this will cause him to lose public favour.

America, naturally, has sent over a strong contingent and chief threat to British supremacy comes from there. Last year, after a long period of overseas dominance, England not only won the championship, but her players occupied the first four positions. Charles Whitcombe finished second, Gaddi third and Henry Cotton fourth.

PERRY'S TASK

England will also be defending the major title at Wimbledon where Fred Perry is threatened by a powerful overseas invasion including Von Cramm of Germany, Donald Budge, Bryan Grant, Wilmer Allison of America, Jack Crawford and Adrian Panist of Australia, and less formidable, Roussus and Desromau of France. Perry has also to take into consideration the challenge of H. W. Austin.

Austin has never yet won Wimbledon although he reached the final in 1932 when he was obliterated by Ellsworth Vines, the human avalanche.

With Mrs. Helen Williams-Moody out of the way, England has a passable chance of regaining the women's singles crown. Miss Helen Jacobs, Miss Dorothy Round, Mrs. Sarah Fabry, Miss Kay Stammers, Miss Spurling, Sonoria Liza are leading contestants with every possibility of a Jacobs-Round final as in 1934.

TEST MATCH

On Saturday next the first Test match between England and All-India will begin. England's team has been nominated and is so strong that there is every indication of the visitors being overwhelmed.

Wedged between these events is the British Empire-Garden Party in London and the Royal Air Force Display at Hendon so that this week England will be an England of fashion, spectacle and sport.

Our Daily Golf Hint

The tee shot is not a perfect shot, unless it is so placed as to open up the hole for the second shot.

—Maxwell Stiles.

DONALD BUDGE'S TITLES

CLEAN SWEEP AT QUEEN'S CLUB

WIMBLEDON POINTER

London, June 20.

It has now become customary for the Americans to dominate the London tennis championships at Queen's Club particularly as the tournament, being so close to Wimbledon, does not attract England's leading players or a very powerful overseas entry.

Thus to-day Americans figured in all of the finals at Queen's Club. Donald Budge collected three titles—men's singles, men's doubles and mixed doubles. The deep-headed Californian with the long hooked nose and attractive smile, swept past David Jones, his compatriot, to win the singles with the loss of seven games in two sets. It was a good pointer to the form which can be expected of him during the next fortnight.

Even more important was the victory of Budge and Gene Mako over Wilmer Allison and Van Ryn in the final of the men's doubles. This was also accomplished in straight sets and it marked the fifth success the young Americans have enjoyed over the famous Davis Cup combination during the past twelve months.

REMARKABLE DECLINE

The decline of Allison and Van Ryn since their defeat by Hughes and Perry in the Davis Cup last year has been remarkable, and no longer can they be regarded as America's chief hopes for the Wimbledon title. Budge and Mako are the likeliest challengers of Crawford and Quist.

Budge took part in his third final—the mixed doubles—late in the day and with Mrs. Sarah Fabry lost the first set to Charles Hare of England and Mlle. Jedrejowska of Poland. Mlle. Jedrejowska was playing her second final, having previously beaten Miss Susan Noel, English player in the ladies' singles.

After the first set the Americans retaliated strongly and walked away with the next two stanzas at 6-2, 6-0. The complete results as received from United Press were:

Men's Singles—Donald Budge (U.S.A.) beat David Jones (U.S.A.) 6-3, 6-3.

Women's Singles—Mlle. Jedrejowska (Poland) beat Miss Susan Noel (England) 6-2, 6-4.

Men's Doubles—B. Budge and G. Mako (U.S.A.) beat W. Allison and J. Van Ryn (U.S.A.) 6-3, 6-4.

Women's Doubles—Mme. Sylvia Henroth (France) and Mrs. Dorothy Anders (U.S.A.) beat Miss Nellie Adamson and Mme. de Meulmeester (Belgium) 6-3, 5-7, 6-3.

Mixed Doubles—B. Budge and Mrs. Sarah Fabry (U.S.A.) beat C. Hare (England) and Mlle. Jedrejowska (Poland) 3-6, 6-2, 6-0.

K. C. C. AND C. R. C.

AT KING'S PARK

HOME TEAM HAS A CHANCE

(By "VERITAS")

Having annihilated Kowloon Cricket Club second team to the tune of nine-love, Chinese Recreation Club to-day try conclusions with K.C.C. (1) in the mixed doubles tennis league. The match is being played at K.C.C. and promises to provide one of the best encounters of the season.

K.C.C.'s unexpectedly good showing against U.S.R.C. in their first match of the season encourages them to regard to-day's test with a certain amount of confidence. There is not sufficient comparative form to say whether C.R.C. are stronger or even as strong as U.S.R.C., but paper form alone indicates they have a very useful team, and like the U.S.R.C. are well served by their lady players.

GROUND A REAL ADVANTAGE

The fact that the match is being played at Cox's Road is a real advantage to the K.C.C., and it may be sufficient to turn the result in their favour. Unless Tsui Yau-pui strikes his top form, the visitors may find themselves dependent on two pairs. In this respect the home team should enjoy a slight edge. They have a more reliable, if less brilliant, trio of men. On the other hand C.R.C. would appear to be somewhat better served by their ladies, even allowing for the fact that Mrs. Litton is not so strong as she used to be.

If K.C.C. can touch maximum form they stand a 50-50 chance of winning.

U.S.R.C. will be tested by Club de Recreo who last week shared the points with K.C.C. (2). In that match A. V. Remedios was seen at his best which makes him second to none in Hongkong, but the Portuguese are not so well served by their ladies as the U.S.R.C., and as Mrs. Kayll is now fit, it is unlikely that Recreo will secure more than two or three sets.

NO "A" PROGRAMME

There is no "A" Division programme to-morrow, and with the exception of the Craigengower-Civil Service clash, there is very little of note about Wednesday's "B" Division schedule. Both C.R.C. teams can be expected to win, the "Over 40" against Central British and the senior outfit against I.R.C. Kowloon Cricket Club will not have a very easy task against Recreo, whom they "definitely" beat in the Varsity's "B" Division victory over Craigengower last week. Nevertheless K.C.C. should win and I expect to see points go to Craigengower, and, of course, Recreo who are hosts to I.R.C.C.

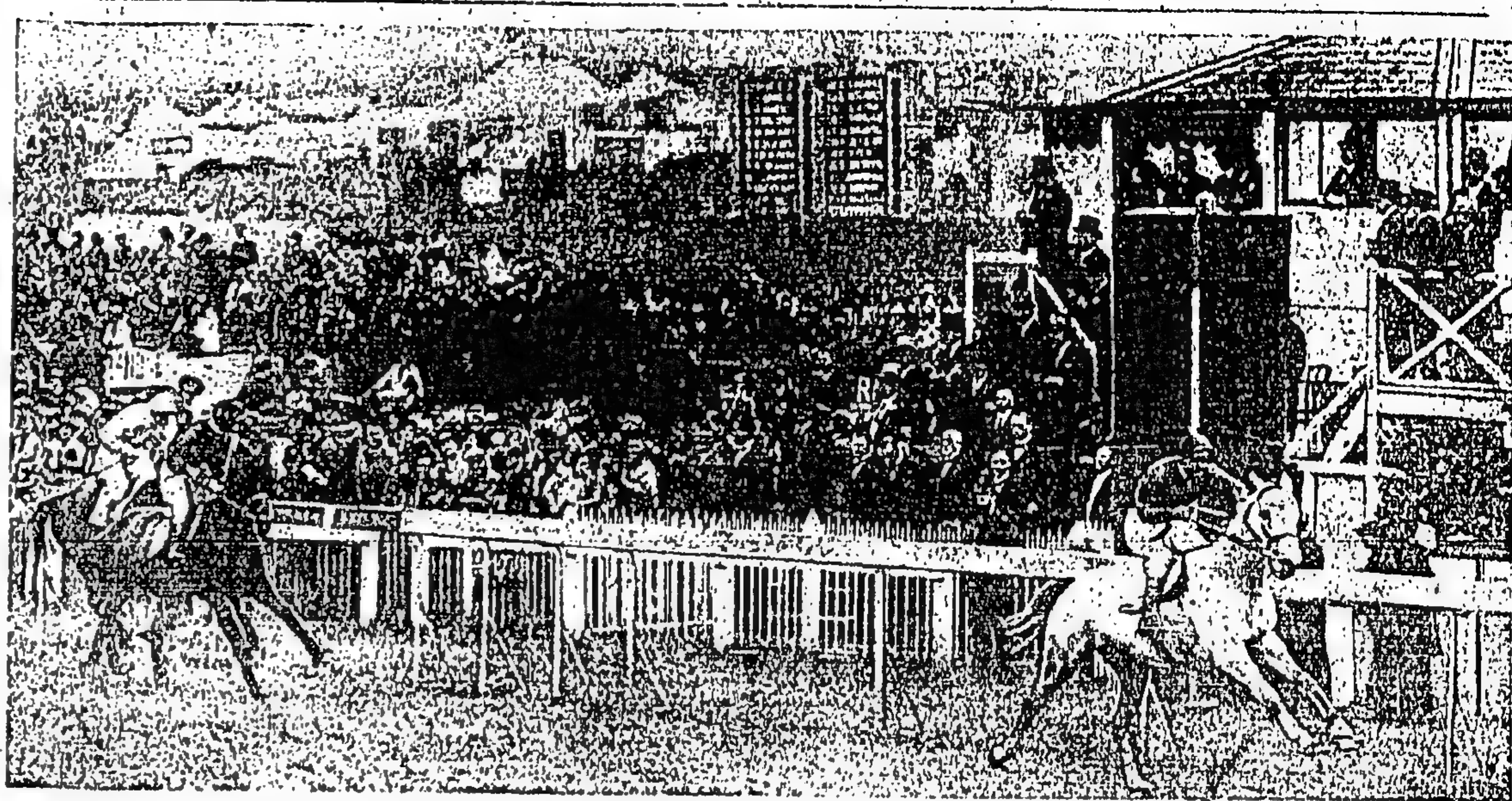
The important feature about the "C" Division programme on Thursday is the match between K.I.T.C. and Recreo. Both are undefeated at the moment, Recreo having won three games and Kowloon Indians two. The match is being played on the Indians' courts and the Portuguese are bound to be fully extended.

There is a real local "Derby" at K.C.C., where the club's two teams in the Division play each other. K.C.C. (1) should win although in the clubhouse they do say the second string have a surprise packet all ready and waiting.

South China, another 100 per cent team, Craigengower who have done little of note as yet and who must be expected to lose, Kowloon Long, playing at home, should beat Civil Service and the University look good for two points from C.R.C., who have been extremely disappointing to date.

Here is the complete programme for the week.

TODAY	
Mixed Doubles	
K.C.C. v. C.R.C.	
U.S.R.C. v. Recreo	
WEDNESDAY	
"B" Division	
C.R.C. (2) v. C.B.A.	
I.R.C. v. C.R.C. (1)	
K.C.C. v. University	
C.C.C. v. C.S.C.	
Recreo v. H.K.C.C.	
THURSDAY	
"C" Division	
K.I.T.C. v. Recreo	
S.C.A.A. v. C.C.C.	
I.R.C. v. C.C.C.	
K.C.C. (1) v. K.C.C. (2)	
R.T.G.C. v. S.C.C.	
H.K.U.T.C. v. C.R.C.	
FRIDAY	
"D" Division	
R.S.C. v. A.T.C.	
I.R.C. v. K.C.C.	
P.R.C. v. C.B.A.	
K.I.T.C. v. C.C.C.	



Striking picture of the Aga Khan's Mahmoud passing the winning post lengths ahead of Taj Akbar, and (third), Thankerton, to win the famous Derby classic last month. Smirke was the jockey and it was his second Derby triumph.

Federation Want Explanation From Lee Wai-Tong

Regarding Charges Of Professionalism

NO ACTION WILL BE TAKEN AT PRESENT

END OF FILIPINO BOXING DOMINANCE

San Francisco, Cal.

Long-time Filipino dominance on the west coast in the fly and bantamweight divisions has virtually come to an end with the passing of Speedy Dado, Young Tommy and Pablo Dano, in their prime California ring favourites of thousands.

With the exception of Small Montano, generally recognized as world champion in the 112-pound division, Filipino flyweights are entirely out of the local picture.

The situation is even worse in the bantamweight division.

In only two other divisions, and meagrely, are Filipinos at present represented in the United States—the 126 and 145-pound classes.

In the former, Buenaventura de Guzman, Oriental featherweight champion, a recent arrival, has thus far failed to impress. In the latter, Ceferino Garcia, former state champion, has shown evident signs of slipping.

ONE OF THE BEST EVER

Dado, one of the best of the many little fighters who have come here for a successful career, was the old midget. "All boss players must die broke," according to local sports writers.

At the end of his fistie rope and with all hope of further big-purse bouts gone, Dado has scarcely the means for transporting himself from town to town in search of matches, they say.

Ten years of thrift, leading to a tidy little fortune, have been wiped out of Dado's existence in the past 12 months, mostly because of unwise track speculation, according to one.

Conservative and well-behaved, showing no liking for the bright lights which so quickly dissipated the earnings of Pancho Villa, Peto Sarmiento and Clever Sencio, Dado has long been a local favourite.

Another favourite has been Dano, dubbed the "human dynamo," whose resurrection from literal oblivion surprised ring experts, both here and in the Philippines, in 1935.

Dano, in his last start, took an unmerciful thrashing from Baby Arizmendi, the fiery Mexican featherweight. Participation in numerous over-weight bouts has hastened Dano's long-delayed slide down the ladder of fistie fame.

Tommy is entirely out of the picture, and has been so for the past several months. Dano's matches have been concerned.

Shanghai, June 15. At a meeting of the Committee of the China National Amateur Athletic Federation last night, it was decided that investigation of the charges of professionalism levelled against Lee Wai-tong some two weeks ago by local sports writers, would be postponed, pending further information, until the next meeting of the Federation.

The situation remains just as uncertain as ever although the Federation has decided to write a letter to Lee Wai-tong requesting him to report regarding his alleged relations with several newspapers in Shanghai. Until further details are available it seems, therefore, that no action will be taken by the Federation.

Charges of professionalism against certain members of the Olympic Track and Field team were also examined last night, and after due deliberation it was decided to drop L. K. Chang, decathlon star, from the squad. Chang is said to be the assistant physical director of a local Chinese university and the Federation made its decision in view of confirmatory evidence.

No other alterations were effected in the team although the following contributions were made: Swimming: Chang Chien-hing and Miss Wang Sau-ling. Wrestling: T. N. Tsai and Y. Y. Chow as delegates from the C.N.A.A.F. and C. K. Chang and C. S. Cheng as representatives of the China Walkers' Association.

THREE RESERVES

Three athletes, K. B. Chang, K. Sze, and E. T. Ho were placed on the reserve list with precedence to be given in the order named.

The try-out for the pole-vault candidature between Paul Fu and W. H. Wang will be held on Tuesday, June 16, at the Yenching Road Stadium. The winner will be placed on the team, while the loser will accompany the squad on the reserve list.

The entire track and field team will leave Shanghai on the morning of June 23 for Nanking, where they will be received by high Government officials who will render various addresses and parting injunctions in the form of a farewell ceremony. The team will also pay their respects to the Mausoleum.

Apart from these acts, the C.N.A.A.F. would not disclose any further information regarding last night's meeting and it is expected that the uncertain situation existing at present with regard to Lee Wai-tong and to the track team, will be cleared up before long.

With Montano in Hawaii, en route to the Philippines, only the two Garcia and de Guzman—are present to carry on the fight for a recognized world championship—for the Philippines. And neither seems capable of doing just that.—United Press.

ENGLAND SELECTS SPLENDID TEST TEAM

Four amateurs are included in England's Test team to meet All-India at Lord's next Saturday, led by G. O. Allen of Middlesex. It is a very strong batting side with no less than eight players who make big scores regularly in county cricket.

Glimblett, the young Somerset farmer who has sky-rocketed himself into the newspaper headlines and cricket fame, deservedly gets a place in view of his many magnificent batting performances this season.

Gover's exceptionally fine bowling for Surrey has secured his inclusion while two other youngsters—to obtain recognition are Hardestaff of Nottingham and James Langridge of Sussex.

The amateurs consist of Allen, who is a first-class all-rounder, R. E. S. Wyatt, who claims a similar distinction, R. W. V. Robins, who will be chiefly used for his bowling and M. J. Turnbull, who is in to better the batting.

AUSTRALIA IN MIND

The selectors have clearly kept next winter's Australian tour in mind in the selection of the team. It is extremely well balanced. The batting is further stiffened by the presence of Maurice Leyland, while the bowling boasts variety as a result of the inclusion of Verity and Mitchell.

Yorkshire supplies four players, Middlesex two, and the rest are drawn from Glamorgan, Somerset, Sussex, Warwickshire and Nottingham. The team should be able to beat the Indians very comfortably, especially

WORLD RECORD BREAK

Tom Newman's Feat At Thurston's

London, May 29. Tom Newman set up a new world record under the amended bank-line rule when he made a break of 1394 against Joe Davis, holder, in the final of the Professional Billiards Championship at Thurston's last night. The previous best was made by a variation of all-round play and top-of-the-table billiards. It occupied about one and a half hours and contained surprisingly few runs of consecutive clean cannons—35, 20, 25 and 30.

In the first session Newman, despite a break of 532 by Davis, outpointed his rival by 1,087 points to 707, the respective averages being 217 and 141. Newman first of all carried an over-night 4 to 410, and after another break by Davis of 109 played out time with a brilliant effort of 562 (unfinished).

In addition to carrying the unfinished effort to the record score, Newman at night made another break of 489. Davis's best was 115. Newman's brilliant play enabled him to reduce his arrears from 2,274 to 813. Closing scores: Davis, 7,318; Newman, in play, 6,505.

In view of the unfortunate incidents reported during the week-end which will considerably weaken the visitors.

THE TEAM

The team is as follows: G. O. Allen (Middlesex) captain, R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwickshire), R. W. V. Robins (Middlesex), M. J. Turnbull (Glamorgan), Leyland (Yorkshire), Verity (Yorkshire), Mitchell (Yorkshire), Duckworth (Lancashire), Gover (Sussex), Glimblett (Somerset), Langridge (Sussex), Hardestaff (Notts).

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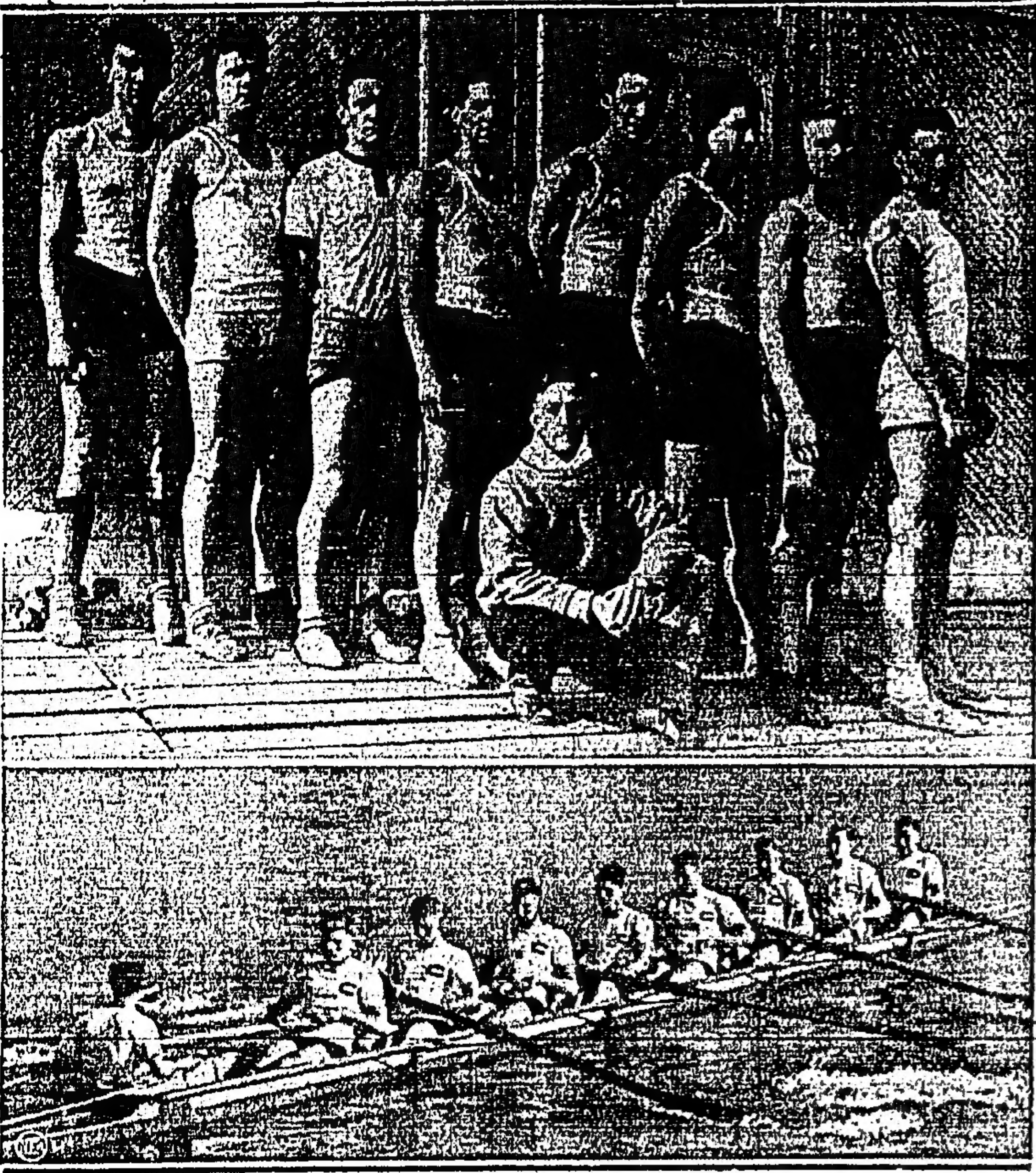
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University of California's hope of winning a third consecutive Olympic Games title, and University of Washington's ambitions to make Berlin trip for America adds new interest to the Inter-Collegiate rowing regatta on the Hudson River to-day. The Washington crew, above left to right: Morris, Day, Adams, White, McMillan, Hunt, Rantz, Hume and Moch (cox). California's hopes, below, are, left to right: Maxwell (cox), Porterfield, Thompson, Graves, Bigham, Swanson, McKinney and Flemming.

To-day's Inter-Collegiate Rowing Regatta

Will Be Pointer Towards American Olympic Representation

Poughkeepsie, New York, June 21.

Pointing toward the Olympic rowing tryouts at Princeton in July, seven of the nation's outstanding eight-oared shells will race down the four mile Hudson River course at dusk to-day in the thirty-eighth renewal of the inter-collegiate regatta.

Earlier in the day the freshmen crews will compete over a two-mile course and the Junior-varsity boats over three miles.

Participants in the varsity race are Washington, California, Cornell, Syracuse, Columbia, and Pennsylvania Universities, and the U. S. Naval Academy.

Winner of last year's race was California, by only three-fifths of a

second over the rugged oarsmen of Cornell. The time was 18 minutes, fifty-two seconds, only 16-1/5 seconds faster than the record established by the 1928 California crew.

Cornell holds the record of fourteen victories in the historic competition. Syracuse is second with five victories.

The majority of to-day's contestants likely will compete on Lake Carnegie, Princeton, for the right to represent the United States in the Olympics, a distinction which fell to California in the last two Olympics.

Poughkeepsie, which is the seat of Vassar College and the county seat of Dutchess County, home of President Roosevelt, was crowded with visitors from all parts of the country. The streets were decked with flags and both sides of the four mile course were jammed with flag-waving spectators.

The starting point for the race is opposite Krum's Elbow, a bend in the river overlooked by President Roosevelt's estate. The boats pass under two bridges. The first, the Central New England railroad cantilever bridge, marks the three mile point. The second, the mid-Hudson highway bridge, is close to the finish line off Kan's Rock, a stony bluff named after a Dutch trader who plied the river in early colonial days.

The varsity race is always run at dusk because the water is usually calmest then.—United Press.

London, June 20. The Japanese Olympic rowing crew won the Challenge Trophy at the Marlow Regatta to-day, beating the Thames Rowing Club by a length and a half in the final.—Reuter.

HONGKONG GOLF CLUB

Latest Results In Competitions

Below will be found the latest results in the various tournaments of the Royal Hongkong Golf Club.

J. E. Richardson qualified for the Adamson Cup for June with 75-10-66. There were 13 entries.

HAPPY VALLEY SUMMER SINGLES

3rd. Round:—T. D. Paton beat R. K. Collins 4 & 3, H. H. Mundy beat D. J. Valentine 2 up, J. E. Richardson beat N. J. Bobbington 6 & 4, I. Newton beat J. W. Mayhew 3 & 2, A. L. Powell beat J. Forbes 6 & 5, T. R. Chasels beat J. B. Mackie 4 & 2, A. J. Dennis beat H. N. Williamson 2 & 1.

HAPPY VALLEY SUMMER FOURSOMES

Semi-final:—H. H. Pethick and J. W. Mayhew beat T. D. Paton and E. H. Watts; L. Goldman and C. W. E. Bishop beat J. Forbes and N. K. Littlejohn.

Bogey Pool, Fanling, Old Course, played on June 20 and 21:—J. G. Coteworth, 2 down, wins. There were 17 entries.

While Lt. L. C. Marson, R. A. honorary secretary for Area Rowing is away on leave, his duties will be undertaken by Lt. L. H. Yates, Royal Welch Fusiliers.

EX-HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMP MIXES COCKTAILS AND REMINISCES

GEORGES CARPENTIER ON DAYS THAT USED TO BE

Paris. Fifteen years after and 3,000 miles away from Boyles Thirty Acres, Georges Carpentier is busily mixing highballs.

France's greatest contribution to the fight game, who was knocked out cold by Jack Dempsey in the fourth round of the historic Battle of the Century in Jersey City on July 2, 1921, is barman owner of a luxurious establishment in the heart of the Etoile district.

Shaking up cocktails, mixing Martinis and concocting an untold number of other beverages have proved so profitable that "Handsome" Georges is about to open a second and classier bar.

To-day at the age of 42, Carpentier is moderately well-off, respected and well-liked. He is seen everywhere: at social functions, at sports events, at famous resorts. He is still the idol of old.

STILL INTERESTED Ten years absence from the ring and his multi-occupations, however, have not dulled his interest in the boxing world. He is as actively connected with the game as the days when he was punching his way to fame. Until ten years ago he viewed boxing as a fighter inside the ring. To-day his perspective is trained on it from the outside.

With the reputation he established during his fighting days, his influence of the present day is great. He is held up as an example to the youth of the land. He is to boxing in France what Henri Cocchet, Rene Lacoste and Jean Borotra were to tennis and Jules Ladoumeque to running.

He is a constant contributor to the French sporting press. He writes as he thinks. Following the recent Marcel Tignat-Bouillard championship fight which the Frenchman won on an alleged foul, he almost alone among his countrymen, unhesitatingly wrote that Tignat had been knocked out. This caused much unpleasantness and lost him numerous friends but he remained steadfast to his opinion.

But his contact to boxing is even closer. His services as a referee are much in demand. From time to time he gives lectures and he has given any number of exhibitions. When his colourful manager, Francois Despres, who fathered and guided him to a world's title, died Georges took over his fight stable. He has given it up for the present but he intends to return to it when he discovers a promising fighter.

LOVES TO REMINISCES Carpentier loves to reminisce about his own fighting days. Often he comes out from behind his own bar and sits around with a few of his friends to talk about the old days. This correspondent found himself in such a group recently when Carpentier started to recount his greatest thrill in the ring. While sipping his cocktail, he said:

"That dates back to 1911 when I was 17 years old and only a welterweight. I met the American Harry Lewis and beat him on points in a hard 20-round fight. The thrill of that victory against a fighter with an international reputation and one of my most important fights up to that time, was never recaptured by me in later and more important fights."

This naturally led to the question, which fight did he consider his most gruelling. As it came in light, because of its unpleasantness, were still fresh in his memory, he quickly answered:

"There were two of them. They were against Frank Klaus and Billy Papke and both in 1912. I was disqualified against Klaus after 19 rounds of a gruelling struggle and I abandoned to Papke in 18 rounds after taking a good licking. They are moments I wouldn't care to relive."

Asked to name the greatest fighters he ever saw in action in each of the categories, Carpentier began with Dempsey, as if to pay homage to his victor. After several moments of reflection, he continued: "DEMPSEY WITHOUT EQUAL."

"Among the heavyweights, Dempsey stands without equal among the fighters I saw in action. Jack Delaney was the best among the light heavyweights although Tommy Loughran was exceptionally capable. Stanley Ketchel, to my mind, was the

greatest of middleweights. Mickey Walker stands head and shoulders over the other welterweights while Benny Leonard was the king of lightweights. Jimmy Driscoll was tops among the featherweights, with Kid Chocolate the best among more recent fighters. Al Brown led the bantamweights and Jimmy Wilde headed the small fellows."

After naming his group Carpentier added that the greatest French fighter of all time was Charles Ledoux, former French bantamweight and featherweight champion "who was kept from winning a world's title because of the War."

Carpentier doesn't think fighting has changed very much since he first donned gloves back in 1905. He said it has been speeded up a bit due to the shorter scheduled fights otherwise "fighting to-day is just like the fighting of 30 years ago. It's no better or no worse."

Among the modern heavyweights he ranks Joe Louis as the best. He is an exceptional fighter, Carpentier added, and "not just the best of a bad lot" as many consider the Black Bomber. He thinks Louis will be the next world's champion.—United Press.

LAWN BOWLS TO-DAY SMALL PROGRAMME OF MATCHES

There is a small programme of lawn bowls championship matches to-day: two in the pairs, and two in the singles. The games are:

PAIRS CHAMPIONSHIP S. O. Dux and A. R. Minu v. L. Glendinning and J. Shepherd (Craigengower Green).

J. E. Noronha and F. X. M. da Silva v. L. A. Gutierrez and A. A. dos Remedios (Kovvjoon B. G. C. Green), 6 p.m.

SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP C. Champelovier v. D. M. Khan (Hongkong Electric Green). J. S. Riddell v. A. E. Carey (Indian R.C. Green), 6.15 p.m.

British "Woman" Athlete's Sex Changed

London, May 20. A well-known British athlete who gained international honours as a woman has as result of two operations changed her sex and become a man.

For 30 years Miss Mary Edith Louise Weston, of Oreston, near Plymouth; lived the normal life of a woman, and in addition won the British Women's Championship for putting the shot and throwing the javelin.

Now "she" is Mr. Mark Weston and has discarded skirts, blouse and stockings for trousers, shirt and collar and tie.

On Wednesday she received the following certificate signed by Mr. L. R. Broster, a surgeon at Charing Cross Hospital: "This is to certify that Mr. Mark Weston, who has always been brought up as a female, a male and should continue life as such."

Mr. Weston, as a woman competed in the World Games at Prague in 1930. "I began to realise that I was abnormal and had no business competing in women's games," he told a reporter. "For some time I did not have the courage to see a doctor. A few weeks ago I saw a specialist in London, and after undergoing two operations in Charing Cross Hospital and convalescing for seven weeks I have returned home as a man."

Many remarkable sex operations have been carried out at Charing Cross Hospital, including: "It was recently stated, no fewer than 25 on women who were changing into men. The operations on these patients restored them to normal womanhood."

A few months ago, it will be recalled, a Czechoslovakian woman athlete, Miss Zdenek Koubek, who competed in the Women's World Games at the White City, underwent a series of operations to change her sex. She has now altered her name to Mr. Zdenek Koubek.

Paris, June 20. The Government has decided that France will not officially participate in the Olympic Games which will be held at Berlin in August.

However, a bill will be tabled in Parliament to open credits to enable representatives of French Federations of Sports to participate.

The Government's decision is designed as a political gesture against Germany.—Reuter's Bulletin Service.

RECORDS FALL

Grand Performances By Americans

SUPERD OWENS

Chicago, June 20. The University of Southern California, with 104 1/3 points, to-day won the greatest National Collegiate athletic meet in history.

Ohio State University was second with 73 points, while Indiana, with 42, and Stanford, with 36, were next in that order.

Jesse Owens, the Negro athlete of Ohio University, repeated his "grand slam" for the second successive year, winning the 100 metres in 10.2 seconds, which is a world's record; 200 metres in 21.3 seconds; the 200 metres hurdles in 23.1 seconds; the broad jump with a leap of 25 feet 10 1/2 inches.

Ken Carpenter, of the University of Southern California, again won the Discus Throw, with an effort of 173 feet, which constitutes a world's record.—United Press.

Record Will Not Stand

Chicago, June 20. Jesse Owens, of Ohio University, broke the world's record for the 100 metres with a time of 10.2 seconds. The previous best was by Percy Williams, of Canada, who in 1930 was clocked in 10.3 seconds.

Owens' record will not stand, however, as his performance was aided by a wind, the measured velocity of which was 2.5 miles an hour. Kenneth Carpenter, of Southern California, broke the world's discus record with an effort of 173 feet, the previous best being 171 feet 11 1/2 inches by Anderson of Sweden in 1934.

Forrest Towns, of the University of Georgia, smashed the world's record for the 110 metres high hurdles with 14.1 seconds, as compared with Percy Beard's former time of 14.2 seconds.—Reuter.

QUALIFYING EVENTS

Archie Williams Beats Old Record for 400 Metres

Chicago, June 19. In the qualifying event for the 400 metres in the National Collegiate athletic meet, Archie Williams, of California, broke the world's record for the distance with 46.1 seconds, which beats the former world's record of 46.2 seconds.

Jesse Owens, with a leap of 25 feet 10 1/2 inches, won the broad jump, and tied with the world's record, which was held by Herman Wallander, of Texas University, tied with the world's record of 10.3 seconds in the 100 metres dash.—United Press.

Reuter adds that Archie Williams thus beats the former record established by William Carr in 1932 by a tenth of a second.

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E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18	July 20	July 27
E/Canada	July 24	July 26	July 28	July 30	Aug. 1	Aug. 3	Aug. 12
E/Russia	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	Aug. 15	Aug. 17	Aug. 24
E/Japan	Aug. 21	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Aug. 27	Aug. 29	Sept. 1	Sept. 8
E/Asia	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 12	Sept. 14	Sept. 21
E/Canada	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	Sept. 22	Sept. 24	Sept. 26	Sept. 28	Oct. 5
E/Russia	Oct. 2	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 8	Oct. 10	Oct. 12	Oct. 19
E/Japan	Oct. 16	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Oct. 22	Oct. 24	Oct. 26	Nov. 2
E/Asia	Oct. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 3	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 9	Nov. 16
E/Canada	Nov. 13	Nov. 15	Nov. 17	Nov. 19	Nov. 21	Nov. 23	Dec. 1
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LOUIS PASTEUR"FICTIONISED BY
Joseph Jefferson O'Neill

SYNOPSIS
Little Joseph Pasteur, a lad from Alsace, had been bitten by a mad dog. His mother and family doctor had brought him to Paris to Louis Pasteur, for treatment. Pasteur had been successful with dogs, but never experimented on a human being. Prison or death would be the penalty for failure. Yet he yielded to the pleas of the mother. That night his own daughter was to give birth to her child. Pasteur refused to allow her husband, who was his assistant, to be disturbed, and begged his enemy, Dr. Charbonnet to take the case.

CHAPTER V

Fate had a way, those days, of elevating Louis Pasteur to the heights, then casting him down to the depths. Half an hour after he had halted the carriage of Dr. Charbonnet, and implored him to bring into the world the child of his daughter Annette, Charbonnet was in the living room of the Pasteur home, adjoining the daughter's bed-chamber.

"And you still insist upon this nonsense of yours, that I must boil my instruments, scrub my hands and arms?" demanded Charbonnet. "My dear Monsieur Pasteur, I came here only as a matter of professional courtesy—and not to be taught my business as a physician."

"I beg of you, Dr. Charbonnet. It can do you no harm. Please do it my way even if only this once!"

The Academy physician pondered a moment, then he descended to the desk and began to write. "I will take your suggestions on one consideration—if you'll sign this," he said, handing the chemist the sheet of paper. It read:

"I hereby acknowledge that my investigation into the cause of hydrophobia has proven fruitless and of no value whatsoever."

Outraged, humiliated, tricked, Pasteur knew, nonetheless, that he was in Charbonnet's power. He seized a pen and put his name to the statement.

"Thank you, Monsieur," said the Academy doctor. "We will now proceed with your rigmorole of boiling and scrubbing. If I live another month without developing hydrophobia, I shall feel justified in publishing this note of yours in the leading journals of Europe."

Charbonnet followed Madame Marie Pasteur into the room where lay her daughter Annette. Louis Pasteur strolled slowly toward his laboratory.

A buzz and commotion sounded outside the Pasteur home. Louis looked through the window and saw a man called in queer accents. He opened the casement. Below stood Dr. Zaranoff, the Russian who had been sent by the government to look into a possible cure for hydrophobia.

About Zaranoff ranged a group of bearded, unkempt "peasants" from the steppes of the Czar's land. "They are mujiks—victims of rabid wolves," the Russian doctor explained when Pasteur descended. "Their villagers have sent them to you. You are their only hope!"

"But Zaranoff, I am not a doctor. I treat only dogs, not humans!" He halted, recalling the little boy, Joseph Meister, upstairs, and remembering, too, how day by day, infection by injection, the lad was improving. Perhaps these poor unfortunate—

"Very well, Zaranoff, I will hazard my freedom, perhaps my life, but I will try to save them. Take them to the hospital on Montparnasse—

isolate them—see that I get a full report on each case."

Laurelously, Louis Pasteur made his way back into his home, looted up the stairway to the room adjoining Annette's, fell into a chair. Physically worn, in a mental turmoil, he was about at the end of his resistance.

Indeed, he was beyond the end of it. "Louis, dear—we have a grandson!" cried Madame Pasteur as she entered the room and put her arms about him.

There was no answer. "Do you fear?" he grandson. "But Pasteur did not hear. He was unconscious. Dr. Charbonnet, listening in response to the wife's call of alarm, picked up Pasteur's limp hand, felt his pulse and temples. "He's had a stroke," said the Academician. "There's nothing we can do immediately, except put him to bed."

It was three days later before Louis Pasteur was conscious enough to talk. There was still slight paralysis of his left side, but he was able to move awkwardly. His faithful assistant Roux was the one he demanded to see, immediately.

"The Meister child, how is he? He appears to be completely cured? Oh, thank God! Thank God! And the Russian peasants—what of them, Roux?"

"The hospital refused to allow our treatment without permission from the Academy. The permission was granted this morning, but it's too late. Three of them died yesterday—horribly!"

Pasteur struggled to get out of bed. "Let me up! Must go to them! How many are left, Roux?"

"Nineteen—but it's no use—it's hopeless."

"If our efforts can save only one, it will be worth it. Help me—get me dressed! Summon Dr. Martel—all the other assistants—bring all the serum we have—we're going to the hospital!"

On the fourteenth day after Louis Pasteur had dragged himself from his bed, he was walking—slowly and with a limp, to be sure, but nevertheless walking—through the Montparnasse hospital. And he was happy. The Russians—all nineteen—were past the danger-point of rabies. They kissed his hands, called blessing upon him, as he passed their cots.

Monsieur Meister and little Joseph, now a perfectly normal, healthy child, came to say their farewells. "God will reward you, Monsieur—and we shall always pray for you. You are a man who shall ever be remembered!" the Alsatian woman told him with tear-filled eyes. And Pasteur's own eyes were not dry.

There was another visitor—one who caused Pasteur to start in amazement. "Charbonnet!" he exclaimed. "I didn't—didn't think you for delivering my beautiful grandson."

"You have been ill, Monsieur," said the Academician. "I am sorry. Perhaps this—this note—may speed your recovery." The scientist unfolded the paper Charbonnet handed him. It was the note which Pasteur had been forced to sign to save his daughter Annette—the note in which he falsely acknowledged that his hydrophobia cure was bogus.

"A bargain's a bargain, Dr. Charbonnet," said Pasteur, handing back the paper. The Academician took it and tore it to bits. He smiled rather sadly. "I did not come here, Monsieur, merely to give you that note," he said. "I have hydrophobia. I came here to take the Pasteur treatment."

At home—that afternoon, Madame Marie, with a curious air of casualness about her remarks, said: "By the way, Louis, Dr. Roux just told me that some foreign scientist is giving a lecture at the Sorbonne at 4 o'clock. He claims to have discovered your entire germ theory."

"What? Who is he? What's his name?" Pasteur was sufficiently restored to health to have regained his nerve. The Academician took it. "Order the carriage at once. I'll re-tell him whoever he is!"

Dr. Roux met the Pasteurs at the Sorbonne. "You're just in time," he said. "And they've arranged for you to have a seat on the platform."

Madame Pasteur hurriedly kissed Louis' cheek. "Have courage, dear—I'll be listening."

From within the hall there came muffled sound of applause. "For whom is that tribute?" inquired Pasteur. "Listen—Listen from London, Roux told him. 'Listen—Listen to speak against me?' Roux led him into the auditorium.

A thunderous burst of cheers greeted Louis Pasteur's appearance. The entire assemblage arose. Perhaps

never had the ancient Sorbonne seen such an ovation. President Thiers of the French Republic came forward and took the scientist's arm within his own, to lead him to the rostrum. The military band in the orchestra pit struck up a triumphant march.

In the centre of the stage Dr. Joseph Lister stood, availing the humble little scientist, "Monsieur Pasteur," he said, "I greet you in the name of all humanity." Tears filled Louis' eyes. "Lister—great Lister!" he said.

The Russian Ambassador to France, a bearded giant of a man, stepped forward with the greatest assemblage, from which depended a huge jewelled ornament.

"Monsieur, on behalf of his Imperial Majesty, the Czar of all the Russians—with his profoundest gratitude for what you have done for his subjects—I am proud to present to you the Diamond Cross of the Order of Saint Anne." He hung the ribbon about the chemist's neck.

Louis Pasteur, through misty eyes, looked over the great assemblage. Below him he saw his lovely daughter, Annette and her tall, handsome husband, Dr. Jean Martel; his beloved wife, Marie; his ever-faithful aide, Emile Roux—scores of friends—friends now, who had been enemies, persecutors, when he began his experiments with microbes and serum to kill them.

Pasteur tried to speak. "I—I have no words—to express—"

With a tremendous effort he pulled himself together. He looked upward toward the gallery, crowded with the young medical students of France.

"You young men—doctors and scientists of the future—do not let yourselves be tainted with a barren scepticism, nor discouraged by the sadness of certain hours that creep over nations."

"Do not become angry at your opponents, for no scientific theory has ever been accepted without opposition. Live in the serene peace of libraries and laboratories. . . . Say to yourselves first, 'What have I done in return for my instruction?' and as you gradually advance, 'What am I accomplishing?'"

"Say these things until the times comes when you may have the immense happiness of thinking that you have contributed in some way to the welfare and progress of mankind."

Pasteur's voice failed again. He opened his arms in an all-embracing gesture. President Thiers and Dr. Lister led him to his chair. He sat down, tears of happiness rolling down his cheeks, as the assemblage thundered: "Vive Pasteur! Vive Louis Pasteur!"

THE END.

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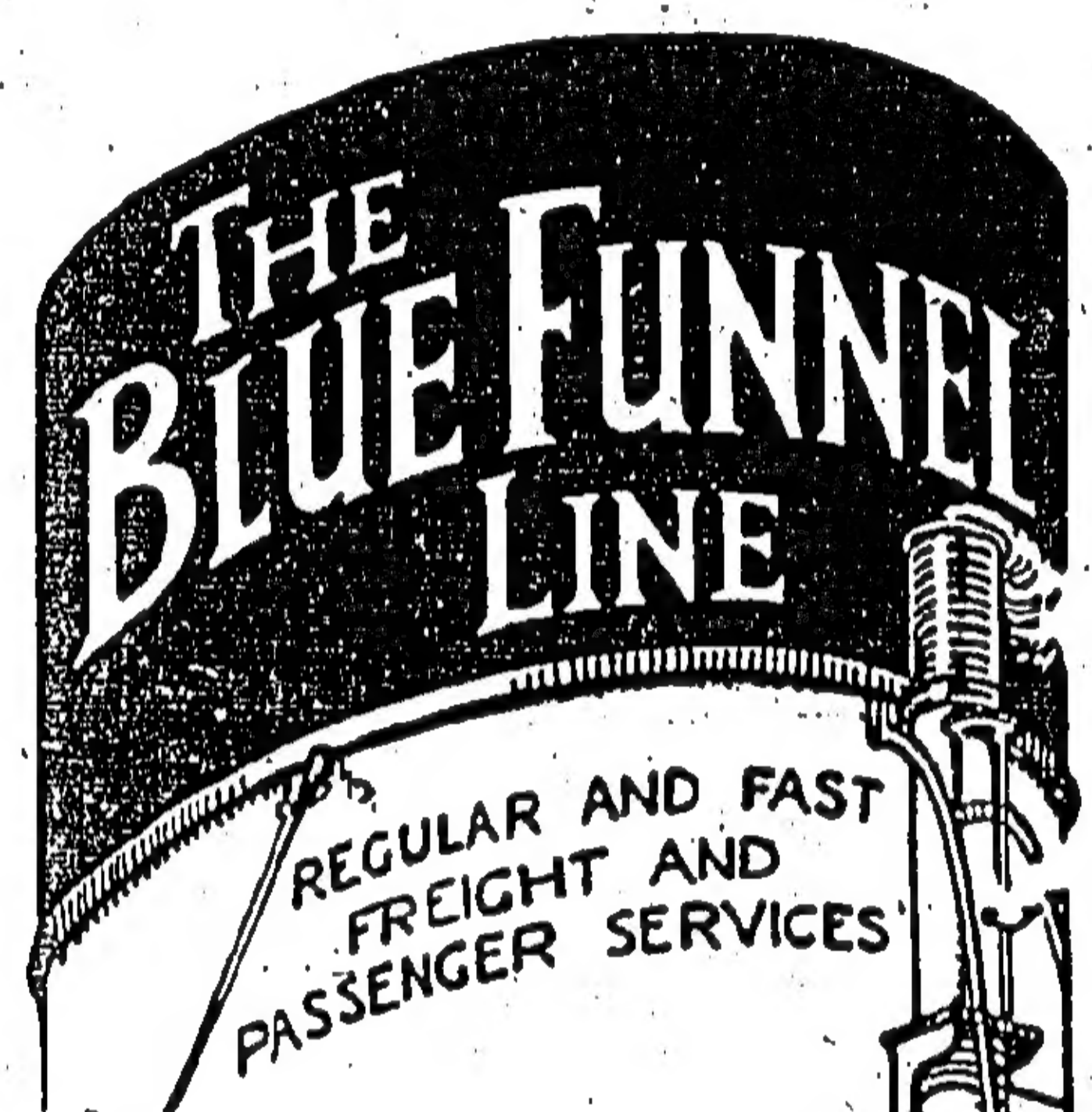
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PRISON FOR MEN WHO KEPT ARMS

THREE ACCUSED
PLEAD GUILTY
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BE ROBBERS

Sentences of two years' hard labour on each of three men who were charged at the Criminal Sessions this morning with possession of arms were passed by Mr. Justice J. J. Hayden.

The accused were Liu Loi, Ko Tam and Wong Man. The first was charged with possession of two revolvers and ten rounds of ammunition; the second with possession of one automatic pistol and six rounds of ammunition; and the third with possession of one revolver and five rounds of ammunition. They were all arrested in a house at Tai-po on May 16.

When the charges were read out to them this morning, all the accused pleaded guilty.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, prosecuted for the Crown and stated that the revolvers were loaded. The men were newcomers to Hongkong and had come from China to the Colony. Although there was no evidence, they were probably a gang of armed robbers, he said.

In passing sentence, his Lordship said that owing to the number of robberies in the Colony the least he could do was to send them to prison for two years with hard labour.

ANOTHER CASE

Also charged before Mr. Justice Hayden with possession of a revolver, Tse Man-fai was this morning sentenced to two years' hard labour. Mr. M. J. Abbott said the revolver was not loaded but submitted that it was capable of being used in a hold-up.

TWEED BAY SHED ROBBERIES

TWO MEN SENT TO
PRISON

The mat-feds of four European residents of the Colony, at Tweed Bay, Stanley, were broken into early yesterday morning, and several articles were stolen. Two men were subsequently arrested, and made their appearance before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with four counts of larceny.

The defendants Chan Yee, 30, unemployed, and Wong Chuen, 27, unemployed, were charged with the larceny of three canvas sheets, a pair of leather sandals, an iron bucket, a quantity of cutlery, two cake covers, a salt and pepper dish, a teapot and a towel, property of Mr. B. C. K. Hawkins, Chief Assistant of the S.C.A.; a kettle and two brass rowlocks, property of Mr. Lenchmouth; an iron bucket, property of Mr. W. H. Owen, of the P.W.D.; and four canvas sheets and a quantity of cutlery, property of Mr. C. G. Purvis, Divisional Superintendent of Police.

Sergeant Dall said the caretaker of the mat-feds reported the larceny, and also stated he had seen two men earlier that morning at Stanley village, walking towards the Royal Road, and met the defendants near the reservoir. He searched the baskets they were carrying, and found all the stolen property. First defendant had been employed in Stanley before.

Mr. Schofield sentenced first defendant to a total of twelve weeks' hard labour, and second defendant to eight weeks' hard labour.

LIDO SOCIAL EVENING

COLLEGE OLD BOYS
FOREGATHER

St. Stephen's College Association, 1933 Group, held a most enjoyable social evening for Old Boys of the College at the Repulse Bay Lido, this being the first time that such an event had been held at this venue. The guests of honour were the Rev. E. W. L. and Mrs. Martin, the Rev. G. K. and Mrs. Carpenter, and Mr. T. Moore.

There was a variety of attractions, including dancing, swimming, and a bridge contest. Music was provided by the Cheero band, and supper was served by the Lido management. The decorations were most effective, consisting of pot ferns, coloured lights, balloons, Lido flags, whilst there was spot light for dancing.

The prizes for spot dance were won by the Misses Tong and Tsang, while in the bridge contest the gentlemen's prize was won by the Rev. E. W. L. Martin and the ladies' by Mrs. C. H. Tam. During the evening, speeches were delivered by the Chairman, Mr. C. T. Tang, and the President, the Rev. E. W. L. Martin. The party lasted from 8 p.m. to 1 a.m.

DANGEROUS FINANCIAL POLICIES

U.S. GOLD SUNK IN
STABILISATION FUND
N.Y. BANKER'S
WARNING

New York, June 21.
Mr. Samuel Sloan Colt, the retiring President of the New York State Bankers' Association, in a speech at the Association's annual meeting, said that \$2,000,000,000 worth of gold had been withdrawn from the Federal Reserve system and placed in the stabilisation fund.

He drew attention to the theory that the placing of funds where they would not be available for credit expansion would result in reducing the excess reserves to manageable proportions.

"Part of our gold imports for the last two years—perhaps as much as \$2,000,000,000—represents foreign funds seeking investment, safe-keeping or taking advantage of the abnormal spread between spot and forward exchange," he asserted.

"From the nature of these funds," he continued, "we can see that there is a risk involved by making part of our credit structure due, presumably, against funds which are withdrawable in the course of time."

Further, he said that full economic recovery could not be effected until some definite act of monetary stabilisation removes the existing fear of further currency manipulation and fluctuations.—United Press.

ST. LOUIS HOTLY PURSUED

TIGHT RACE FOR
LEAGUE HONOURS

New York, June 21.
Benton yesterday by a grimly determined team of New York Giants, the National League leaders, St. Louis Cardinals, suffered the same fate to-day when Jackson and J. Moore pounded out home runs to turn eight hits into six counts at the plate, and victory.

St. Louis hit ten times, and J. Martin hit a homer, but they could only show a four run total at the finish.

These two defeats for the leaders make the League race more interesting. Chicago did not improve its position, splitting a double-header with Brooklyn. The Cubs took the first seven to two and lost the second, four to six, though Grimm hit a homer for Brooklyn twice, one a homer by Watkins, and each had an error.

There were six home runs in the Pittsburgh-Philadelphia battle, which the Pirates won by seven to six, thus maintaining the pace the Cubs are setting and their hold on third place in the League.

Suhr hit the Pirates' first home run and then Vaughan hit two more. Sukil hit one for the Phillies and Camilli got two. Pirates hit nine times altogether and the Phillies seven, but the losers had two errors.

Boston beat Cincinnati, three to two, when Berger hit a homer. Braves had six and Reds seven hits, and the winners had no errors.

BROWNS BLANKED
Ferrell blanked the St. Louis Browns in the opener of an American League double-header, the Boston Red Sox scoring three runs on ten hits. St. Louis could get only two men to first base. Both teams fielded without a fault until the Red Sox stumbled into one error.

St. Louis turned the tables in the night-cap, hitting thirteen, including Bell's home run, and scoring six times. Boston's six hits counted three runs. St. Louis had two errors.

Philadelphia scored freely against Chicago, winning by eleven runs, on fifteen hits, to five, on six hits. White Sox had four errors, and the Athletics three.

Cleveland beat Washington eight to three. The Indians hit thirteen against nine, and the Senators fumbled on two plays.—Reuter.

BANISHEE GOES TO PRISON.

SEVEN PREVIOUS
CONVICTIONS

With seven previous convictions against him, the last four being for returning from banishment, Kwok Ping was sentenced to three years with hard labour by Mr. Justice J. J. Hayden at the Criminal Sessions this morning.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, prosecuted. The following jury was empanelled: Messrs. A. G. Pile (foreman), E. S. Cuthbert, N. Stehr, H. A. Noronha, Au Chung-yiu, Frank Ng and C. E. Tavares. Mr. Abbott said the accused was arrested on May 9 last for returning from banishment, having been sent away by virtue of an order dated January 16, 1936.

After hearing the evidence for the prosecution, the jury returned an unanimous verdict of "guilty."

AMERICAN TAX BILL PREPARED

ROOSEVELT'S NEW
SCHEME EMBODIED
CORPORATIONS'
BURDEN

London, June 21.
The new Tax Bill, in its final form, retains the features originally suggested by President F. D. Roosevelt and embodies the principle of the graduated tax on undistributed corporate earnings. It now awaits Presidential approval.

It includes a tax of from eight to fifteen per cent. on all corporate income, with a super-tax of from seven to twenty-seven per cent. on undistributed income.

Special provision is made for small corporations, by allowing the seven per cent. tax on undistributed income to apply to the first ten per cent. of first \$5,000 of undistributed earnings, whichever is greater.

Corporate dividends in the hands of stockholders will be subject to the normal four per cent. income tax.

The Bill retains the existing excess profits and capital stock taxes, but the rate of the latter is reduced from \$1.40 to \$1 per thousand dollars of stock.—Reuter.

MENACE TO THE PUBLIC

BANISHEE TO SERVE
THREE YEARS

Described as a menace to the public and to have had 17 previous convictions, dating back to 1922, Lam Choi was sentenced to three years' hard labour by Mr. Justice J. J. Hayden in the Criminal Sessions this morning when he pleaded guilty to a charge of returning from banishment.

The accused was last banished on August 26, 1935 for a period of ten years, and was arrested on May 5 this year.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, who prosecuted, said that the police regarded the prisoner as a menace to the public in view of his record and because of the fact that he had been convicted no fewer than six times for the same offence.

Pleading guilty to a similar charge, Ho Po was sentenced to two years' hard labour. He was last banished on February 2, 1936 for a period of ten years and was arrested on May 5.

Passing sentence, Mr. Justice Hayden said he was dealing with the accused leniently because he considered the offence which led to his banishment was not a very serious one. The accused had been convicted five times.

PRISONER DIES IN GAOL.

CHRONIC OPIUM
ADDICT

Sitting as Coroner at the Central Magistracy this morning, Mr. J. H. B. Lee conducted an inquest into the death of a male prisoner, Tsoi Ng, 28 years, who died in Victoria Gaol Hospital at 2.15 yesterday morning. The jury comprised Mr. F. G. Herdridge (foreman), Mr. J. L. Alves and Mr. Yuen Kam-fan.

Chief Warder H. Barrett deposed that the prisoner, No. 7012, was admitted on June 10 last to undergo 42 days' hard labour in default of payment of a fine of \$50. On June 19 he was admitted to hospital.

Dr. G. Ingram Shaw testified that he first saw the prisoner on June 11 and he was put down as a chronic opium addict suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis and condition very poor. On June 13 he was admitted to hospital for three days. On June 19 he was re-admitted with a haemorrhage in the stomach.

The cause of death was pulmonary tuberculosis, and, secondarily, chronic opium poisoning and a tumor at the head of the pancreas, which Dr. Shaw thought gave rise to the haemorrhage.

INCREASED PENSIONS

WASHINGTON, June 20.

The Senate to-day passed and sent to President Roosevelt a bill providing for an increase in the pensions of 15,000 veterans.

This increase, which is for veterans on the regular establishment, and who were cut heavily by economy measures, is estimated to entail an additional cost of \$1,942,000 annually.—United Press.

Information has been received of the admission of Mr. Neill Garland, n.s.c., d.r.c., A.M.S.A., of the Government Marine Surveyor's Office as an Associate of the Royal Technical College, Glasgow. The award of this post graduate Association is in recognition of research work in Naval Architecture undertaken in the United Kingdom last year, and is the first occasion on which an A.R.T.C. has been awarded by the College for research in Naval Architecture.

QUELLO

SHOWING TO-DAY at 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30.

The darling of Hollywood and the idol of the women's clubs try to find romance away from the spotlight!

Margaret Sullivan
The Moon's Our Home
Henry Fonda • Charles Butterworth
Evelyn Brent • Marjorie Main • Walter Brennan
Directed by William A. Axtell • A Paramount Picture
A Warner Bros. Production

NEXT CHANGE

CLARENCE E. MULFORDS Hopalong Cassidy
Watch Out! You Rustlers! Here Comes Cassidy!
The Eagle's Brood
WILLIAM BOYD
JIMMY ELLISON

ORIENTAL THEATRE

NO MATTER WHAT YOU PAY
YOU WON'T SEE ANY BETTER PICTURES
ANYWHERE IN TOWN!

2 MORE DAYS TO-DAY • TO-MORROW
2 OF THE SCREEN'S FUNNIEST COMICS!
NOW THEY'RE VAGABOND GYPSY LOVERS!

If anyone can gyp the gypsies they're the boys that can do it!
There's music and song—and exciting story—but fun comes first and it continues to the very finish.

THE GREATEST OF THEIR LAUGH RIOTS!

Remember them as the low-life highlanders in "Bonny Scotland"? They're even funnier now as a couple of vagabond gypsies... In a full-length screamie that has grand music and excitement as well!

Stan Laurel Oliver Hardy
The BOHEMIAN GIRL

A Hal Roach Production
with Antonio Moreno
Jacqueline Wells

FOR WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY.
FRANCHOT TONE "GENTLEMEN ARE BORN"
JEAN MUIR
A mighty fine farce comedy full of laughter.

FOR FRIDAY & SATURDAY.
COMEDY RADIO SHOW
"MILLIONS IN THE AIR"
with Wendy Barrie, Willie Howard, Benny Baker, 100 others.

NEXT SUNDAY—MONDAY—TUESDAY.
GREAT SCREEN SPECTACLE
"CAPTAIN BLOOD"
Glorious rascals who fought like mad demons.

MATINEES: 20c-30c. EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c.

TO-DAY ONLY MAJESTIC

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

They Called Her a Flash in the Night!

HARLOW
"RIFF RAFF"
Spencer TRACY
UNA MERKEL
JOSEPH CALLEIA

but she knew what she wanted... bright lights, another world, a decent life of ladies and gentlemen!

Harlow never so glamorous... "China Doll" steps out in her big hit "China Seas" with a new THRILL ROMANCE for your delight!

TO-MORROW—WINI SHAW in "BROADWAY HOSTESS"

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